

able (ஏபல்) (**adj.**) having the capacity to do; capable; clever, திறமையுடைய.

•Will you be **able** to come with me?

abnormal (அப்நார்)மல்) (adj.) not normal, இயல்பு கடந்த.

◆The old man suffers from **abnormal** hunger.

abolish (அபாக்டி) (v.) put an end to, ஒழித்துக் கட்டு.

•Abhraham Lincoln **abolished** slavery in the United States in 1865.

about (அபௌட்) (**prep. & adv.**) somewhere near; concerned with, சுற்றிலும்; பற்றி.

•He was talking **about** himself.

above (அபவ்) (**prep. & adv.**) at a higher point, உயரத்தில்.

•The huge balloon rose **above** the clouds.

abroad (அப்ராட்) (adv.) in or to another country, வெளிநாட்டில்.

•Being **abroad** for five years has made my brother homesick.

absence (அப்சென்ஸ்) (n.) being away, இன்மை; வராமை.

•In the **absence** of his friend, he was very lonely.

absolute (அப்சல்யூட்) (adj.) complete, முழுமையான.

•A child usually has **absolute** trust in its mother.

academy (அகடமி) (n.) school for higher learning, உயர் கல்விச்சாலை.

•My brother is studying at the music **academy** in Thiruvananthapuram.

accelerate (ஆக்சிலரெய்ட்) (v.) increase the speed, வேகத்தை அதிகரி.

• When they reached the highway, they accelerated the speed of the vehicle.

accept (அக்செப்ட்) (v.) receive, ஏற்றுக் கொள்.

•She accepted his invitation for the birthday party.

accord (அக்கார்டு) (v.) agree, ஒற்றுப்போ.

◆My heart **accords** to you.

account (அகௌன்ட்) (v.) consider, கணக்கிலைடு.

•Who will **account** for the loss?

achieve (அட்)ச்சீவ்) (v.) perform; accomplish, செய்துமுடி.

•They have **achieved** their goal by collecting fifty thousand rupees.

acknowledge (அக்நாட்ஜ்) (v.) agree or admit the truth, சம்மதி.

•He **acknowledged** his own faults.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
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act (ஆக்ட்) (v.) do; perform something, செய்; செயல்படு.

◆The man's life was saved because the doctors **acted** promptly.

active (ஆக்டிவ்) (adj.) busy, செயல்படுகின்ற.

•This boy takes an **active** part in school affairs.

address (அட்ரஸ்) (v.) say something in speech or writing, எழுத்தால் அல்லது சொல்லால் கருத்தை வெளிப்படுத்து.

•The chairman **addresses** the board meeting.

adjust (அட்ஜஸ்ட்) (v.) arrange, ஒழுங்கு செய்.

◆The body **adjusts** itself to the changes of temperature.

administer (அட்மினிஸ்டர்) (v.) manage; apply, நீர்வக்; பிரயோக்.

•He did not **administer** properly.

admire (அட்மைய(ர்)) (v.) view with approval, மத்; புகழ்.

•Everyone **admired** his courage.

admit (அட்மிட்) (v.) allow to enter, செல்ல அனுமதி.

◆The servant opened the door and **admitted** him into the house.

adult (அடல்ட்) (adj.) grownup; mature, வயது நீரம்பிய.

Only if you are an **adult**, you can vote.

advance (அட்வான்ஸ்) (v.) go forward, முன்னேறு.

•The troops under the general **advanced**.

advantage (அட்வான்டிஜ்) (n.) something useful or helpful, லாபம்; நன்மை; அனுகூலம்.

•Being able to speak English is an **advantage** in India.

adventure (அட்வென்(ட்)ச(ர்)) (n.) an exciting or dangerous journey or activity, துணிகரச் செயல்.

•Have you read the **adventures** of Marco Polo?

advertise (அட்வ(ர்)டைஸ்) (v.) make known to people, விளம்பரப்படுத்து.

• If a factory wants to sell its products, it should advertise.

advice (அட்வைஸ்) (n.) counsel, அறிவுரை.

•I would like you to give me some **advice**.

advocate (அட்வகெய்ட்) (v.) support; speak in favour of, ஆதரித்து வாதாடு; நியாயம் கூறு.

◆The committee is **advocating** for pay revision.

affect (அஃபெக்ட்) (v.) have an effect on, பாதிக்கப்படு.

•The change of weather **affected** the sick man's health.

afraid (அஃப்ரெய்ட்) (adj.) feeling of fear, பயமுள்ள.

•I'm **afraid** of lightning.

after (ஆஃப்ட(ர்)) (**prep.**) following in time or order, பின்னால்.

•Are you free **after** lunch?

afternoon (ஆஃப்டர்நூன்) (**n.**) the part of the day between noon and evening, பிற்பகல்.

•He came here in the **afternoon** for lunch.

again (அகெய்ன்) (adv.) a second time; once more, மறுபடியும்; மேலும்.

◆If you fail once, try **again**.

against (அகெய்ன்ஸ்ட்) (prep.) in opposition to, எதிராக; எதிர்நோக்கி.

•His opinion was **against** the workers' demands.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
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alive (அலைவ்) (adj.) living; active, உயிருள்ள; சுறுசுறுப்பான.

•His father was **alive** when he got married.

allow (அலெள) (v.) let; permit, இடங்கொடு; அனுமதி.

•Littering is not **allowed** here.

alone (அலௌன்) (adj. & adv.) without company, தனியாக.

•I went to the shop alone.

along (ஆலாங்) (**prep. & adv.**) from one end to the other, நெடுக; நீளவாட்டத்தில்.

•We walked **along** the beach.

already (ஆல்ரெடி) (**adv.**) before the present time, ஏற்கனவே.

•When I called Robin, he had **already** started.

alternate (ஆல்டர்னெய்ட்) (v.) arrange by turns. ஒன்றுவிட்டு ஒன்றாக மாற்றி அமை; மாறிமாறித் தொடர்ந்து வா.

◆I have dance classes every **alternate** day.

although (ஆல்தௌ) (conj.) though; even if, அப்படி ஆனாலும்; எனினும்.

◆Hari ran fast **although** he was not well.

altitude (ஆல்டிட்யூட்) (n.) height above sea level, கடல் மட்டத்தி குந்துள்ள உயரம்.

◆The aeroplane was flying at an **altitude** of 6,000 metres.

altogether (ஆல்டுகெத(ர்)) (adv.) on the whole; in total, முற்றிலும்; எல்லா வகையிலும்.

•He was not **altogether** happy about the party.

always (ஆல்வெய்ஸ்) (**adv.**) at all times; repeatedly, எப்போதும்; தொடர்ந்து.

◆Do you come here always?

ambition (அம்பிஷன்) (n.) strong desire, அதிக ஆசை; மேன்மையடைய ஆவல்.

•A man who is filled with **ambition** usually works hard.

among (அமக்) (prep.) a part of, இடையே.

•He became popular **among** the public.

anger (ஆங்கர்) (n.) wrath; violent, கோபம்; ஆத்தீரம்.

•No one was able to control his **anger**.

anniversary (அனிவெர்)சரி (n.) yearly celebration of a date of an event, ஆண்டுவிழா.

• The couple celebrated their wedding **anniversary** in Switzerland.

announce (அனவ்ன்ஸ்) (v.) make known, தெரிவி; அறிவிப்பளி.

•The Principal has **announced** that the school will reopen by 5th June.

annual (ஆன்யுஅல்) (adj.) happening every year, ஆண்டு தோறும் நிகழ்கின்ற.

◆Tomorrow, we have our **annual** audit.

another (அனத(ர்)) (pron. & adj.) an additional, வேறொரு; இன்னொன்று.

•May I have **another** cup of coffee?

answer (ஆன்ச(ர்)) (v.) to reply (to open a door, to pick up a telephone, etc.) in response to a question, பதில்சொல்.

◆They have to **answer** the public.

anyhow (எனிஹவ்) in any case, எதுவானாலும்; எப்படியானாலும்.

•Tomorrow is a holiday, **anyhow** verify with the officials.

anywhere (என்வேர்) in any place, எங்காவது.

◆You can be seated **anywhere** in the hall.

anyway (எனிவே) in any manner, எப்படி யானாலும்.

•Getting a ticket will be difficult, but I want to try it **anyway**.

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apologize (அபாலஜைஸ்) (v.) express regret for a fault, மன்னிப்புக்கோர்; வருத்தத்துடன் குற்றத்தை ஒப்புக்கொள்.

•Please do **apologize** if you think you have done the mistake.

appeal (அபீல்) (v.) request earnestly, வேண்டிக் கொள்.

•The Tsunami affected regions **appealed** for aid.

appear (அபிய(ர்)) (v.) come into view, கண்ணெதிரில் தோன்று.

◆Dark clouds **appeared** on the sky.

apply (அப்லை) (v.) make a formal request for something, விண்ணப்பி.

◆Today is the last day for me to **apply**.

appoint (அபாய்ன்ட்) (**v**_•) designate to an office, நியமனம் செய்.

•He was **appointed** as a project manager.

appreciate (அப்ரிஷிஎய்ட்) (v.) judge rightly the value to understand and enjoy, மதிப்பை சரியாக உணர்ந்துகொள்.

◆You cannot **appreciate** his work unless you know how he did it.

approach (அப்ரெளச்) (v.) come nearer to, கிட்ட நெருங்கு.

•As you **approach** the park, you can see the shop on your left.

attack (அடாக்) (v.) attempt to hurt, தாக்கு.

◆The hen **attack** the mongoose.

attempt (அடெம்ப்ட்) (v.) try to achieve; make an effort, முயற்சி செய்.

•He **attempted** thrice to get through.

attend (அடென்ட்) (v.) give care and thought; be present, முயற்சி செய்; ஒரிடத்தில் இரு.

•We are expected to **attend** the function.

attention (அடென்ஷன்) (n.) care; concentration, அக்கறை, கவனம்.

◆You must give your full **attention** to your studies.

attitude (ஆடிட்யூட்) (n.) way of feeling, மனநிலை.

•His **attitude** to work hard made him reach the number one position.

attract (அட்ராக்ட்) (v.) pull towards; arouse pleasure in, தன்னிடம் இழுத்துக் கொள்.

•He could **attract** the mass in no time.

authority (அதாரிடி) (**n.**) power of right to give orders and make others obey, அதிகாரம்.

•We don't have the **authority** to execute.

automatic (ஆடமடிக்) (adj.) acting by itself; self moving, தானாக இயங்குகின்ற.

•He was demonstrating an **automatic** washing machine.

avail (அவெய்ல்) (**v.**) make use of; be useful to, பயன்பெறு.

•You must **avail** yourself of this opportunity to go overseas.

average (ஆவரேஜ்) (n.) middle estimate, சாதாரண அளவு; சராசரி.

•On an **average**, there are 20 boys present every day.

awake (அவெய்க்) (v.) rouse from sleep or inaction, தூக்கத்திருந்து எழுதல்.

•He was **awaken** from deep sleep.

aware (அவெய்அ(ர்)) (adj.) having knowledge; conscious; familiar, தெரிந்துள்ள; பரிட்சயமான.

◆They were fully **aware** of the gravity of the situation.

away (அவெய்) (adv.) to or at a distance, தூரத்தில்.

◆They live five kilometres **away** from here.

axe (ஆக்ஸ்) (n.) a tool for chopping, கோடரி.

◆This **axe** is very sharp.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
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bag (பாக்) (n.) sack; pouch, கோணி; பை. •He is carrying his books in a bag.

balance (பாலன்ஸ்) (n.) a device for weighing,

•Please weigh that packet on the **balance**.

band (பான்ட்) (n.) a strip of material to put round something, கட்டு.

•Keep these papers together with a rubber **band**.

bang (பாங்) (n.) a sharp or heavy blow, பலத்த அடி.
◆She received a heavy bang on her head when she fell down from the steps.

bank (பாங்க்) (n.) ground near a river, ஆற்றின் இரு பக்கங்களிலும் உள்ள கரை.

•His house is on the **bank** of the river Cauvery.

banner (பான(ர்)) (n.) flag, கொடி.

• The **banners** of many countries fly outside the convention centre.

banquet (பாங்க்(உ)இட்) (n.) feast for a special occasion, பெரியவிருந்து.

◆A **banquet** was arranged in honour of the musician.

bar (பா (ர்)) (n.) a long piece of wood or rod, கம்பீ; ஆழி.

•The tiger rattled the **bars** of his cage.

base (பெய்ஸ்) (n.) the lowest part of anything, அடிப்பாகம்; அடிமட்டம்.

◆The candle stands on a square base.

basic (பெய்ஸ்க்) (adj.) something which is very plain and simple, அடிப்படையான.

◆The **basic** need of life is water.

basket (பாஸ்கிட்) (n.) a container made of cane or plastic, கூடை.

• We have a waste paper **basket** in our reading room.



baby (பெய்பி) (n.) very young child, குழந்தை. ◆She has a baby.

back (பாக்) (n.) part of the body which extends from the neck to the end of spine, முதுகு; பின்புறம்.
•If you lie on your back, you can look up at the sky.

background (பாக்ரௌன்ட்) (n.) back part of a scene, பின்புறக்காட்சி.

•I drew a house with hills in the **background**.

backward (பாக்வெர்)ட்) (**adv.**) directed towards the back, பின்நோக்கி.

• He looked **backwards** over the shoulder.

bad (பாட்) (adj.) wicked; unpleasant, கெட்ட; கெட்டுப் போன.

•Too much of candy is **bad** for your teeth.

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batch (பா (ட்)ச்) (**n.**) a number of persons or things as a group, கூட்டம்; சங்கம்.

•The officers were divided into three **batches**.

bathe (பெய்த்) (v.) apply water to; wash with water, குளி.

•She bathed her pet dog.

battery (பாட்டரி) (n.) combination of electric cells from which current flows, மின்கலம்.

◆This **battery** is not working.

battle (பாட்ல்) (n.) fight; struggle, போர்; போராட்டம்.

•The Kalinga **battle** lasted for many days.

bear (பெய்அ (ர்)) (**v.**) carry; support, தாங்கு; தூக்கு.

◆These pillars **bear** the weight of the roof.

beauty (ப்யூட்டி) (**adj.**) giving pleasure to the eye or ear, அழகான.

◆Paris is a city of great **beauty.**

because (பிகாஸ்) (conj.) since, ஏனெனில்.

•I am carrying an umbrella **because** it's very hot outside.

become (பிகம்) (v.) be suited; come or grow to be, ஆகு.

•He wanted to **become** an engineer.

before (பிஃபௌ(ர்)) (prep.) earlier than; in front of, முன்னதாக; முன்னில்.

•He was standing just **before** her.

begin (பிகின்) (v.) start; set about, தொடங்கு.

•Our vacation **begins** in the April month.

behave (பிஹெய்வ்) (v.) act; conduct oneself, நடந்துகொள்.

◆To **behave** as your parents wish is always good.

behind (பிஹைண்ட்) (adv.) in the rear, பின்னில்; பின்னாலே.

•Kindly take the newspaper from the stand just **behind** you.

believe (பிலீவ்) (v.) feel sure of the truth of, நம்பு.
• Believe in yourself.

belong (பிலாங்) (v.) be the property of, உரியதாயிரு.

•These computers **belong** to my partner.

bench (பென்ச்) (n.) long seat of wood or stone; work table, நீளமான இருக்கை; பீடம்; வேலை செய்யும் மேஜை.

•They were sitting on the **bench** for a long time.

beneath (பினீத்) (**prep.**) below; underneath, கீழே; அடியில்.

•The treasure was buried **beneath** the tree.

benefit (பெனிஃபிட்) (v.) do good to, நன்மை செய்.

•Health insurance will be of **benefit** to you.

beside (பிசைட்) (prep.) by the side of; close to, அருகில்; பக்கத்தில்.

◆Can I sit **beside** you.

best (பெஸ்ட்) (**adj.**) of the most excellent quality, மிக்க நல்ல.

•This school has given **best** athletes to the State.

better (பெட்டர்) improve, மேன்மையடையச் செய்; விருத்தியடையச் செய்.

◆This butter tastes **better.**

between (பிட்வீன்) (prep.) in the middle of, இடையில்.

•Between the pages of this book there was an old-fashioned pen.

beware (பிவெய்அ(ர்)) (v.) to be cautious; ஜாக்கிரதையாயிரு.

• We were told to **beware** of the dog.

beyond (பியான்ட்) (prep.) further side; further on, அப்பால்.

◆Beyond the river, is our farm house.

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birth (பெர்)த்) (n.) the act of coming into life; பிறப்பு.

◆The child's **birth** occurred at 4 a.m.

biscuit (பிஸ்கட்) (n.) a small flat cake usually hard and dry which can be eaten; ஒரு வகை மாவுப்பண்டம்.

◆There is a big **biscuit** factory in our town.

bitter (பிட(ர்)) (adj.) tasting acid, கசப்புள்ள

◆The medicine was very **bitter**.

blame (ப்லெய்ம்) (v) find fault with; charge with, குற்றப்படுத்து.

◆Don't **blame** him for your faults.

blank (ப்லாங்க்) (**adj.**) with nothing writtern, காபான.

•Take a **blank** sheet of paper and write your name on the top.

bless (ப்லெஸ்) (v.) ask god's favour for, ஆசீர்வதி. ◆The kids were blessed by their grand parents on the Pongal day.

blind (ப்லைன்ட்) (**adj.**) not being able to see, பார்வையற்ற.

•Ram helped the **blind** man to cross the road.

blink (ப்பிக்க்) (v.) close and open the eye fast, கண் சிமிட்டு; முழி.

•The strong light made him blink.

bliss (ப்பும்) (n.) perfect happiness; great joy, பேரானந்தம்.

•He was in pure **bliss** when he met his Guru.

block (ப்லாக்) (n.) large, solid piece of wood, கட்டை; மரத்துண்டு.

•Bharath used a wooden block to cut the fruits.

blood (ப்லட்) (n.) a red fluid flowing through the veins of man and animals, இரத்தம்.

*Shilpa's saree is **blood** red in colour.

bloom (ப்லூம்) (**v.**) flower; being in flower, மலர், புஷ்பம்.

•Next month, all these plants will **bloom.**

blow (ப்லோ) (v.) breath out loud, நெடு மூச்சு வீடு; ஊது.

•The doctor asked the patient to **blow.**

blunt (ப்லன்ட்) (**adj.**) without a point of sharp edge, மழங்கிய.

•They couldn't cut the vegetable with that **blunt** knife.

board (பௌ(ர்)ட்) (n.) flat piece of wood, பலகை; அகன்ற கட்டையான பலகை.

•A white **board** was fixed in the office room.

border (பார்)டர்) (n.) edge, கரை.

They showed us sarees with beautiful **borders**.

borrow (பாரௌ) (v.) get something on the understanding that it will be returned, கடன் வாங்கு.

*Shyam borrowed Ramya's car.

bother (பாத(ர்)) (v.) be or cause trouble, தொந்தரவு செய்; துன்புறுத்து.

•Don't **bother** me with foolish questions.

bottom (பாட்டம்) (**n.**) deepest part; lowest part of anything, அடித்தட்டு.

•The treasure was at the **bottom** of the pyramid.

bounce (பௌன்ஸ்) (v.) rebound, சென்று தட்டித் திரும்ப வா.

◆The ball **bounced** back.

bow (ดินสา) (n.) a weapon for shooting arrows, อริจั.

•In olden times, **bows** and arrows were used in wars.

brain (ப்ரெய்ன்) (**n.**) the nervous matter in the skull, மூளை.

◆This computer game stimulates children's brain.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

brake (ப்ரெய்க்) (n.) device for checking motion, வேகத்தை தடை செய்யும் கருவி.

•Seeing the child, the driver hit the **brake**.

branch (ப்ரான்ச்) (n.) a part of a tree, கீளை; மரக்கீளை.

◆The **branches** of that huge banyan tree gave shade to the villagers.

brand (ப்ரான்ட்) (n.) trademark, வியாபார முத்திரை.

◆This is a very popular **brand** in India.

brave (ப்ரெய்வ்) (adj.) having no fear; bold, தைரியமுள்ள.

◆Chatrapathy Shivaji was a **brave** warrior.

break (ப்ரெய்க்) (v.) crack; burst; destroy, உடை; உடையச் செய்; குகர்.

•He **broke** the record and won the race.

breathe (ப்ரீத்) (v.) take air into the lungs and send it out again, முச்சுவிடு.

•He was **breathing** hard, as he reached the school.

bribe (ப்ரைப்) (v.) offer something for undue favour, இலஞ்சம் வாங்கு அல்லது கொடு.

•The traffic offender tried to **bribe** the police man.

brief (ப்ரீஃப்) (adj.) lasting only for a short time, குறைந்த கால அளவுள்ள.

•Ravi made a **brief** speech.

bright (ப்ரைட்) (**adj.**) shining clear; full of light, தெளிந்த; பிரகாசமான.

◆The **bright** light hurts my eyes.

brilliant (ப்ரில்யண்ட்) (adj.) very bright, புத்திசாலித்தனமான.

•Kavi is a **brilliant** student.

bring (ப்ரிங்) (v.) cause to come, கொண்டு வா.

•The sentimental story **brought** tears to her eyes.

broad (ப்ராட்) (adj. & adv.) wide; large, அகலமான.

•The hall is hundred feet long and thirty feet **broad**.

broadcast (ப்ராட்காஸ்ட்) (n.) transmission of radio, television, etc., வானொட்டிதாலைக் காட்சி முதப்பவற்றின் ஒளி/ ஒப்ரப்பு.

The news **broadcast** gave the latest score of the match.

browse (ப்ரௌஸ்) (v.) surf the internet, இணையதளத்தில் தேடு.

•He is **browsing** for information.

budget (பட்ஜட்) (n.) a plan showing income and expenditure of a family, government etc., வரவு செலவுத் தீட்டம்.

◆My father helped me to work out a **budget.**

build (பில்ட்) (v.) erect; construct, கட்டு.

◆The school is **building** a new library.

burst (ப(ர்)ஸ்ட்) (v.) break out, வெடித்துச் சிதறு.

◆The car tyre **bursted**.

business (பிஸ்நீஸ்) (n.) trade occupation, வியாயாம்.

•I have a **business** in Delhi.

busy (பிசி) (adj.) engaged, எப்போதும் வேலையுள்ள.

◆This doctor is always **busy**.

buy (பை) (v.) get in return for money, வாங்கு.

•Here is some money to **buy** bread and milk.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.	
Cable - நங்கூரம் கப்பலுடன் ஒரு பலத்த	
கயிறால் இணைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது.	

camp (காம்ப்) (n.) place where people live in tents or huts for a time, தற்காலிக தங்குமிடம்.

◆The travellers set up a **camp** for the night.

can (கான்) (n.) metal container for liquids, தகரப்பாத்திரம்.

◆I bought a can of oil.

cancel (கான்செல்) (v.) call off, ரத்து செய்.

◆Please **cancel** my reservation.

candidate (கான்டிடெய்ட்) (n.) nominee to an office, வேட்பாளர்.

•My brother was a **candidate** in the recent election.

canvass (கான்வாஸ்) (**n.**) to go the person asking for votes, subscriptions, etc., பிரசாரம் செய்தல்.

◆ The politician **canvassed** for three months.

capable (கெய்பப்ல்) (adj.) gifted; able, திறமையுள்ள.

•Napoleon was one of the most **capable** generals.

capacity (கபாசிடி) (**n.**) ability to hold or contain, கொள்ளவு.

◆The theatre was filled to capacity.

captain (காப்டன்) (**n.**) leader or chief commander, படைத்தலைவன்.

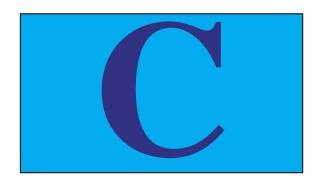
•He has been a **captain** for 10 years.

captivate (காப்டிவெய்ட்) **(v.)** to charm and delight, வசீகரி.

◆The actor's talent and good looks **captivated** the audience.

capture (காப்(ட்)சர்) (**v.**) make a prisoner of, கைது செய்.

◆The police **captured** the criminal.



cable (கெய்ப்ல்) (n.) strong rope for tying up ships, கப்பல் முதப்பவற்றைக் கட்டும் பலமான கயிறு.

◆An anchor is attached to a ship by a heavy **cable.**

cage (கெய்ஜ்) (n.) a place of confinement for birds or animals, பறவைக்கூடு.

◆The little boy bought a **cage** for his parrot.

calculate (கால்குலெய்ட்) (**v.**) find out by working with numbers, கணக்கிடு.

◆They **calculated** the average score.

call (கால்) (v.) speak or shout to attract attention, அழை.

•Please stand up when the teacher **calls** your name.

calm (காம்) (adj.) quiet; not excited, சாந்தமான.

◆Varun was very **calm** all through the day.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

care (கெய(ர்)) (v.) serious thought, அக்கறை.

•He doesn't **care** what others say.

careful (கேர்:பூல்) (adj.) full of care, கவனமுள்ள.

•He studied the book carefully.

career (கரிய(ர்)) **(n.)** development or progress through life, வாழ்வின் வளர்ச்சி.

•Mother Theresa made service her life's career.

carry (காரி) (**v.**) to take from one place to another, சுமந்து செல்.

•There are special trains that **carry** goods.

casual (காஸ்யுஅல்) (**adj.**) happening by chance, தற்செயலான.

◆The two friends had a **casual** meeting.

casualty (காஷ்யு ஆடி) (n.) disaster; a misfortune, விபத்து, விபத்தில் மரணமடைந்தவர்.

•The earthquake caused many **casualties**.

catalogue (காட்லாக்) (**n.**) list in a special order, பட்டியல்.

◆May I borrow your catalogue?

catch (காட்ச்) (v.) get hold of a moving object,

•We must go fast as we have to **catch** a train.

category (காடிகரி) **(n.)** division or class, வகை; இனம்.

◆There are specialists for each **category** of diseases.

cater (காட(ர்)) (v.) provide food; entertainment etc., உணவு; வினோதம்.

•The club **caters** for the beginners.

cattle (காட்ல்) (n.& pl.) oxen, கால் நடை.

•The **cattle** were allowed to graze in this field.

cause (காஸ்) (**n.**) that which makes something happen, காரணம்.

• Misunderstanding was the **cause** of their argument.

caution (காஷன்) (n.) carefulness; warning, ஜாக்கிரதை; எச்சரிக்கை.

•You must cross the road with **caution**.

cave (கெய்வ்) (**n.**) hollow place in the side of a cliff or hill, குகை.

Primitive men lived in caves.

cavity (காவிடி) (**n.**) empty space within a solid body, காயான இடம்.

•Water was leaking through the **cavity** in the ceiling.

ceiling (f lis) (n.) overhead lining of a room,

◆The **ceiling** is too high for me to touch.

celebrate (செய்ரெய்ட்) (v.) rejoice, கொண்டாடு. •I am celebrating my birthday today.

cellular (செல்லுலார்) (adj.) consisting of cells; having many holes, சிறு அறைகள் உள்ள; துளைகள்.

•Use a microscope to study the **cellular** tissue.

cement (சிமெண்ட்) (**n.**) a fine grey powder made from limestone and clay used for construction, ஒரு வகை இணைக்கும் காரை.

•Water, sand and aggregate are added to **cement** to make concrete.

census (சென்சஸ்) (**n.**) official enumeration of total population, மக்கள் தொகைக் கணக்கெடுப்பு.

•In our country, **census** is taken every ten years.

centenary (சென்டினர்) (n.)100th anniversary, நூறாம் ஆண்டு விழா.

•Tagore's birth **centenary** was celebrated all over India.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

centre (சென்ட(ர்)) (n.) middle point, நடுவீல்; முக்கிய இடம்.

◆The ball was placed in the **centre** of the play ground.

central (சென்ட்ரல்) (adj.) main, முக்கிய.

•The book's **central** character is an artist.

century (சென்(ட்)சுஅரி) (**n.**) hundred years, நூற்றாண்டு காலம்.

◆How would it be like a **century** from now?

cereal (சியரியல்) (n.) food grain, தானிய உணவு வகை.

•Rice and wheat are cereals.

ceremony (செரிமனி) (**n.**) special acts or religious service on an occassion such as wedding, சடங்கு.

•The bridal couple were blessed by every one during the wedding **ceremony**.

certain (செர்)டன்) (**adj.**) of which there is no doubt, உறுதியான.

•I'm **certain** I kept the book on the table.

chain (செய்ன்) (**n.**) number of links passing through one another, சங் கி

◆Where can I buy a bicycle **chain** from?

challenge ((ட்ச்)சேலன்ஜ்) (**n.**) invitation for a competition, **சவால்**.

•She is ready to accept his **challenge** to a game of chess.

chamber (செய்ம்ப(ர்)) (**n.**) room; appartment, அறை.

◆The king retired to his **chamber**.

champion (சாம்ப்இஅன்) (**n.**) person taking the first place in a competition, போட்டியில் வெற்றி பெறுபவன்.

◆Mohamed Ali was the world's heavy weight boxing **champion** for many years.

chance (சான்ஸ்) (**n.**) the happening of events without any cause that can be seen or under-stood, காரணமில்லாத.

•The two friends met by **chance** on the street.

change (செய்ன்ஜ்) (v.) take or put in the place of, மாற்று; பதிலாக வை.

•Raja made us **change** our plans for the picnic.

chapter (சாப்ட(ர்)) (**n.**) division of a book, அத்தியாயம்.

•Have you read the last **chapter** of this book?

character (காரக்ட(ர்)) (**n.**) mental or moral nature, குணம்; மதிப்பு.

•Shouldn't **character** building be the chief aim of education?

charge (சார்)ஜ்) (v.) to load, நீறை.

•You must **charge** your guns in case we are attacked.

charity (சாரிடி) (n.) kindness in giving, பெருந்தன்மை.

•Charity begins at home.

charm (சுர(ர்)ம்) (n.) attractiveness, வசீகரம்.

•Her **charm** made her very popular.

chart (சார்ப்) (**n.**) sheet of paper with information in the form of curves, lines, etc., மாதிரிப்படம்; விவரப்பட்டிகை.

◆The **chart** showed the progress of company's sales.

charter (சார்)டர்) (**n.**) statement of rights, permission to do something etc., அதிகாரப் பத்திரம்; பட்டையம்.

• The proposed new airline must obtain a government **charter.**

chase (செய்ஸ்) (**v.**) run after in order to capture; pursue, விரட்டு; பின் தொடர்.

•The policeman **chased** the thief down the street.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page
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cheap ((ட்ச்) சீப்) (adj.) low in price, விலை குறைந்த.

•Chicken is not as **cheap** as it was before.

cheat ((ட்ச்) சீட்) (**v.**) act in a dishonest way to win an advantage, ஏமாற்று.

◆Her uncle **cheated** her for her property.

check ((ட்ச்)செக்) (v.) examine in order to learn whether something is correct, சோதித்துப் பார்.

•Will you please **check** these figures?

cheer ((ட்ச்)சிய(ர்)) (n.) state of hope, excitement, உற்சாகமூட்டும் ஆரவாரம்.

◆The party sparkled with **cheer.**

cheese ((ட்ச்)சீஸ்) (**n.**) solid food made from milk curd, **பாலாடைக்கட்டி.**

•I like bread and **cheese** for breakfast.

cherish ((ட்ச்)செரிஷ்) (v.) love, அன்புகூர்; நேசி.

◆The mother **cherishes** her baby.

chill ((ட்ச்)சில்) (**n.**) unpleasant feeling of coldness, நடுங்க வைக்கும் குளிர்.

There's quite a **chill** in the air this morning.

chin ((ட்ச்)சின்) **(n.)** part of the face below the mouth, **முகவாய்க்கட்டை.**

•His **chin** was cut while shaving.

choice (சாய்ஸ்) (n.) act of choosing, தேர்ந்தெடுத்தல்.

◆The worker left the job on his own **choice.**

choose (சூஸ்) (**v.**) pick out from a greater number, தேர்ந்தெடு.

•She took a long time to **choose** a gift.

circle (ச(ர்)க்ல்) (n.) a ring; perfect round figure, வட்டம்.

◆The children stood in a circle.

circular (ச(ர்)குலர்) (**n.**) printed letter or advertisement, சுற்றுகை; அறிவிப்பு.

•The co-operative society sent a **circular** to all its members.

circulate (ச(ர்)க்யுலெய்ட்) (**n.**) be on the move; go round, சுற்று; சுற்றி வா.

•Blood **circulates** in the veins and arteries.

circumstance (ச(ர்)கம்ஸ்டன்ஸ்) (**n.**) conditions, facts, etc., connected with an event or person, சூழ்நிலை; நிலைமை.

◆Even in a tight **circumstance**, I won't lie.

claim (க்லெய்ம்) (v.) demand as one's due or property, உரிமை கோரு.

Santosh submitted his insurance claim.

classic (க்லாசிக்) (adj.) of the highest quality, மிக உயர்ந்த.

◆They own a **classic** house.

clearance (க் பெரன்ஸ்) (n.) act of clearing, தடைகளை நீக்குதல்.

◆The **clearance** of the trees from the front of the window will give you more light.

clever (க்லவ(ர்)) (**adj.**) quick in learning and understanding things, புத்தியுள்ள; சாமர்த்திய ்முள்ள.

•Aditya is a **clever** student.

client (க்லைஎன்ட்) (**n.**) one who gets assistance from a professional like a lawyer, doctor, etc., கட்சிக்காரன்.

•That bank manager is very polite to all his **clients**.

climate (க்லைமீட்) (**n.**) weather conditions of a place, ஒரு இடத்தின் தட்ப வெப்ப நிலை.

◆In Chennai, **climate** is generally very hot.

climax (க்லைமாக்ஸ்) (**n.**) point of greatest importance or interest, உச்சக்கட்டம்.

◆The **climax** of the movie was great.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page
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climb (க்லைம்ப்) (**n.**) go or get up or down; go higher, ஏறு; மேலே செல்.

◆The cat **climbed** the tree.

close (க்லோஸ்) (**adj. & adv.**) shut; near, nearby, டிருடு; அருகில்; சமீபத்தில்.

◆My house is **close** to the park.

cloth (க்லாத்) (**n.**) woven material; material used to make dresses, துணி; ஆடை.

•Wipe the surface with a wet **cloth.**

cloud (க்கெனட்) (**n.**) visible condensed mass of water vapour floating in the air, மேகம்.

•There are usually grey **clouds** in the sky before it rains.

club (க்லப்) (**n.&v.**) an association of members; join together, **கழகம்**; ஒருங்கணை.

•The people **clubbed** together for a meeting.

clue (க்லூ) (**n.**) fact or idea that suggests a possible answer to a problem, துப்பு.

◆The robbers left no **clues**.

coach (கோச்) (**n.**) four-wheeled carriage, நான்கு சக்கர வாகனம்.

◆This **coach** is loaded heavily.

coast (கோஸ்ட்) (**n.**) seashore and the land near it, கடலோரம்; கடற்கரை சார்ந்த இடம்.

•Fishing boats were seen all along the **coast.**

code (கௌட்) **(n.)** collection of laws arranged in a system, சட்டங்களின் தொடர்பு; கூட்டமைப்பு.

• Every student has to live up to the **code** of the school.

collaborate (கொலாபரெய்ட்) (v.) work together, கூடி வேலை செய்.

•He has agreed to **collaborate** with me in writing a book.

collapse (கொலாப்ஸ்) (v.) fall down; break to pieces, விழு; உடைந்துபோ.

•The roof **collapsed** under the weight of the fallen tree.

collect (கலெக்ட்) (**v.**) gather together; accumulate, ஒன்று சேர்.

• The teacher told the class leader to **collect** the exercise books.

combine (கம்பைன்) (**v.**) join together to bring into union, இணைக்கப்பட்ட.

•We can't always **combine** work with pleasure.

combination (காம்பினேஷன்) (n.) being combined, சேர்க்கை.

•Water is formed by the **combination** of hydrogen and oxygen.

come (கம்) (**v.**) move towards or approach, வா; நெருங்கு.

Come here, please.

comfort (கம்:ப(ர்)ட்) (n.) physical well-being, ககம்; சொகுசு.

•Everyone likes to live in **comfort** when they retire.

command (கமான்ட்) (v.) order, உத்தரவிடு.

◆Do what I **command** you!

commence (கமன்ஸ்) (v.) begin; start, ஆரம்பி.

◆The programme will **commence** right after the meeting.

comment (கிமன்ட்) (**n.**) opinion given briefly in speech or writing about an event, கருத்தறிவித்தல்.

•The teacher wrote his **comments** in the margin of the composition book.

commerce (காம(ர்)ஸ்) (**n.**) inter change of goods on a large scale, வணிகம்.

• India's overseas **commerce** has increased tremendously during the last few years.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

commit (கமிட்) (v.) perform, செயல்படு.

commit

•He was accused of **committing** robbery.

common (காமன்) (adj.) belonging to all, பொதுவான.

•We must all work for the **common** good.

communicate (கம்யூனிகெட்) (v.) pass on news, தகவல் அறிவி; தகவல் தொடர்புகொள்.

•We can **communicate** with people in most parts of the world by e-mail.

community (கம்யூனிடி) (**n.**) the people living in a place or country, சுமுகம்; சமுதாயம்.

◆The entire **community** will benefit if that law is passed.

compact (காம்பாக்ட்) (**v.**) made in a small size for easy handling, கச்சீதமான.

◆This box is very **compact**.

compare (கம்ຄິບ(அ)ກ່) (v.) to examine the similarities and differences, ຈຸນໍາປີ ເດີນ ມາກໍ.

•Compare food costs today with those of a year ago.

compartment (கம்பார்)ட்டென்ட்) **(n.)** part of a railway coach, இரயில் பெட்டி.

•The first class **compartments** are in the front.

compass (காம்பஸ்) (**n.**) instrument with a needle that points north, தீசையறிவிக்கும் காந்தக் கருவி.

◆The **compass** is of great help to sailors.

compete (கம்பீட்) (v.) to take part in a race or contest, போட்டியிடு.

•Our team is **competing** for the State trophy.

compliant (கம்பலைஅன்ட்) (adj.) yielding, சம்மதிக்கின்ற.

◆You must be **compliant** to your parents' wishes.

complicated (காம்ப்கேட்டட்) (adj.) complex; difficult to do or understand, சீக்கலான: செயல்-

படுத்தவோ புரிந்து கொள்ளவோ கடினமான.

•This mathematical problem is very **complicated**.

complication (காம்ப் கேஷன்) (n.) state of being confused, சிக்கல்; குழப்பம்.

◆The heavy rain was an unexpected **complication**.

compose (கம்போஸ்) (**v**_•) make or form by combining, தொகு; ஒன்றுசேர்.

•Computer is **composed** of both hardware and software.

compress (கம்ப்ரெஸ்) (v.) press together, அழுத்து; இறுக்கு.

•They **compressed** all the things in that small box.

compromise (காம்ப்ரமைஸ்) (n.) agreement, சமாதானம்.

•A **compromise** was finally reached after a few days of the dispute.

conceive (கன்சீவ்) (**v.**) form an idea or plan, கற்பனை செய்.

• Who first **conceived** the idea of flying in aeroplanes?

concentrate (கான்சன்ட்ரெய்ட்) (**v.**) bring or come together at one point, ஒருமுனைப்பிடுத்திய.

◆One has to always **concentrate** on his goal.

concern (கன்ச(ர்)ன்) (v_•) have relation to, சம்பந்தமாயிரு.

•Good Government **concerns** every citizen.

concession (கன்சஷன்) (n.) conseding; a thing conceded, விட்டுக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டது.

◆Students can travel by **concession** in trains and buses.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.			
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.			

conclude (கன்க்லூட்) (**v.**) come or bring to an end, முடி; பூர்த்தி செய்.

conclude

◆The meeting **concluded** with the National Anthem.

condemn (கன்டெம்) (v.) to say that somebody or something is wrong, கண்டனம் செய்; குற்றவாளி எனத் தீர்ப்பளி.

- •We all **condemn** cruelty done to children. **condition** (கன்டிஷன்) (**n.**) the present state of things, நீலை.
- ◆The business is in good financial **condition**.

conduct (கண்டக்ட்) (v.) lead or guide, நடத்து.

•The guide **conducted** the visitors round the museum.

conference (கான்ஃபெரன்ஸ்) (n.) meeting for discussion, ஆலோசனை கூட்டம்.

• All the Board of Directors are in a **conference**.

confession (கன்ஃபெஷன்) (**n.**) admit one's wrong, குற்றத்தை ஒப்புக் கொள்ளுதல்.

•If we commit a mistake, it's better to make a **confession**.

confidence (கான்:பிடென்ஸ்) (v.) trust; faith, நம்பிக்கை.

◆The Headmaster has complete **confidence** in his assistants.

confirm (கன்ஃபெர்)ம்) (v.) make certain, உறுதி செய்.

◆The officer was **confirmed** in his post.

conflict (கான்ஃப்ட்கட்) (n.) struggle; quarrel, சண்டை; கலவரம்.

•Nations must not try to settle their differences by armed **conflict.**

confrontation (கன்ஃப்ர(ன்)டேஷன்) (n.) come face to face, **நேருக்கு நேர் (எதிர்த்து நில்).**

◆The **confrontation** between the friends led to their separation.

congratulate (கங்க்ராஜுலெய்)ட்) (v.) to tell that one is pleased about something, பாராட்டு.

•I **congratulated** Prem on his success in the examination.

connect (கினக்ட்) (v.) to join; combine, சேர்; இணை.

•Please **connect** these two wires.

conquer (கான்க(ர்)) (**v.**) defeat or overcome; take possession of or by force, வெற்றிகொள்.

- ◆The king **conquered** his territory again. **conscious** (கான்ஷியஸ்) (adj.) awake; aware, உணர்வுள்ள.
- Is the patient **conscious** yet?

conserve (கன்செர்)வ்) (**v.**) to keep from harm or decay; preserve, பாதுகாப்பளி; கேடு வராமல்.

◆It is necessary to **conserve** our forests.

consider (கன்சிட(ர்)) (v.) to think about, யோசனை செய்; ஆராய்.

• We are **considering** to go to Japan.

consist (கன்சிஸ்ட்) (v.) be made up of, உட்கொள்.

• Our panchayat committee **consists** of six members.

consolidate (கன்சாடிடம்ட்) (v.) strengthen, பலப்படுத்து.

•Akbar **consolidated** his empire through many wise reforms.

constitute (கான்ஸ்டிட்யூட்) (**v.**) make up; amount to, அமை; உருவாக்கு.

•A committee was **constituted** to investigate rising prices.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.			
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.			

consult (கன்சல்ட்) (v.) ask for guidance, செயலாற்றத்தக்க அறிவுரை பெறு.

◆I will **consult** my advocate tomorrow.

consume (கன்ஸ்யூம்) (v.) use up, உபயோகி.

•My car **consumes** very little petrol.

consumer (கன்ஸ்யூமர்) (**n.**) a person who uses goods and services, நுகர்வோர்.

•The **consumer** must be protected against the sale of poor quality goods.

contact (கான்டாக்ட்) (**n.**) touching or coming together, தொடர்பு; தொடுதல்.

•Mobile phones have helped to **contact** people easily.

contain (கன்டெய்ன்) (**v.**) have or hold within itself, உட்கொள்; அடங்கியிரு.

◆The bag **contains** some books.

content (கன்டென்ட்) (**adj.**) satisfied with what one has, திருப்தியுள்ள.

• Are you **contented** with your present salary?

continue (கன்டின்யூ) (v.) to go on, தொடர்.

•The rain **continued** throughout the day.

contract (கான்ட்ராக்ட்) (n.) an agreement, உடன்படிக்கை.

• The **contract** was clearly written.

contrary (கான்ட்ரரி) (**adj.**) opposite; opposed; completely different, மாறான.

◆Hot and cold are **contrary** words.

contribute (கான்ட்ரிப்யூட்) (v.) join with others in giving help, money, etc., பொதுநல காரியத்-திற்காக ஊதியம் அல்லது விலை கோராமல் கொடு.

•He **contributed** Rs.1000/- towards Kargil fund.

convenient (கன்வீனியன்ட்) (adj.) suitable, வசதியான.

• The light of this lamp is not **convenient** for reading.

converse (கன்வெர்)ஸ்) (v.) to talk, உரையாடு.

◆They **conversed** for hours over the phone.

convince (கன்வின்ஸ்) (v.) to make somebody feel certain, நம்பச்செய்.

•I am **convinced** that he is honest.

cope (கோப்) (v.) struggle with some degree of success, எதிர்த்து சமாளித்து ஓரளவு வெற்றி பெறு.

•I am trying to **cope** up in my studies.

copy (காபி) (**n.**) thing made to be like another, நகல்.

•The **copy** of the painting is very much like the original.

cordial (கார்)டிஅல்) (**adj.**) warm and sincere, உள்ளன்புள்ள.

•The hostess gave each guest a **cordial** greeting.

corner (கா(ர்)ன(ர்)) (**n.**) place or point where two lines or sides meet, மூலை.

•There is a table in the **corner** of the room.

correct (கரெக்ட்) (v.) make right, சரி செய்.

•Wearing glasses should **correct** your vision.

corrupt (கரப்ட்) (**adj.**) influenced by bribes, இலஞ்சம் நிறைந்த; நேர்மையற்ற.

•Corrupt persons must be thrown out of office.

cost (காஸ்ட்) (n.) price of a product, விலை.

◆The **cost** was very high.

cough (காஃப்) (**v.**) send out air suddenly from the lungs with a noise, இருமல்.

◆The boy **coughs** badly.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

counsel crew

counsel (கௌன்செல்) (v.) advise, ஆலோசனை கூறு.

•The teacher **counselled** the boy to study harder.

count (கவ்ன்ட்) (v.) to list the numerals, **எண்களைக் கூட்டு.**

•No one can **count** the number of stars in the sky.

couple (கப்ல்) (n.) a pair; husband and wife, ஜோடி.

•The newly married **couple** was invited for a party in our house.

courage (கரிஜ்) (**n.**) bravery; fearlessness, தைரியம்.

•He received many medals for his **courage** in battle.

course (கோர்ஸ்) (**n.**) forward movement in space or time, நகர்தல்; அசைவு; போக்கு.

•The ship was two hundred miles off the **course.**

courteous (கோர்)ட்யஸ்) (**adj.**) having or showing good manners; polite and kind, மரியாதையான; பண்புடைய.

◆They wrote a **courteous** letter to us.

cover (ക്വ(i)) (v.) to place over; infront of; conceal,

•Let us **cover** the table with a cloth.

coward (கவ(ர்)ட்) (**n.**) one who lacks courage, கோழை.

•Only a **coward** would run from danger.

crack (க்ராக்) (v.) break without separating into parts, உடை; பிள.

•The glass tumbler will **crack** if you pour boiling water into it.

cradle (க்ராடல்) (**n.**) a swinging cot or bed for an infant, தொட்டில்.

•The child slept soundly in her **cradle.**

cram (க்ராம்) (**v.**) to make too full; push too much into, அடை; திணி.

•He couldn't **cram** anything more into the bulging suitcase.

crash (க்ராஷ்) (v.) fall and break with noise, பெரும் ஓசையுடன் வெடி அல்லது உடை.

◆The dishes **crashed** to the floor.

crawl (க்ரால்) (v.) move by dragging the body, ஊர்ந்து செல்.

•The caterpillar **crawled** across the ground.

crazy (க்ரெய்ஸி) (v.) make wildly excited or mad, வெறிபிடித்தவை; பைத்தியமாக்கு.

•She is **crazy** about that handsome film star.

cream (க்ரீம்) (n.) the fatty part of milk, பாலேடு.

•I don't like milk with **cream**.

create (க்ரிஎய்ட்) (v.) cause to exist; make, உருவாக்கு.

•Shakespeare **created** many wonderful characters in his novels.

creature (க்ரீயேட்சர்) (n.) living person or animal, உயிரனம்; பிராணி.

•All **creatures**, great and small inhabit the earth.

credit (க்ரெடிட்) (v.) believe; trust, விலைமதி.

•How could you **credit** such a wild story?

crew (க்ரூ) (n.) all the persons working in a ship or aircraft, கப்பல்களில், விமானங்களில் வேலை செய்வோர்கள்.

•This flight has a friendly **crew**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.			
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.			

crime curse

crime (க்ரைம்) **(n.)** offence for which there is punishment by law, குற்றம்.

•It is the duty of the police to prevent and detect **crime.**

criminal (க்ரிமினல்) (**n. & adj.**) one who commits or guilty of crime, **குற்றமான; குற்றவானி.**

•Robbery is a **criminal** act.

cripple (க்ரிப்ல்) (**n.**) person unable to walk properly, முடவன்.

◆Though he was a **cripple**, he was very talented.

crisis (க்ரைசீஸ்) (**n.**) turning point, மாறும் நிலை; இக்கட்டான நிலை.

•He successfully managed the **crisis**.

critic (க்ரிடிக்) (**n.**) a person who judges and writes about literature, art and music.

கலைத்துறை பற்றி நல்லது கெட்டது எடுத்-துரைப்பவர்.

◆The theatre **critic** will review the new play in tomorrow's newspaper.

critical (க்ரிடிக்கல்) (adj.) crucial; decisive, ஆபத்தான; தீர்மானமான.

• The patient's condition was **critical**, but he is alright now.

crop (க்ராப்) (**n.**) plants grown or gathered by people for use, especially as food, விளைச்சல்.

•This year's corn **crop** will set a new record.

crowd (க்ரௌட்) (**n.**) large number of people gathered together; mob, கும்பல்; கூட்டம்.

◆There were large **crowds** of people in the streets on New Year's eve.

crown (க்ரௌன்) (**n.**) an ornamental head dress, கிரீடம்; மகுடம்.

•A king or queen may wear a **crown** on special occasions.

crude (க்குட்) (adj.) not refined, செப்பறற்ற.

◆The **crude** oil was taken to the refinery.

cry (க்ரை) (v.) make sound that expresing sorrow, அழ.

•One should not **cry** in public.

cultivate (கல்டிவெட்) (v.) help crops to grow, பயிரிடு; விளையச்செய்.

•The farmers **cultivate** crops by their hard work.

culture (கல்ச(ர்)) (n.) an advanced state of civilisation, உயர்ந்த நாகரிகம்.

• Universities should have centres of **culture. cumulate** (க்யுமுலெய்ட்) (**v.**) to collect; heap together, சேகரி; திரட்டு.

•One should **cumulate** his strengths when faced with a problem.

curb (கர்)ப்) (v.) control; check; restrain, அடக்கு.

◆The young man could not **curb** his anger.

cure (க்யுஅ(ர்)) (**n.**) bring back to health, நோயை குணமாக்கு.

◆That medicine **cured** him.

curious (க்யூரிஅஸ்) (adj.) eager to know, அறிய ஆவலுடைய.

•I am **curious** to know what he said.

current (கரன்ட்) (**adj.**) in common or general use; of the present time, பொது நடப்பில் உள்ள; தற்போதைய நடப்பில் உள்ள.

•One must know about **current** happenings in the world.

curse (க(ர்)ஸ்) (**n.**) evil invoked on another, சாபம்.

• The **curse** was removed when the princess kissed the frog.

curve (க(ர்)வ்) (**n.**) line having no straight part, வளைவு.

•The driver of a car should not go round **curves** at a high speed.

custom (கஸ்டம்) (**n.**) usual and generally accepted behaviour among members of a social group, வழக்கம்; வரடிக்கை.

*Bowing when meeting is a Japanese **custom.**

cut (கட்) (v.) divide or separate, வெட்டு; முறி.

•If you have a knife, you can **cut** the fruits.

cycle (**சைக்கின்**) (**n.**) a series of events taking place in a regularly repeated order, காலச் சக்கரம்.

• The **cycle** of the four seasons occurs each year.

cyclone (**சைக்லோன்**) (**n.**) strong wind moving round a calm centre, சுழற்காற்று.

•Now **cyclones** are given fancy names.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. Daily - நீங்கள் தினமும் உடற்பயிற்சி செய்ய		

daily (டெம் (adj. & adv.) happening or appearing every day; day by day, தினசரி; தினமும்.

• You have to do physical exercise daily.

damage (டாமிஜ்) (n.) harm or injury that causes loss of value, நாசம்; நஷ்டம்.

◆The flood caused great **damage** to the town.

dance (டான்ஸ்) (v.) to move with measured steps to music, **நடனம்.**

•Mala can **dance** beautifully.

dangerous (டேஞ்ஜரஸ்) (n.) full of peril, ஆபத்தான.

◆Touching an electric wire is very **dangerous**.

dare (டெய்அ(ர்)) (v.) be brave enough, தைரியப்படு; துணி

•Will you **dare** to go there in the night?

dark (டார்க்) (adj.) with no or very little light, இருட்டான.

•As the night fell, the streets became **dark**.

date (டெய்ட்) (n.) statement of time, day, தேதி •Her date of birth is January 2, 1985.

dawn (டான்) (n.) first light of day; daybreak, விடியற்காலை.

•We must start at dawn.

dead (டெட்) (adj.) no longer alive, இறந்து போன. •I saw my dead grandmother in my dream.

deaf (டெஃப்) (adj.) unable to hear, காது கேளாத.
•There are special schools for deaf children.

deal (டீல்) (n.) a lot, நீறைய.

◆To buy the house, he will need a great **deal** of money.

dear (டிய(ர்)) (adj.) much loved, அன்பான.

◆She is very **dear** to us.

debt (டெ(ப்)ட்) (n.) payment to be made, கடன் ◆I need to pay all my debts before I leave the city.

deceive (டிசீவ்) (v.) mislead or trick by giving or suggesting false information, ஏமாற்று.

◆No one can decieve me.

decency (டீசன்ஸி) (**n.**) what is proper, fitting, moral etc.; the quality or act of being decent, கண்ணியம்; ஒழுக்கமுறை.

•Please have the **decency** to apologise.

decide (டிசைட்) (v.) settle a question or a doubt, தீர்மானி; நீச்சமி.

•It is difficult to **decide** between the two.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

decision (டிசிஷன்) (n.) act of deciding, தீர்மானம்.

•After much debate, I came to the **decision** to accept the job.

declare (டிக்லெய்அ(ர்)) (**n.**) make known publicly or clearly, அறிவி.

◆The President **declared** a state of emergency.

declaration (டிக்லரேஷன்) (n.) act of announcing, உறுதிமொழி; பிரகடனம்.

•The **declaration** of the change of policy surprised us.

decline (டிக்லைன்) (v.) to refuse, ஏற்க மறு.

•I decline your offer with thanks.

decorate (டெகரெய்ட்) (**v.**) adorn; put ornaments on, அலங்கரி.

• We **decorated** the house for the wedding ceremony.

decrease (டிக்ரீஸ்) (v.) to make or become smaller or less, குறை; சிறிதாக்கு.

•As the monsoon set, the temperature of the city **decreased** gradually.

dedicate (டெடிகெய்ட்) (v.) devote one's time, energy, etc., அர்ப்பணம்.

• Sanjay **dedicated** his life to increase the productivity of the company.

deep (டீப்) (adj.) going a long way down from the top, ஆழமுள்ள.

•Don't go into **deep** water unless you can swim.

defeat (டிஃபீட்) (v.) overthrow, தோற்கடி.

•Rama defeated Ravana in the war.

defect (டிஃபெக்ட்) (n.) fault, குறைபாடு.

•Barring a few **defects**, our educational system is quite good.

defence/defense (டிஃபென்ஸ்) (n.) fighting against attack or resistance, தற்காப்பு.

•Many men enlisted for the **defence** service.

deficit (டெஃபீசிட்) (**n.**) less than the required amount, **பற்றாக்குறை.**

•The yearly accounts showed a **deficit** of several thousands of rupees.

define (டிஃபைன்) (v.) explain the meaning, விவரி.

◆The teacher **defined** the three laws of motion.

degrade (டீக்ரெய்ட்) (v.) move down to a lower rank, தரம் தாழ்த்து.

◆The officer was **degraded** for being drunk and disorderly.

degree (டிக்ரி) (n.) unit of measurement in geometry, கோணத்தின் அலகுக் கூறு.

•A right angle measures ninety **degrees.**

delay (டிலெய்) (v.) be slow or late, தாமதப்□ படுத்து.

◆The train was **delayed** by half an hour.

delicious (டெலிஷியஸ்) (adj.) tasty; pleasing, மிக ருசியான.

•Try some of this **delicious** chocolate cake.

delight (டிலைட்) (n.) great pleasure, ஆனந்தம்.

•Sreeja expressed **delight** at the unexpected gift.

deliver (டெமேர்)) (v.) carry; bring, கொடு; கொண்டு சேர்.

•A postman **delivers** letters and parcels.

demand (டிமான்ட்) (v.) ask for; question, வேண்டு; கேள்.

◆I demand you to be honest.

democracy (டெமாக்ரசி) (n.) a form of government in which the people freely elect representives to govern them, குடியரசு; ஜனநாயகம்.

•The teacher gave a lecture on the principles of **democracy.**

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

demolish (டிமாவ்) (v.) pull down; destroy, deserve (டிச(ர்)வ்) (v.) being entitled to, தகுதி இடித்துத் தள்ளு.

demolish

◆The old school building was **demolished** after the new one was completed.

demonstrate (டெமான்ஸ்ட்ரெய்ட்) (v.) show clearly by giving proof, தக்க ஆதாரத்துடன் நிருபி.

◆How would you demonstrate the force of gravity?

depart (டிபார்)ட்) (v.) go away, பிரிந்துசெல்.

•The flight will **depart** in fifteen minutes.

departure (டிபார்)ட்சர்) (n.) an act of departing, புறப்படுதல்.

•The **departure** of the train is at 4.30 p.m.

depend (டிபென்ட்) (v.) rely on; be conditioned on, சார்ந்திரு.

•Children **depend** on their parents for food and clothing.

deposit (டிபாசிட்) (v.) lay or put down, வை.

•He **deposited** his books on the desk.

depress (டிப்ரஸ்) (v.) make sad, வருத்தப்படுத்து.

◆Wet weather always **depresses** her.

depth (டெப்த்) (n.) deepness, ஆழம்.

◆The bottom of the river cannot be seen because of its **depth**.

derive (டிரைவ்) (v.) get; obtain, பெறு; அடை.

•He derives great satisfaction from his coin collection.

description (டிஸ்க்ரீப்ஷன்) (n.) the act of explaining, விவரித்தல்.

◆The scenery was beyond **description**.

desert (டெச(ர்)ட்) (v.) leave without help, கைவிடு.

• As the dog became old, it was **deserted** by its owners.

உடையதாயிரு.

◆Good work **deserves** good pay.

design (டிசைன்) (v.) plan and make something, உருவமை.

• He designs for a large firm of carpet manufacturers.

desire (டிசைஅ(ர்)) (v.) wish for, விரும்பு.

•We all **desire** happiness and health.

destination (டெஸ்டினெய்ஷன்) (n.) place to which one is going, சேருமிடம்.

•We were tired by the time we reached our destination.

destroy (டிஸ்ட்ராய்) (v.) make useless, அழு; நாசமாக்கு.

•The cyclone **destroyed** the plantation.

develop (പെബല്) (v.) grow larger, fuller or complete, விருத்தியடை.

◆Plants **develop** from seeds.

deviate (டீவிஎய்ட்) (v.) turn away from the main course, alwa; auga.

•One should never **deviate** from his goal.

device (டிவைஸ்) (n.) something made for a purpose, கருவி.

•This key chain has a **device** for opening bottles.

devote (டிவோட்) (v.) spend one's time, energy etc., ஈடுபடுத்து.

•Mother Theresa **devoted** her life for the welfare of humanity.

diagnose (டைஅக்நொஸ்) (v.) determine the nature of disease, நோயை நிர்ணயம் செய்.

•The doctor **diagnosed** the illness as viral fever.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

dial (டைஅல்) (n.) face of a clock or watch, மணிகாட்டியின் முகப்பு.

•My watch has luminous **dial**, so you can see it in the dark.

dialogue (டைஅலக்) (n.) conversation or talk between two or more people, உரையாடல்.

◆Plays are written in the form of **dialogues**.

difference (டிஃப(ர்)ரென்ஸ்) (n.) dissimilarity, கருத்து வேறுபாடு.

•Swapna does not know the **difference** between a moth and a butterfly.

difficult (டிஃபிகல்ட்) (n.) not easy, கஷ்டமான.

◆This is a very **difficult** problem, I cannot solve it.

digestion (டைஜஷன்) (n.) processing of food in body, ஜீரணசக்கி.

◆This food is easy for **digestion**.

dignity (டிக்னிடி) (n.) nobleness, மேன்மை; அந்தஸ்து.

•Beggars have no **dignity**.

dilemma (டைமெரி (n.) difficult choice, குழப்பம். ◆Her dilemma was whether to confess and get a scolding or keep quiet.

dimnish (டிமினிஷ்) (v.) make or become small, குறை; குறைய.

◆The actor's fame gradually **diminished**.

direction (டைரெக்ஷன்) (**n.**) guidance, அறிவுரை. ◆He did the work under my **direction.**

dirty (ட(ர்)டி) (adj.) not clean, அழுக்கான; அகத்தமான.

•Wipe your **dirty** shoes on the door mat.

disability (டிஸ்எபிடி) (n.) weakness, பலவீனம். •He faced his disability with courage. disadvantage (டிஸ் அட்வான்டேஜ்) (n.) unfavourable condition, பாதிக்கும் தன்மை.

•His inability to speak English puts him at a **disadvantage.**

disagree (டிஸ்அக்ரி) (v.) take a different view, வித்தியாசம் கொள்.

◆I disagree with you on that point.

disappear (டிஸ்அபீய(ர்)) (n.) go out of sight, மறைந்துபோ.

•Let's hope that our difficulties will soon **disappear.**

disappoint (டிஸ்அபாய்ன்ட்) (v.) fail to reach the level of expectation, ஏமாறவை; எதிர்பார்த்த நிலையை அடைவதில் தோல்வியடை.

◆The book **disappointed** me.

disaster (டிசாஸ்ட(ர்)) (n.) great or sudden misfortune, பேராபத்து.

◆The firemen arrived soon and prevented a great **disaster**.

disbelief (டிஸ்பிலீஃப்) (n.) lack of belief, நம்பிக்கையின்மை.

•His eyes widened in **disbelief** when I told him how much it had cost.

discharge (டிஸ்சார்)ஜ்) (v.) give or send out, வெளியேற்று.

•The patient was **discharged** from the hospital.

discipline (டிசிப் க்ர்) (n.) training of the mind and character to produce self control, ஒழுங்கு முறை.

• The **discipline** at the military academy is extraordinary.

disclose (டிஸ்க்லோஸ்) (v.) to uncover, வெளிப்படுத்து.

•Newspapers **disclose** famous people's secrets in order to sell more copies.

Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

discomfort (டிஸ்கம்ஃப(ர்)ட்) (n.) lack of comfort, நலமின்மை; அமைதியின்மை.

It causes great **discomfort** to wear a coat when it is hot.

discontinue (டிஸ்கன்டின்யூ) (v.) stop; give up,

◆I am so busy that I shall have to **discontinue** these weekly visits.

discount (டி**ஸ்கௌன்ட்**) (**n.**) deduction from amount due, விலையில் கழிவு செய்யும் தொகை.

◆They gave me a 20 percent **discount**.

discourage (டிஸ்கரேஜ்) (v.) damage the confidence, நம்பிக்கையை குறைக்கச்செய்.

◆Don't **discourage** yourself, if you fail.

discover (டிஸ்கவ(ர்)) (v.) find out, கண்டுபிடி.

•Columbus **discovered** America in 1492.

discriminate (டிஸ்க்ரிமினெய்ட்) (v.) distinguish from or between, வித்தியாசம் காண்.

•Mother does not **discriminate** her children.

discuss (டிஸ்கஸ்) (v.) examine and argue about, கலந்துரையாடு.

◆They **discussed** the matter for more than two hours.

disease (டிசீஸ்) (n.) illness, நோய்.

*Tuberculosis is a curable disesase.

disguise (டிஸ்கய்ஸ்) (n.) change the appearance in order to hide the identity, மாறுவேடம் அணி.

•He **disguised** himself as woman.

disgust (டிஸ்கஸ்ட்) (n.) strong feeling of dislike or distaste, வெறுப்பு.

◆I have a great **disgust** for smoking.

dislike (டிஸ்லைக்) (v.) not to like, விருப்பமில்லாதிரு.

•I dislike getting up early.

dismay (டிஸ்மேய்) (**n.**) anxiety and discouragement, தீகைப்பூட்டும் அச்சம்.

•His son's illness has filled him with **dismay.**

dismiss (டிஸ்மிஸ்) (v.) remove from employment, வேலையிடுந்து நீக்கு.

◆The servant was **dismissed** for being lazy and dishonest.

disobedience (டிஸ்ஒபிடியன்ஸ்) (n.) failure or refusal to obey, கீழ்ப்படியாமை.

•Gandhiji advocated civil **disobedience**.

display (டிஸ்ப்லெய்) (v.) show; exhibit, காட்சிக்கு வை.

•Shops **display** their goods through the windows.

dispose (டிஸ்போஸ்) (v.) get rid of; sell, ஒழித்துக் கட்டு; விற்பனை செய்.

•He doesn't want to **dispose** the car.

dissolve (டிசால்வ்) (v.) to make a solution of, கரையச் செய்.

•Sugar dissolves in water.

distance (டிஸ்டன்ஸ்) (n.) measure of space between two points, places etc., தூரம்.

•In England, **distance** is measured in miles, not in kilometers.

distinction (டிஸ்டிங்க்ஷன்) (n.) difference, வித்தியாசம்.

•Being colour blind, he can't make a **distinction** between red and green.

distinguish (டிஸ்டிங்க்(உ)கீஷ்) (v.) understand the difference between, வேறுபடுத்தீக் கண்டறி.

•People who cannot **distinguish** between colours are said to be colour blind.

distract (டிஸ்ட்ராக்ட்) (v.) draw away, கவனத்தைத் திருப்பு.

• The noise in the street **distracted** me from my reading.

distress (டிஸ்ட்ரெஸ்) (v.) to cause pain or sorrow, வேதனையுண்டாக்கு.

•I am **distressed** to hear that India lost in the World Cup.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

distribute (டிஸ்ட்ரிப்யூட்) (v.) give or send out to, பகிர்ந்து கொடு.

distribute

•The birthday boy **distributed** chocolates to all his friends.

disturb (டிஸ்ட(ர்)ப்) (**v.**) to destroy the peace, quiet or rest, தொந்தரவு செய்.

•Don't **disturb** your father while he's working.

diversion (டைவெ(ர்)ஷன்) (n.) change of course, தீசை மாற்றம்.

•Engineers have drawn up a plan for the **diversion** of the river.

divide (டிவைட்) (v.) split or break up, பிரி; பாகங்கள் ஆக்கு.

•He divides his time between work and play.

division (டிவிஷன்) (n.) act of dividing, வகுத்தல்.

◆Division is easy if you a have a calculator.

document (டாக்யுமென்ட்) (**n.**) something written or printed to be used as a record or an evidence, பத்திரம்; ஆதாரம்.

◆Both parties signed the **document** in front of a witness.

domestic (டொமஸ்டிக்) (adj.) of the home, வீட்டைச் சார்ந்த.

◆Cow is a **domestic** animal.

dominate (டாமினெய்ட்) (v.) have control, authority or influence, அதிகாரம் செலுத்து.

•The manager **dominated** all his employees.

donation (டொனேஷன்) (n.) a gift of money or goods given to a fund or collection, நன்கொடை.

Donations of money and clothing were provided to the flood victims.

double (டபுள்) (adj.) twice as much, இரண்டு மடங்கான.

•The workers receive **double** pay for working on Sundays.

doubt (டௌட்) (n.) uncertainty of mind, சந்தேகம்.

•I have no **doubt** that you will succeed.

draft (ட்ராஃப்ட்) (n.) a rough outline or plan, திருத்தங்கள் செய்யப்பட வேண்டிய நகல்.

•This is a rough **draft** of my speech.

drainage (ட்ரெய்(ன்)னேஜ்) (n.) system for draining, வடிகால் தீட்டம்.

•The town's **drainage** system is very efficient.

draw (ட்ரா) (v.) move by pulling, இழு.

◆How many horses are used to **draw** a carriage?

dream (ட்ரீம்) (n.) sequence of thoughts, images occurring during sleep, கனவு.

◆I had a wonderful **dream** last night.

dress (ட்ரெஸ்) (n.) clothes that are worn, ஆடை. •Rishob looked very smart in that dress.

due (ட்யூ) (adj.) to be paid, கொடுக்க வேண்டிய.

•When will I get the **due** books for my child?

duplicate (ட்யூப்டுகட்) (adj.) identical, ஒரே மாதிரியான.

•We have **duplicate** keys for the front door.

durable (ட்யூரப்ல்) (adj.) likely to last for a long time, நீடித்து உழைக்கின்ற.

•The rain coat is made of a very **durable** material.

dusk (டஸ்க்) (**n.**) time just before it gets quite dark, அந்திப்பொழுது.

•She arrived home as **dusk** was falling.

dust (டஸ்ட்) (n.) dry earth or other matter in the form of fine powder, புழுதி.

•When it rains, **dust** settles to the ground.

Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.	
Each other - நாங்கள் ஒருவருக்கொருவரை	
ஆச்சரியத்துடன் பார்த்துக் கொண்டோம்.	

each other elevation

each other (சுச் அதர்) (pron.) one another, ஒருவருக்கொருவர்.

◆We looked at **each other** in surprise.

early (இய(ர்)லி) (n.) before proper time, குறித்த காலத்திற்கு முன்; முன்கூட்டி.

•Winter is **early** this year.

earn (ய(ர்)ன்) (v.) get in return for work, வேலை செய்து சம்பாதி.

•He is working hard to **earn** more money.

earth (ய(ர்)த்) (n.) planet on which we live, பூமி.
• The moon goes round the earth and the earth goes round the sun.

earth quake (ய(ர்)த் குவேக்) (n.) sudden shaking of the surface of the earth, பூகம்பம்.

•Surprisingly, the **earth quake** didn't cause any damage.

educate (எட்யுகெய்ட்) (v.) give intellectual and moral training to, கற்பி; அறிவு புகட்டு.

•Parents should **educate** their children to know the difference between right and wrong behaviour.

effect (இஃபெக்ட்) (n.) result, பலன்.

• What was the **effect** of the treatment you underwent?

effective (இஃபெக்(ட்)டிவ்) (adj.) able to cause some desired result, **பயனளிக்கக்கூடிய**.

This new washing powder is **effective.**

effort (எஃப(ர்)ட்) (**n.**) trying hard, முயற்சி; பிரயத்தனம்.

The chair can be lifted with little effort.

either (ஐத(ர்)) (adj. & pron.) one or the other, இரண்டிலொன்று.

•You either come alone or with your family.

elaborate (இலாப்ரெய்ட்) (v.) describe in detail, விபரமாக விளக்கு.

•There is no need to **elaborate** small things.

element (எடுமன்ட்) (n.) part of a whole, ஒன்றின் பகுதி.

• Water is a compound containing the **elements** hydrogen and oxygen.

elementary (எடுமன்ட்ரி) (adj.) of or in the beginning stage, அடிப்படையான; ஆரம்ப.

•They are going to start an **elementary** school.

elevation (எ வெய்ஷன்) (n.) raising, உயர்த்துதல்.

•His **elevation** to the new post was well-deserved.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

eligible (எ ஜிப்ல்) (adj.) fit to be chosen, தக்க; தகுதியான.

◆Is he **eligible** for promotion?

eliminate (எப்சினெய்ட்) (v.) remove, நீக்கிவிடு.

◆We have to **eliminate** poverty.

embrace (எம்ப்ரெய்ஸ்) (v.) take a person into one's arms as sign of affection, தழுவு.

◆The two sisters **embraced** warmly.

emergency (எம(ர்)ஜென்சி) (**n.**) sudden happening which makes quick action necessary, அவசர நிலை.

•The fire extinguisher is to be used only in an **emergency.**

eminent (எமினன்ட்) (adj.) distinguished, சிறந்த.

◆Jawaharlal Nehru was one of the India's most **eminent** statesman.

emotion (இமோஷன்) (**n.**) excited state of the mind or feelings, மனவெழுச்சி.

•Humans are filled with **emotions**.

employ (எம்ப்லாய்) (v.) give work on payment, வேலையில் அமர்த்து.

•Mr.Syed **employed** four servants.

empower (எம்பவ(ர்)) (v.) to give power or authority, அதிகாரமனி.

◆The manager has **empowered** me to act for him during his absence.

empty (எம்(ப்)டி) (**adj.**) having nothing inside, காபொன.

•Our voices echoed in the **empty** hall.

enable (எனெய்ப்ல்) (v.) make able, திறனளி.

•College education **enables** a person to get a better job.

enclose (என்க்லோஸ்) (v.) to close on all sides, சுற்றிலும் அடைத்து வை.

•A high stonewall **enclosed** the estate.

encounter (என்கௌன்ட(ர்)) (v.) to meet face to face, எதிர்படு; நேருக்கு நேர் சந்தி.

• You will certainly have to **encounter** a lot of difficulties in this attempt.

encourage (என்கரேட்)ஜ்) (v.) give hope, courage or confidence to, உற்சாகப்படுத்து.

◆The General tried to **encourage** the troops.

end (என்ட்) **(n. & v.)** last part; finish, **முடிவ**; வரம்பு; **,மடி**.

•The town hall is at the south **end** of the town.

enemy (எனிமி) (**n.**) one who has hatred towards another, விரோதி.

◆John was my **enemy** till yesterday.

engage (என்கெய்ஜ்) (v.) involve; take part in, பங்கு பெறு.

◆The children are **engaged** in outdoor activities.

engineer (என்ஜனிய(ர்)) (n.) a person who works designs, makes and controls machines, இயந்திர நிபுணர்.

◆My brother is an **engineer** and is involved with road construction.

enjoyment (என்ஜாய்மென்ட்) (n.) pleasure; joy, ஆனந்தம்; களிப்பு.

•The boys watched the show with **enjoyment.**

enlighten (என்லைடன்) (**v.**) impart knowledge to, அறிவுபுகட்டு.

◆Mahesh **enlightened** me on the subject.

enormous (ឥសារ(រៀបស់់ា) (adj.) very great, យិសប់សិប្បាប្រិយ.

◆The Government spent an **enormous** sum of money to settle the refugees.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

enough (இனஃப்) (adj.) as much as necessary, போதுமான.

◆There is **enough** food for everybody.

enough

enquire (என்க்(உ)வைஅ(ர்)) (v.) ask a question, கேட்டு அறிந்துகொள்.

•He called the railway station to **enquire** about the train's arrival.

enter (என்ட(ர்)) (v.) come or go into, நுழை.

• The stranger **entered** the house without permission.

enterprise (என்ட(ர்)ப்ரைஸ்) (n.) an under-taking, ஒரு நிறுவனம்.

•My friend has started a new business **enterprise**.

entertain (என்ட(ர்)டெய்ன்) (v.) receive as guest,

•Rajesh **entertained** the guests warmly.

enthusiasm (என்துசியாஸ்ம்) (n.) strong feeling of admiration or interest, அதிஉற்சாகம்; ஆர்வம்.

•Her enthusiasm for the project is appreciated by the boss.

entire (என்டய(ர்)) (adj.) whole, முழுதான.

•The **entire** school turned out for the football game.

entrance (என்ட்ரன்ஸ்) (n.) the act of entering, உட்பிரவேசித்தல்.

•The **entrance** of the office is very big.

envious (என்வியஸ்) (adj.) infected with envy, பொறாமையுள்ள.

•Don't be **envious** of other people's good fortune.

environment (என்விரான்மன்ட்) (n.) surrounding, சுற்றுப்புறச் சூழ்நிலை.

•A happy family provides a loving **environ-ment** •An **even** road makes driving easy. for its children.

equal (ஈக்(உ)வல்) (adj.) the same size, amount, number, degree etc., சமமான.

•Tarun cut the cake into six **equal** parts.

erase (இரெய்ஸ்) (v.) rub or remove, துடை; அகற்று; அழி.

•We shouldn't **erase** the good incidents from our memory.

erect (இரக்ட்) (adj.) upright, நேராக நிற்கின்ற.

• Hold the banner **erect** so that every one can read it.

error (எரர்) (n.) something done wrong, தவறு.

◆There is no **error** in this page.

escape (எஸ்கெய்ப்) (v.) set free, தப்பிச் செல்.

◆You can't **escape** after making a mistake.

essential (எசென்ஷியல்) (adj.) necessary, இன்றியமையாத.

Air is essential for life.

establish (எஸ்டாப்ப்ஷ்) (v.) set up, ஏற்படுத்து.

•His father **established** this business forty years ago.

estimate (எஸ்டிமெய்ட்) (v.) form a judgement about, விலை; மதிப்பிடு.

•The dealer **estimated** the worth of the used car as Rs.80,000/-.

ethic (எதிக்) (n.) rules of conduct, ஒழுக்க விதிமுறைகள்.

•He lives by the Christian **ethic**.

evasion (இவெய்ஷன்) (n.) the act of avoiding, ஒன்றை செய்யாது தப்பித்தல்.

•He has been accused of income tax evasion.

even (ஈவன்) (adj.) level, சமதளமான.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
	on as champios in the next page.

event (ஈவன்ட்) (n.) happening, நீகழ்ச்சி.

•Winning the scholarship was a great **event** in his life.

eventually (ஈவென்ட்யூ 🗍 (adv.) in the end, இறுதியாக.

•He will probably be late but he will come **eventually.**

everybody (எவ்ரிபடி) (pron.) every person, ஒவ்வொரு; தனித்தனியாக.

+Have you asked everybody?

everywhere (எவ்ரிவேர்) (adv.) in or to every place, எல்லாயிடத்திலும்.

◆The lamb followed Mary everywhere.

everyday (எவ்ரிடேய்) (adj.) happening daily, ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் நிகழ்கின்ற.

•Her everyday duties include cooking meals.

evidence (எவிடென்ஸ்) (n.) proof, சாட்சியம்.

•The research findings were based on **evidence**.

evolution (இவல்யூஷன்) (n.) gradual change or development, படிப்படியான விருத்தி.

Evolution is the process in which living things change over many thousands of years into different forms or species.

exact (எக்சாக்ட்) (adj.) correct in every detail, மிகச்சரியான.

•What are the **exact** measurements of the room?

exaggerate (எக்சாஜரெய்ட்) (v.) to overstate, மிகைப்படுத்து.

•People will not believe a person who always exaggerates.

examine (எக்ஸாமின்) (v.) look over, சோதனை

◆You have to **examine** these old records carefully.

example (எக்சாம்ப்ல்) (n.) fact or thing which illustrates or represents a general rule, எடுத்துக் காட்டு.

◆The Taj Mahal is a great **example** of Mughal architecture.

exceed (எக்ஸீட்) (v.) be greater than, அதிகரி; மிஞ்சு. •Mumbai exceeds Chennai in size and population.

excellent (எக்ஸைன்ட்) (n.) of high quality, மிகச் சிறந்த; மேம்பட்ட.

•Thyagaraja was an **excellent** composer of music.

except (எக்சப்ட்) (prep.) not including, தவிர.

•Everyday he gets up early, **except** on Sundays.

exceptionable (எக்சப்ஷனேபிள்) (adj.) extraordinary, அபூர்வமான.

• Vishal showed **exceptional** loyalty to his organization.

excess (எக்சஸ்) (n.) surplus, மிகுதி.

•The child had an **excess** of energy.

exchange (எக்ஸ்செய்ன்ஜ்) (v.) give or receive in place of another, கைமாற்றம் செய்.

•My cousins and I always **exchange** gifts.

excitement (எக்சைட்டென்ட்) (n.) being filled with pleasant feelings, மனக் கினர்ச்சி.

•The news of victory caused great **excitement** among the pupils.

excuse (எக்ஸ்க்யூஸ்) (n. & v.) reason given to escape from blame; forgive, தப்பிப்பதற்காக கூறும் காரணம்; மன்னித்து விடு.

◆Don't give me any **excuse** for not finishing your work.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

பட்ட.

•Children below five are **exempted** from paying

exercise (எக்சர்சைஸ்) (n.) physical exertion, உடற்பயிற்சி.

*Swimming is a good exercise.

exhaust (எக்ஸ்ஆஸ்ட்) (v.) use up completely, முற்றிலும் உபயோகித்து தீர்; கா⊡ிசய்.

•He was **exhausted** as he finished the race.

exhibition (எக்ஸிபிஷன்) (n.) display, கண்காட்சி.

◆There will be an **exhibition** of glassware at the fair.

exit (எக்ஸிட்) (n.) a way out, வெளியே செல்லும் வழி.

◆The exit was blocked.

expand (எக்ஸ்பான்ட்) (v.) make or become larger, விரிவடை.

•Metals **expand** when they are heated.

expect (எக்ஸ்பெக்ட்) (v.) regard as likely, எதிர்பார். ◆I **expect** to be back on Sunday.

expenditure (எக்ஸ்பென்டி(ட்)ச(ர்)) (**n.**) spending or using, செலவு செய்தல்.

Expenditure should always be less than income.

experience (எக்ஸ்பீரிஎன்ஸ்) (n.) personal knowledge, அனுபவம்.

• Experience is the best teacher.

expert (எக்ஸ்ப(ர்)ட்) (**n.**) person with special knowledge, நிபுணர்.

• We have to consult an agricultural **expert** regarding plant diseases.

expire (எக்ஸ்பஅ(ர்)) (v.) come to an end or die, முடிவடை.

•When does your driving licence **expire**?

explanation (எக்ஸ்ப்லெனேஷன்) (n.) process of explaining by giving details or reasons, விளக்கம்.

◆The professor is demanding an **explanation** for your late submission.

exempt (எக்சம்ப்ட்) (adj.) not liable, விடுவிக்கப் explode (எக்ஸ்ப்லோட்) (v.) to burst with a loud noise, வெடி.

> •When the boiler **exploded**, the steam hurt many people.

> exploit (எக்ஸ்ப்லாய்ட்) (v.) to use a thing, person, situation, selfishly for one's own purpose, தன் நலத்திற்காகப் பிறரை, சூழ்நிலை-களைப் பயன்படுத்து.

•The management **exploited** the employees.

export (எக்ஸ்போர்ட்) (v.) send goods to another country, ஏற்றுமதி செய்.

•Kerala **exports** cashew nuts, tea, rubber and timber in large quantities.

expose (எக்ஸ்போஸ்) (v.) uncover, அம்பலப் படுத்து. ◆In some Muslim countries, women do not **expose** their faces in public.

express (எக்ஸ்ப்ரெஸ்) (n.) the reveal what was hidden or kept as a secret, தெரிவித்தல்.

•Sowmya **expressed** her ambitions to her family.

extend (எக்ஸ்டென்ட்) (v.) make longer, நீட்டு; பெரியதாக்கு.

Extend this line to the edge of the paper.

external (எக்ஸ்டெர்)னல்) (adj.) outside, புறம்பான.

◆The **external** layout of the building is attractive.

extra (எக்ஸ்ட்ரா) (adj.) additional, அதிகப்□ படியான.

◆The store hired some **extra** clerks during the Deepavali season.

extraordinary (எக்ஸ்ட்ராஆர்டினரி) (adj.) beyond the ordinary, அசாதாரணமான.

• The speaker of today's meeting is an extraordinary person.

extreme (எக்ஸ்ட்ரீம்) (adj.) at the farthest point, மிகத்தொலைவான.

•They live in the **extreme** east, near the border.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. Fabric - என் தாத்தா கைத்தறி ஆடைகளை		

faint (ஃபெய்ன்ட்) (v.) lose one's consciousness, மயக்கமடை; உணர்விழ.

fantastic

•He **fainted** because of the sun.

fair (ஃபெய்அர்) (adj.) just; moderate, பாரபட்ச-மற்ற; நடுத்தரம் வாய்ந்த.

◆This shop charges **fair** prices.

faith (ஃபெய்த்) (n.) trust, நம்பிக்கை; உறுதி.

One must have **faith** in his abilities.

fall (ஃபால்) (v.) move downward, விழு.

◆The apple **fell** from the tree.

false (ஃபால்ஸ்) (adj.) wrong; incorrect, தவறான; பாசாங்கான.

•He gave us a **false** account of the information.

fame (ஃபெய்ம்) (n.) renown, புகழ்.

•He achieved great **fame** as a doctor.

familiar (ஃபெமி அர்) (adj.) well known to, நன்கு தெரிந்த; பழக்கமான.

•I am not very **familiar** with botanical names.

famine (ஃபெமின்) (n.) scarcity of food in a country, வறட்சீ; பஞ்சம்.

•India had often suffered from **famines** in 1950's and 1960's.

fantastic (ஃபென்டாஸ்டிக்) (adj.) excellent, அற்புதமான.

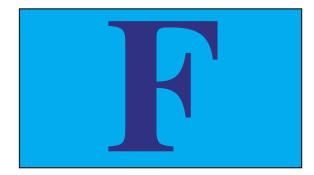
• The science fiction movie was full of **fantastic** creatures from outer space.

far (ஃபார்) (adv.) distant, தூரமான.

•We didn't go **far**, only a short way.

fascinate (ஃபாசினெய்ட்) (v.) charm or attract, வசியம் செய்; மோகிக்கச் செய்.

◆The children were **fascinated** by all the toys in the shop windows.



fabric (ஃபாப்ரிக்) (n.) woven material; cloth, நெய்த கணி.

•My grand father wears only cotton **fabric.**

face (ஃபெய்ஸ்) (n.) the front side of the head, including the eyes, mouth etc., முகம்.

Face is the index of the mind.

facilitate (ஃபெசிடுடட்) (v.) make easy, கலபமாக்கு.

•Postal codes **facilitate** the handling of bulk mails.

fact (ஃபாக்ட்) (**n.**) something known to be true or accepted as true, உண்மை.

•The lawyer tried to establish the **facts** in the case.

factor (ஃபாக்டர்) (n.) influence, காரணக்கூறு; அம்சம்.

•Necessity was the main **factor** to buy a car.

fail (ஃபெய்ல்) (v.) be unsuccessful, தோல்வி படை.

•I didn't **fail** in any of my examinations.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

fashion (ஃபாஷன்) (n.) a manner of doing or making something; prevailing style of dress, வழக்கத்தில் உள்ள நடை, உடை பாவனைகள்.

•This is the new **fashion**.

fast (ஃபாஸ்ட்) **(adv.)** rapid, **வரைந்து செல்கிற.** ◆He can run very **fast.**

fate (ஃபெய்ட்) (n.) destiny, வீதி.

◆We can always change our **fate** by wisdom.

fault (ஃபால்ட்) (n.) defect, தவறு.

◆It was not my **fault.**

favour (ஃபெய்வ(ர்)) (n.) help, உதவீ; ஆதரவு.

◆Can you please do me a favour?

favourite (ஃபெய்வரட்) (n.&adj.) a favoured person or thing, தனி நேசத்திற்குரிய.

•Sriram's **favourite** hobby is gardening.

fear (ஃபிய(ர்)) (n.) fright, பயம்.

◆Prabhu showed no signs of **fear.**

feasible (ஃபீசிப்ல்) (adj.) capable of being done, சாத்தியமான.

•The master always gave him **feasible** jobs.

feature (ஃபீட்)சர்) (n.) any part of the face, முகச்சாயல்; உருவம்.

•Chandru is a man of handsome **features**.

feed (ஃபீட்) (v.) give food to, உணவளி.

◆Has Kani **fed** the dog?

feel (ஃபீல்) (v.) learn about something by touching, தொட்டுத் தெரிந்து கொள்.

•I was able to **feel** the chillness in the air.

feeling (ஃபீம்) (n.) power and capacity to feel, உணர்ச்சி; உணர்வு.

•My **feeling** is that we should postpone the meeting.

fertilizer (ஃபெர்டிலைசர்) (n.) manure, எரு; உரம்.

These plants need some **fertilizers**.

fever (ஃபீவர்) (**n.**) illness with high tempera-ture, காய்ச்சல்.

•She was affected by **fever.**

fibre (ஃபைபர்) (n.) thin thread, நூர்.

•Cotton is the most widely used natural **fibre**.

fiction (ஃபிக்ஷன்) (n.) imaginary, கற்பனைப் படைப்பு.

•This is a very interesting **fiction** book.

field (ஃபீல்ட்) (n.) area of an agricultural land; range, வயல்; மைதானம்.

• We have a paddy **field.**

fight (ஃபைட்) (v.) struggle against, போராடு.

•People who believe in peace don't **fight**.

figure (ஃபிக(ர்)) (**n.**) a character representing a number, இலக்கம் (0 முதல் 9 வரை).

•Mohan has an income of six figures.

file (ஃபைல்) (n.) collection of papers kept together, காகிதக்கோப்பு.

◆This is a very important **file**.

fill (ஃபில்) (v.) to make full, நிறை; நிறையச் செய்.

•Ask him to **fill** the bottle with water.

film (ஃபில்ம்) (n.) movie; cinema, படம்.

•I was watching a **film** last evening.

filter (ஃபில்ட(ர்)) **(n.&v.)** strainer; to strain, வடிகட்டி; வடிகட்டு.

•The water passes through a **filter** before it is piped to our homes.

final (ஃபைனல்) (**adj.**) coming at the end, இறுதியான.

•Our **final** meeting for this year is on next Thursday.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.				

finance (ஃபைனான்ஸ்) (n.) science of the management of money, **நிதி ஆட்சி.**

Their company needs a man who knows about **finance.**

find (ஃபைன்ட்) (v.) discover, கண்டுபிடி; கண்டறி. ◆Vidya found a gold ring on the road.

fine (ஃபைன்) (adj.) high quality, முதல் தரமான.

◆You get a **fine** view of the lake from this house.

finish (ஃபீனிஷ்) (v.) bring or come to an end, முடி; முடிவுக்கு வர.

•We **finished** our dinner around 8 o'clock.

firm (ஃபெர்)ம்) (adj.) hard, உறுதியான.

•The plastic was poured into the mould and left to set until it was **firm.**

first (ஃப(ர்)ஸ்ட்) (adj.) coming before all others in time or order, முதலாவதான.

•January is the **first** month of the year.

fit (ஃபிட்) (v. & adj.) to suit; suitable, பொருந்து; தகுந்த.

◆This man doesn't **fit** the description.

fix (ஃபிக்ஸ்) (v.) make firm or fast, பொருத்து.

•The workmen **fixed** a post in the ground.

flair (ஃப்லெய்அ(ர்)) (**n.**) talent, திறமை.

•He has a **flair** for painting.

flame (ஃப்லெய்ம்) (**n.**) tongue of a burning fire, கீச்சுடர்.

•Don't allow the children to go near the **flame**.

flap (ஃப்லாப்) (v.) move up and down or from side to side, முன்னும் பின்னும் ஊசலாடு.

•The bird was **flapping** its wings.

flavour (ஃப்ஸேவ(ர்)) (**n.**) sensation of taste and smell, கவை; வரசனை.

◆This shop sells ice-cream in eight different **flavours.**

flesh (ஃப்வெஷ்) (**n.**) soft tissue of body; meat, **தசை**; **மாமிசம்.**

◆Tigers are **flesh** eating animals.

flight (ஃப்லைட்) (n.) process of flying; aeroplane, பறத்தல்; வீமானம்.

•The **flight** was cancelled due to bad weather.

float (ஃப்லௌட்) (v.) be held up in air, gas or on the surface of liquid, மிதந்திரு.

• Wood **floats** on water.

flood (ஃப்லட்) (**n.**) great quantity of water in a place that is usually dry, வெள்ளம்;

◆The heavy rains caused **floods** in the low-lying areas.

fly (ஃப்லை) (v.) move through the air, பற.

•Birds fly in the air with their wings.

focus (ஃபோகஸ்) (n.) the point on which rays of light converge; main emphasis, கூடும்புள்ளீ; மண்டல மையம்.

•Bring the object into **focus** if you want a good photograph.

fold (ஃபோல்ட்) (v.) to bend a thing over on itself, மடக்கு.

•Let's **fold** this letter before putting it in the envelope.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.				
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.				

◆Monday **follows** Sunday.

foot (ஃபுட்) (n.) the end part of a leg, பாதம்.

◆My right **foot** was hurt in an accident.

force (ஃபோர்)ஸ்) (n.) natural strength; physical power, பலம்; உந்து வலிமை.

◆Push with as much **force** as you can.

foreign (ஃபாரீன்) (adj.) of or from another country, பிற நாட்டிலுள்ள.

- •Abilash is thinking of buying a new **foreign** car. forest (ஃபாரஸ்ட்) (n.) vast area of trees, காடு.
- •Mudumalai is a dense **forest**.

forget (ஃப(ர்)கெட்) (v.) to fail to remember, மற; மறந்து போ.

◆I will never **forget** you.

forgive (ஃப(ர்)க்வ்) (v.) pardon or show mercy, மன்னித்து விடு.

• I **forgive** your mistake.

form (ஃபா(ர்)ம்) (**n.**) shape, உருவம்.

◆The biscuits were in the **form** of squares.

former (ஃபா(ர்)ம(ர்)) (adj.) of an earlier period, முந்தைய.

•They are inviting all the **former** students of the college.

formula (ஃபார்)முலா) (n.) statement of a rule or fact, குத்திரம்.

◆H₂O is a chemical **formula** for water.

forward (ஃபா(ர்)வ(ர்)ட்) (adj.) directed, முன்னோக்கிய.

•The **forward** motion of the people in the queue was very slow.

follow (ஃபாலௌ) (v.) to go or come after, பின் தொடர். foul (ஃபௌல்) (adj.) causing disgust, அருவருப்பான.

•Many people were shocked by his **foul** language.

found (ஃபவ்ன்ட்) (v.) start the building of, நிறுவு: ஸ்தாபி.

◆Babar **founded** the Mughal empire in India.

fragment (ஃப்ராக்மன்ட்) (n.) an incomplete part of the whole, துண்டு; அம்சம்.

•The explorers examined the **fragments** of ancient pottery.

frame (ஃப்ரெய்ம்) (v.) put together, கட்டு; உருவாக்கு.

•A new set of laws were **framed** by the board members.

franchise (ஃப்ரான்சைஸ்) (n.) right to vote at elections, வாக்களிக்கும் உரிமை.

•In India, we have the system of adult **franchise.**

frank (ஃப்ராங்க்) (adj.) open hearted, திறந்த மனதுடைய.

•I am always **frank** with my friends.

fraud (ஃப்ராட்) (**n.**) cheat, வஞ்சனை.

•He was charged with credit card **fraud.**

free (ஃப்ரீ) (adj.) self-governing, சுதந்திரமான.

•Most of the former British colonies are now **free** nations.

freeze (ஃப்ரீஸ்) (v.) be so cold that water turns into ice, உறைந்து போ.

•Salt water **freezes** at a lower temperature than fresh water.

frequency (ஃப்ரீக்(உ)என்சி) (n.) frequent occurrence, திரும்பத் திரும்ப வருதல்.

•The newsletter comes out at a **frequency** of once a month.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.			

fresh (ஃப்ரஷ்) (adj.) newly made, புதிதாகச் செய்த.

•We need to buy some **fresh** bread.

frighten (ஃப்ரைடன்) (**v.**) make or become afraid, பயமுறுத்து.

•Did the noise **frighten** you?

from (ஃப்ரம்) (prep.) showing origin or source, இருந்து; முதல்.

•He comes **from** Mumbai.

front (ஃப்ரன்ட்) (**n.**) foremost or most important side, முன்பாகம்.

•The **front** of the house faces the street.

fuel (ஃப்யுஅல்) (n.) substance used for burning, ஏரிபொருள்.

•LPG is used as the common household **fuel**.

full (ஃபுல்) (adj.) holding as much or as many as possible, நீறைந்த.

◆The glass is **full.**

fun (ஃபன்) (n.) amusement, கேளிக்கை.

•What **fun** the children had at the sea side!

function (ஃபங்ஷன்) **(n.)** special activity or purpose of a person or thing, செயல்பாடு.

◆The chief **function** of the heart is to purify the blood.

funeral (ஃப்யுனரல்) (n.) burial or burning of a dead person with usual religious ceremonies, நீத்தார் கடன்.

◆They have gone to attend a **funeral.**

funnel (ஃபனல்) (n.) a wide mouthed vessel with a tapering tail to pour liquids, தீரவங்களை ஊற்றும் கருவி.

•Use a **funnel** to pour the oil without spilling.

fur (ஃப(ர்)) (n.) soft thick hair covering of certain animals, சில விலங்குகளின் மிருதுவான ரோமம்.

•This shawl is made from sheep's fur.

furniture (ஃப(ர்)னி(ட்)சர்) (n.) all the things such as chairs, tables, beds, etc., மேஜை, நாற்காலி போன்ற சாமான்கள்.

•We should buy some new **furniture** for our new house.

further (ஃப(ர்)த(ர்)) (adv.) to a greater distance, அதிக தூரத்திலுள்ள.

◆It's not safe to go any **further.**

future (ஃப்யூ(ட்)ச(ர்)) (n.& adj.) that is to come or happen, எதிர்காலத்திய.

• If you plan and work, **future** is always yours.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. Gab - குழந்தைகளின் தொடர்ச்சியான வீண்				

gang (காங்) (n.) a group of persons, கூட்டம்.

◆Teenagers have their own special gangs.

gap (காப்) (n.) break or opening in a wall, பீளவு; இடுக்கு; காபிடம்.

◆The child was hiding in the gap.

garbage (கார்)பேஜ்) (n.) waste food thrown out as useless, குப்பை.

•We seperate our **garbage** into degradable and non-degradable wastes.

garden (கார்)டன்) (**n.**) piece of ground used for growing flowers, fruits, vegetables etc., தோட்டம்; பூங்கா.

•We have a small **garden** in front of our house.

gas (காஸ்) (n.) matter in airy form, வாயு; வாயுப்பொருள்.

• Air is a mixture of **gases.**

gate (கெய்ட்) (**n.**) opening in the wall; entrance, வாசல்; முகப்பு.

•He opened the garden **gate** and went up to the door of the house.

gather (காத(ர்)) (n.) come or bring together, சேகரி; கூட்டு.

•A crowd soon **gathered** round him.

general (ஜெனரல்) (adj.) common to all, பொதுவான; சாதூரண.

•General elections will be held in the next month.

generate (ஜனரெய்ட்) (v.) produce, உற்பத்தி செய். *This hydro-electric plant generates electricity for the entire city.



gab (காப்) (n.) idle talk, அதிகப் பேச்சு; வீண் பேச்சு.

•The children's constant **gab** is irritating.

gain (கெய்ன்) (v.) obtain; earn; win, பெறு; அடை. ◆It is good to gain experience in this job.

galaxy (கேலக்சி) (n.) luminous band of stars; the Milky Way, நட்சத்திரக் கூட்டம்.

•A **galaxy** may extend over thousands of light years of space.

gamble (கேம்பல்) (v.) play games of chance for money, பந்தயத்துக்குச் சூதாடு.

•He gambles often.

game (கேம்) (n.) form of play especially with rules, வீளையாட்டு.

•Hide and seek is children's favourite game.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.				

generous (ஜெனரஸ்) (adj.) giving or ready to give freely, தாராள மனதுடைய.

◆He is **generous** with his money.

gentle (ஜென்டில்) (adj.) kind; mild, கனிவான; சாந்தமான.

•She was a **gentle** woman who wouldn't hurt even a fly.

genuine (ஜென்யுஇன்) (adj.) true; real, நிஜமான; உண்மையான.

◆This hand bag is made of **genuine** leather.

geography (ஜியாக்ரஃபி) (**n.**) the science of the earth's surface, physical features, climate etc., புவியியல்.

•In **geography**, we learn about the countries of the world.

gesture (ஜெஸ்ட(ர்)) (n.) movement of the hand or head to indicate or illustrate an idea or feeling, கைகை; சாடை.

•The speaker's **gestures** seemed unrelated to the speech.

get (கெட்) (v.) obtain; receive, கீடைக்கப் பெறு; ஏற்றுக்கொள்.

◆Did you **get** my e-mail?

ghost (கோஸ்ட்) (**n.**) spirit of a dead person appearing to somebody still living, பீசாக.

•Naveen looked as if he had seen a **ghost.**

giant (ஜைஅன்ட்) (n.) of very great size, மிகப்-பெரிய.

◆Madan looks like a **giant**.

gift (கீஃப்ட்) (n.) something given; present; contribution, இனாம்; பரிசு.

•I gave my friend a **gift** on his birthday.

give (கிவ்) (v.) cause someone or something to have or receive, அளி; கொடு.

◆I gave him a book.

glad (க்லாட்) (adj.) pleased; causing joy; joyful; happy, சந்தோஷமுள்ள; மகிழ்ச்சியுள்ள.

•I am **glad** of your success.

glass (க்லாஸ்) (n.) transparent lustrous hard substance, கண்ணாடி.

•The roof of the art gallery is made of **glass**.

glitter (க்ப (ர்)) (v.) shine brightly with flashes of light; sparkle, மின்னு; விட்டு விட்டுப் பிரகாசீ; ஒளிர்.

•All that **glitters** is not gold.

global (க்லோபல்) (adj.) world wide, உலகெங்கும் பரவி உள்ள.

• Another **global** world war could destroy mankind.

glory (க்லோரி) (**n.**) high fame and honour won by great achievements, கீர்த்தி; புகழ்.

•The old soldier had won **glory** on the field of battle.

glow (க்லோ) (v.) emit light without flame, ஒளிவீக; அழகொளி.

◆The fire-flies **glowed** in the dark.

go (கோ) (**v.**) move or travel from one place to another, போ; பயணம் செய்.

•Shall we **go** by train or by bus?

God (காட்) (n.) religious term for 'Supreme reality', கடவுள்; இறைவன்.

•Many believe in the power of **God.**

gossip (காசிப்) (**n.**) idle talk, அரட்டை; வீண் பேச்சு.

• It is bad to **gossip.**

govern (கவர்)ன்) (v.) rule a country, ஆட்சி செய்.

•India is **governed** by a Prime Minister and his cabinet.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.			
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government (கவ(ர்)ன்மென்ட்) (**n.**) political authority who have the power to make and enforce laws, அரசு.

•Our country needs a strong **government.**

grab (க்ராப்) (v.) snatch roughly, வூந்து பிடுங்கு.
• The greedy boy grabbed the biggest of the apples.

grade (க்ரெய்ட்) (n.) stage or degree in rank, பதவி.
•These pearls are of the highest grade.

grammar (க்ராம(ர்)) (n.) science of the use of a language, இலக்கணம்.

• Satish has a good knowledge of English grammar.

grand (க்ரான்ட்) (adj.) fine; splendid, மகத்தான; பேரழகு வாய்ந்த.

◆That was a **grand** function.

grant (க்ரான்ட்) (v.) consent to give or allow what is asked for, அனுமத்; இடங்கொடு.

◆The General **granted** us permission to visit the military base.

grape (க்ரெய்ப்) (n.) a green or purple berry growing in clusters on vine, திராட்சைக் கொடி; திராட்சைப்பழம்.

•Italy is the largest producer of **grapes**.

graph (க்ராஃப்) (n.) a diagram showing the variation of two or more quantities by means of dots and lines, இரு பொருள்களுக்குள்ள வூகிதத்தை காட்டும் வரைக் கட்டம்.

•It is easier to see the variation of the gold price through this **graph.**

grasp (க்ராஸ்ப்) (v.) seize firmly with the hands or arms, பிடித்துக் கொள்.

•Akshya **grasped** the tree's root for balance while climbing the mountain.

grass (க்ராஸ்) (n.) kinds of plants with green blades, eaten by cattle, புல்.

• Herbivores eat **grass**.

grateful (க்ரேட்ஃபுல்) (adj.) feeling or showing thanks; thankful, நன்றியுள்ள; நன்றியறிதலுள்ள.

•I am **grateful** to you for your timely help.

gratitude (க்ராடிட்யூட்) (**n.**) being thankful for and ready to return kindness, நன்றியறிதல்.

•How can I express my **gratitude** for all that you have done for me?

grave (க்ரெய்வ்) (n.) burial place, பிணம் புதைக்குமிடம்; சவக்குழி.

•As a part of investigation, the CBI examined the **grave** of the murdered.

gravity (க்ராவிடி) (**n.**) force of attraction to the ground, புவிஈர்ப்பு.

•Newton discovered the force of **gravity**.

great (க்ரெய்ட்) (adj.) large in size; unusual in degree, வழக்கத்துக்கு மீறி பெரிதான; தரத்தில் மேம்பட்ட.

◆The Pacific is an ocean of **great** size.

greed (க்ரீட்) (n.) eager and selfish desire, பேராசை.
•The greed for money and power often leads

people to crime.

greedy (க்ரீடி) (adj.) filled with greed, பேராசையுடைய.

•The boy looked at the cakes with **greedy** eyes.

greeting (க்ரீட்டிங்) (v.) say words of welcome to, முகமன் கூறி; உபசரி.

•The host **greeted** his guests at the door.

grief (க்ரீஃப்) (n.) deep or violent sorrow, துக்கம்; சோகம்; ஆழ்ந்த மனக்கவலை.

•Anjali is deeply struck with grief.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

ground (க்ரௌன்ட்) (**n.**) solid surface of the earth, நீலம்; பூமி பரப்பு.

•The boys are sitting on the **ground.**

group (க்ருப்) (**n.**) number of persons or things gathered or placed together, கூட்டம்.

- •A group of students wanted to see the principal. grow (க்ரோ) (v.) develop; increase in size, வளர்; பராமரி.
- •Rice **grows** in warm climate.

guarantee (க்யாரன்டி) (n.) undertaking that certain conditions will be fulfilled; assurance, உத்திரவாதம்; உறுதி.

◆This fan has a two year guarantee.

guard (கார்)ட்) (v.) protect; keep from danger, காத்துக்கொள்; ஆபத்திடுந்து விலகியிரு.

•We have two dogs to **guard** our house.

guess (റെക്സ്) (v.) form an opinion not based on

careful thought, w. &.

•Can you **guess** my weight?

guest (கெஸ்ட்) (n.) person staying at or paying a visit to another's house, விருந்தினர்.

•How many **guests** are coming for dinner?

guide (கைட்) (v.) show the way to lead, வழிகாட்டு; நடத்து.

•The tourists needed someone to **guide** them.

guilty (கீல்டி) (adj.) having done wrong; deserving blame, குற்றமுள்ள; குற்றவாளி ஆன.

•The judge found that the man was **guilty.**

gum (கம்) (**n.**) the firm pinky flesh part around the teeth, பல் எயிறு.

•The child showed her **gums** when she smiled.

gymnasium (ஜிம்னெய்சிஅம்) (n.) a centre for physical training, உடற்பயிற்சி சாலை.

•The minister inaugurated the **gymnasium**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Habit - அவனுக்கு தாமதமாக எழுந்திருக்கும்		
பழக்கம் இருக்கிறது.		

habit

handle (ஹான்ட்ல்) (n.) tool; hilt, கைப்பிடி. •This door has no handle.

handsome (ஹான்ட்சம்) (adj.) of fine appea-rance; good-looking, அழகான தோற்றமுடைய.

•The couple has two handsome children.

happen (ஹாபென்) (v.) take place; come about, நகழ்.

happy (ஹேப்பி) (n.) pleased feeling; expressing pleasure, சந்தோஷமடைந்த.

•Birthday celebration is a **happy** occasion.

hard (ஹா(ர்)ட்) (adj.) firm; not easily cut, கடுமையான; கெட்டியான.

◆Teak is a very **hard** kind of wood.

◆When did the marriage happen?

harm (ஹா(ர்)ம்) (v.) cause damage or injury to, தீங்கு செய்; துன்புறுத்து.

•Don't **harm** your eyes by reading in dim light.

harmony (ஹா(ர்)மனி) (n.) unity; uniformity, பொருத்தம்; இணக்கம்.

•Let's try to live in **harmony** with our neighbours.

hate (ஹெய்ட்) (**v.**) have a violent dislike for; detest, வெறு; அருவெறுப்படை.

◆Those girls have **hated** each other since high school.

hear (ஹிய(ர்)) (v.) perceive with ears, கேள்.

Deaf people cannot hear.

heat (ஹீட்) (n.) hotness, வெப்பம்; சூடு.

•Cold is the absence of **heat.**

heaven (ஹெவன்) (n.) home of God and the saints, சார்க்கம்.

◆May her soul rest in **Heaven**.



habit (ஹாபிட்) (n.) settled practice; ordinary or customary, வழக்கம்; பழக்கம்.

•He has the **habit** of getting up late.

hair (ஹெய்அ(i)) (n.) any or all of the fine filaments growing from the skin, மயி; முடி.

•She has the most beautiful hair I've ever seen.

half (ஹாஃப்) (n.) one of two equal parts, பாதி. •Pay half now and the rest later.

hand (ஹான்ட்) (n.) part of the human arm beyond the wrist, கை.

◆Your **hands** are dirty, go and wash them.

handicap (ஹான்டிகாப்) (n.) anything likely to lessen one's chance of success; disadvantage, தடை; தடங்கல்.

◆Poor eyesight is a **handicap** to a student.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

height (ஹைட்) (n.) distance from the bottom to hitch (ஹீட்)ச்) (v.) fasten with a loop; coupling, the top, உயரம்.

◆What is the **height** of Mount Everest?

help (வெறல்ப்) (v.) do part of the work for another person, உதவி செய்; பின் துணை அளி.

•I can't lift this box alone, please **help** me.

hereafter (ஹிய(ர்)ஆஃப்ட(ர்)) (adv.) after this, இதற்கு மேல்; வருங்காலத்தில்.

•Hereafter, I'll take your advice.

heritage (வெறரிடிற்) (n.) that which has been or may be inherited, பரம்பரைச் சொத்து.

•Fair-play is part of our **heritage**.

hero (ഐഗ്രേസ്) (n.) boy or man respected for bravery or noble qualities, வீரன்.

◆ Veerapandiya Kattabomman was a great **hero** who fought against the British.

hesitate (வெறசிடெய்ட்) (v.) show signs of uncertainty or unwillingness in speech or action; to be in doubt, அச்சம் கொள்.

•The driver **hesitated** at the signal, but then turned right.

hide (ஹைட்) (v.) put or keep out of sight, ஒளித்துவை; ஒளிந்திரு.

◆Where did you **hide** the money?

high (ഇ്വൈ) (adj.) extending upwards, உயரமான. •How **high** is this building?

hire (ஹய்அ(ர்)) (v.) obtain or allow the use of something in return for fixed payment, வாடகைக்கு எடு. •During our vacation, we **hired** a car for sightseeing.

hit (ஹிட்) (v.) give a blow or stroke, அடி; குத்து. •The boxer **hit** his opponent on the right-cheek.

முடிச்சிட்டு இணை.

• **Hitch** the ox to the cart.

hold (ஹோல்ட்) (v.) have and keep fast, பிடி; தாங்கு.

•The little boy was **holding** his father's hand.

hollow (ഇന്റെന്നെ) (adj.) not solid; having an empty space, குழிவான; உட்குழிவுள்ள.

◆This tree has a hollow trunk.

holy (ஹோ (adj.) of God; associated with God or with religion, புனிதமான; பரிசுத்தமான.

◆The Bhagvad Gita is a **holy** book.

honest (ஆனஸ்ட்) (adj.) not telling lies, நேர்மையான.

◆Paul is very **honest** in his dealings.

honour (ஆன(ர்)) (n.) great respect, பெரும் மரியாதை.

•They are erecting a structure in **honour** of our independence struggle.

hope (ஹோப்) (n.) feeling of expectation and desire, நம்பிக்கை; எதிர்பார்ப்பு.

•Today's young people give me **hope** for the future.

hospitality (ஹாஸ்பிடாடி) (n.) friendly and generous reception and entertainment of guests, விருந்தினரை நன்கு உபசரித்தல்.

◆The people of India are well-known for their hospitality.

hostile (ஹாஸ்டைல்) (adj.) feeling of enmity, பகை உணர்வுள்ள.

•The town was surrounded by **hostile** troops.

however (ஹௌஎவ(ர்)) (adv.) in whatever way or degree; nevertheless, எப்படியானாலும்; எது வந்தாலும்.

◆I will never come, **however** hard you persuade me.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

huge (ஹ்யூஜ்) (**adj.**) very large; enormous; vast, மிகப்பெரிய.

•She spent a **huge** amount of money for that house.

human (ஹ்யுமன்) (adj.) of man or mankind, மனிதருக்குரிய; மனிதன் சம்பந்தமான.

◆We all belong to the **human** race.

humanitarian (ஹ்யுமனிடிரியன்) (n.) helpful to humanity, மனிதநேயமுடைய.

◆The Red Cross is a **humanitarian** organization.

humble (ஹம்பல்) (adj.) having or showing a modest opinion of oneself, எளிமையான; தூழ்மையான.

◆It's my **humble** request, do it.

humour (ஹ்யூம(ர்)) (n.) amusement, நகைச்□ சுவை; வேடிக்கை.

The book is cheerful and full of **humour**.

hunger (ஹங்க(ர்)) (n.) the sensation of need for food, பசி.

◆The baby cried in **hunger**.

hunt (ஹன்ட்) (v.) seek prey; seek out somebody; search; வேட்டையாடு; தேடு.

•The officers **hunted** down the man-eater.

hurry (ஹரி) (n.) eager; haste; rush, அவசரம்; துரிதம்.

•There was so much **hurry** in the last minute that she forgot her watch.

hurt (ஹ(ர்)ட்) (v.) cause injury; wound, காயப்படுத்து; புண்படுத்து.

•He **hurt** his back when he fell.

hut (ஹட்) **(n.)** small roughly made house or shelter, குடிகை.

•Poor people in our village live in **huts.**

hygiene (ஹைஜீன்) (n.) rules for healthy living, உடல் நலம் பேணும் இயல்.

•Personal **hygiene** includes regular washing of clothes.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.	
Idea - வெற்றி என்பது பணத்தை சேர்ப்பது		
மட்டுமே என்ற எண்ணம் மெதுவாக மாறிக்		
கொண்டிருக்கிறது.		

idea import

ignorant (இக்நரன்ட்) (adj.) knowing little or nothing; not aware, அறிவில்லாத; தெரியாத; அஞ்ஞானமுள்ள.

•He is completely **ignorant** of the situation.

illiterate (இல் பிரெய்ட்) (adj.) with little or no education, எழுதப்படிக்கத் தெரியாத; கல்வியறிவில்லாத.

•A large percentage of the people in India are illiterate.

illustrate (இலஸ்ட்ரெய்ட்) (v.) explain by examples, pictures etc., உதாரணங்கள் வாயிலாக விளக்கு.

•The teacher **illustrated** his talk with a number of examples.

image (இமேஜ்) (**n.**) likeness or copy of the shape, பிரத்; உருவம்.

•There was an **image** of a local saint in the church.

immediate (இமிடிஎட்) (adj.) without anything coming in between, உடனடியான.

•Who can give me **immediate** information about the incident?

impact (இம்பாக்ட்) (n.) collision, மோதல்; முட்டுதல்.

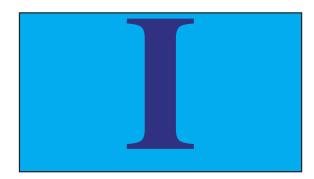
◆The window was shattered by the **impact** of a stone.

implement (இம்ப் மென்ட்) (v.) carry into effect; fulfill, அமலுக்குக் கொண்டுவா; செயல் படுத்து.

•A lot of money was collected to **implement** this programme.

import (இம்போர்)ட்) (v.) bring from a foreign country into one's country, இறக்குமதி செய்.

•We **import** large quantities of food grains every year.



idea (ஐடியா) (n.) thought; picture in the mind, எண்ணம்; கருத்து.

•I have an idea.

ideal (ஐடியல்) (adj.) correct; perfect; appropriate, சீரிய; உயர்வான.

◆The meadow is an **ideal** place for children to play.

identical (ஐடென்டிகல்) (adj.) exactly alike; agreeing in everyway, முழுதும் ஒத்திருக்கின்ற.

◆The twins looked identical.

idiot (இடியட்) (n.) weak minded person; fool, முட்டாள்; அறிவி□

◆Don't act like an **idiot**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

important (இம்பா(ர்)ட்ன்ட்) (adj.) of great influence; having a position of authority, முக்கியமான; கௌரவமான.

◆Today's speech is an **important** event in the election campaign.

impossible (இம்பாசிபல்) (adj.) not possible, முடியாத; சாத்தியமில்லாத.

•It is **impossible** to break that record.

impression (இம்பிரஷன்) (n.) effect produced on the mind, feeling, conscience, etc.; pressed-in shape, கருத்து; எண்ணம்; முத்திரை.

•What was your first **impression** about Sheela?

improper (இம்ப்ராப(ர்)) (adj.) not suited for the purpose, தவறான; பொருந்தாத.

•Laughing and joking are **improper** at a funeral.

improve (இம்ப்ருவ்) (v.) make or become better, சீர்திருத்து.

•Practice will **improve** your typing skill.

inability (இனபிடி) (n.) being unable; lack of power or means, இயலாமை.

◆His **inability** cannot be taken as an excuse at this moment.

inaugurate (இனஆக்யுரெய்ட்) (v.) to initiate a special cermony, சிறப்புச் சடங்குடன் தொடங்கு.

◆The Mayor **inaugurated** the conference with a short speech.

incident (இன்சிடென்ட்) (n.) happening; an event, நீகழ்வு; சம்பவம்.

◆The **incident** was forgotten long back.

include (இன்க்லூட்) (v.) comprise as part of the whole, உட்கொள்; அடக்கிக்கொள்.

•The meal **includes** main course, dessert and coffee.

income (இன்கம்) (n.) money received during a given period, வருமானம்; வருவாய்.

•His **income** is increasing every year.

inconvenient (இன்கன்வீன்இஎன்ட்) (adj.) causing discomfort, அசௌகரியமான; சங்கட்ட மான; தொந்தரவான.

•It's **inconvenient** to have to work on a weekend.

increase (இன்க்ரீஸ்) (v.) make or become larger, மிகு; அதிகமாக்கு.

•The population of India has **increased** by several millions during the last ten years.

independence (இன்டிபென்டன்ஸ்) (n.) freedom from dominance, சுதந்திரம்.

◆The **Independence** day of India is celebrated on the 15th of August every year.

index (இன்டெக்ஸ்) (n.) a table of references in a book, பொருளடக்கம் கொண்ட அட்டவணை.

◆Look in the **index** of this book to find all information about Indonesia.

indicate (இன்டிகெய்ட்) (v.) point to, குறிப்பிடு.

•He **indicated** that the interview was over.

individual (இன்டிவிட்யுஅல்) (adj.) referring to one person or a singular thing, தனித்த; தனி நபருக்குரிய.

•A teacher cannot give **individual** attention to his pupils if his class is very large.

industrial (இன்டஸ்ட்ரியல்) (adj.) pertaining to industry; relating to industry, உற்பத்தித் தொழில் சம்பந்தமான.

•The **industrial** revolution brought about great changes in social life.

inefficient (இன்எ:பிஷியன்ட்) (adj.) not quite capable, திறனற்ற; திறமை குறைந்த.

•Replace that **inefficient** machine with one that works properly.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

inevitable (இன்எவிடப்ல்) (adj.) that cannot be avoided, தவிர்க்க முடியாத; நிச்சயம் நேரிடக் கூடிய.

◆I've become **inevitable** to that company.

infant (இன்ஃபன்ட்) (n.) child during the first few years of its life, குழந்தை.

◆The **infant** was walking on its own.

inevitable

infect (இன்ஃபெக்ட்) (v.) fill with disease germs; give disease to, நோயணுக்களால் நிறை; நோய் பரப்பு.

•The flu virus **infected** almost the entire class.

inferior (இன்ஃபிரீஅ(ர்)) (adj.) lower in rank, social position or importance, தகுதியில் குறைந்த; முக்கியத்துவம் குறைந்த.

◆Brass is **inferior** to gold.

infinite (இன்ஃபினிட்) (**adj.**) endless; without limits, எல்லையற்ற; முடிவற்ற.

•Teaching little children takes **infinite** patience.

influence (இன்ஃப்லுஎன்ஸ்) (v.) have an effect on, செல்வாக்கு செலுத்து; செயல்படச் செய்.

•My brother **influenced** me to accept the job.

inform (இன்ஃபார்)ம்) (v.) to tell, **தெரிவி.**

•We **informed** the police about the theft.

ingredient (இன்க்ரீடிஎன்ட்) (n.) one of the parts of a mixture; a component part of anything, கலவையின் ஒரு பகுதி; அம்சம்.

•Salt is an essential **ingredient** for any food.

inhabitant (இன்ஹபிட்டன்ட்) (n.) one who lives in a place or house, வசிப்பவர்; குடியிருப்பவர்.
•All the inhabitants of that village were called for a panchayat meeting.

inherit (இன்ஹெரிட்) (v.) receive as heir, வாரிசாகப் பெறு.

•Geetha **inherited** her father's property.

initial (இனிஷிஅல்) (adj.) of or at the beginning; placed at or pertaining to the beginning, முதலான; ஆரம்பமான.

•There were difficulties at the **initial** stages of this project.

initiate (இனிஷியே(ய்)ட்) (v.) to begin, தொடங்கு; ஆரம்பி.

•Mr.Bala **initiated** the conversation.

injure (இன்ஜீஅ(ர்)) (v.) hurt; damage, தீங்கு செய்; காயப்படுத்து.

◆The boy **injured** his shoulder.

injustice (இன்ஜஸ்டிஸ்) (n.) lack of justice, அநீயாயம்; அநீதி.

•One should have the courage to fight against **injustice.**

inmate (இன்மெய்ட்) (n.) fellow occupant, வீடு, விடுத் முதயிவற்றில் வசிப்பவர்களில் ஒருவர்; உடன் வசிப்பவர்.

◆There are totally sixty **inmates** in this hostel.

inn (இன்) (n.) public house where lodging, drinks and meals may be had, சத்திரம்.

•We'll find a comfortable **inn** to stay for the night.

innocent (இன்னசன்ட்) (adj.) not guilty, குற்றமற்ற.

•The judge found the defendant **innocent**.

insert (இன்செர்)ட்) (v.) to put or place into something else, உட்புகுத்து.

•Insert the key in the lock.

inside (இன்சைட்) (prep. & adv.) inner surface, உள்ளே; உட்புறத்தில்.

◆There is nothing **inside** the box.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	
Practise translating the English sentences gives	ven as examples in the next page.

insist (இன்ஸிஸ்ட்) (v.) urge with emphasis, வற்புறுத்து.

•I **insist** that he should come with us.

inspect (இன்ஸ்பெக்ட்) (v.) examine carefully, சோதீ; ஆராய்; ஆய்வு செய்.

•Ask the mechanic to **inspect** the tyres.

inspiring (இன்ஸ்பயரிங்) (n.) enthusiastic, ஊக்கமளிக்கின்ற.

•The leader made a very **inspiring** speech.

instalment (இன்ஸ்டால்மென்ட்) (**n.**) payment paid in parts over a period with regular intervals, தவணை.

•In how many **instalments** are you paying the fees?

instant (இன்ஸ்டன்ட்) (adj.) happening at once, உடனடியான.

•He felt **instant** relief after taking the medicine.

institute (இன்ஸ்டிட்யூட்) (n.) society or organisation for a special purpose, மன்றம்; சங்கம்; பொது நிறுவனம்.

•The university plans to establish an **institute** for population studies.

instruct (இன்ஸ்ட்ரக்ட்) (v.) teach; train somebody, கற்பி; அறிவூட்டு.

◆The captain **instructed** the soldiers.

instrument (இன்ஸ்ட்ருமன்ட்) (n.) apparatus; appliance, கருவி; உபகரணம்.

•All surgical **instruments** must be sterilized.

insult (இன்சல்ட்) (v.) speak or act in a way that hurts a person's feelings or dignity, அவமதீ; மனதைப் புண்படுத்து; நீந்தி.

•You will **insult** me if you don't come to my house.

insurance (இன்ஷ்யுரன்ஸ்) (n.) act of insuring against damage or loss, காப்பீடு; நஷ்ட ஈடு; ஒப்பந்தம்.

•Does the company pay medical **insurance? integrity** (இன்டெக்ரிடி) (**n.**) quality of being honest and upright, **நேர்மை; நாணயம்.**

•The judge's **integrity** is appreciated by all.

intellect (இன்டெலக்ட்) (n.) power of the mind to reason, புத்திகூர்மை; அறிவு; புரிந்து கொள்ளும் சக்தி.

•Man's **intellect** distinguishes him from animals.

intense (இன்டென்ஸ்) (adj.) high in degree; very severe, தீவிரமான; கடுமையான.

•The heat from the stove is **intense.**

interest (இன்ட்ரெஸ்ட்) (n.) feeling of wanting to know or learn about something, தெரிந்து கொள்ள வேண்டும் என்ற விருப்பம்.

◆This boy shows great **interest** in physics.

interfere (இன்டர்ஃபிய(ர்)) (v.) break in upon another person's affairs without right or invitation, பிறர் விஷயத்தில் தலையிடு; குறிக்கிடு.

•Don't **interfere** in my work.

interpret (இன்டாப்ரிட்) (v.) make clear the meaning of, விளக்கு; அர்த்தம் சொல்.

•Can you **interpret** this difficult paragraph?

interrupt (இன்டரப்ட்) (v.) break the continuity of, இடைமறி; தடைசெய்.

•Please don't **interrupt** till I finish talking.

interval (இன்ட(ர்)வெல்) (n.) time between two events; space between two things, இடைவேளை.

•Adequate **intervals** are necessary for a lengthy meeting.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

interview (இன்ட(ர்)வ்யூ) (n.) meeting with somebody for discussion or conference, நேரில் சந்தித்துப் பேசுதல்; பேட்டி.

•We were listening to a radio **interview.**

intolerable (இன்டாலரப்ல்) (adj.) that cannot be tolerated or endured; unbearable, சகிக்க முடியாத; பொறுக்க முடியாத.

•The noise of the drilling machine is **intolerable.**

introduce (இன்ட்ரட்யூஸ்) (v.) bring in, கொண்டுவா; அறிமுகப்படுத்து.

•A trip to the museum **introduced** the class to modern art.

invalid (இன்வேட்) (adj.) not valid, செல்லாத; சக்தியிழந்த.

◆The cheque was **invalid** because the signature was not correct.

invent (இன்வென்ட்) (v.) newly create or design, புத்தாகக் கண்டுபிடி.

•Alexander Graham Bell **invented** the telephone.

investigate (இன்வெஸ்டிகெய்ட்) (v.) examine, அராய்; நன்கு விசாரி.

•A commission is **investigating** the causes of the railway accident.

invitation (இன்விடெய்ஷன்) (n.) act of inviting, அழைப்பு, அழைப்பிதழ்.

•He gave all his friends his marriage **invitation**.

invoice (இன்வாய்ஸ்) (n.) list of goods sold with their prices, விற்பனையான பொருட்களின் விலைப்பட்டியல்.

•I forgot to check the items with the **invoice**.

involve (இன்வல்வ்) (v.) get into a complicated or difficult condition, உட்படுத்து; சிக்கவை.

◆They are deeply **involved** in debt.

inward (இன்வ(ர்)ட்) (adj. & adv.) inner, உள்நோக்கியுள்ள.

◆The door opens inward.

irregular (இரெக்யுல(ர்)) (adj.) contrary to rules, ஒழுங்கற்ற.

•He is never **irregular** in his homework.

irresponsible (இரெஸ்பான்சிப்ல்) (adj.) not trustworthy, பொறுப்பற்ற; நம்பத்தகாத.

•Don't entrust that **irresponsible** boy with such a duty.

irritate (இரிடெய்ட்) (v.) annoy somebody, எரிச்சலுண்டாக்கு.

•The child's crying **irritated** the old man.

island (ஐலான்ட்) (n.) piece of land surrounded by water, தீவு.

*Srilanka is an **island**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Jealous - என்னுடைய பக்கத்து		
வீட்டுக்காரர் மிகவும் பொறாமைப்படுபவர்.		

job (ஜாப்) (n.) employment, உத்தியோகம்.

•Rohit is very happy about his **job**.

join (ஜாய்ன்) (v.) put together; connect, ஒன்று சேர்; இணை.

•We **joined** the pieces of material by stiching their edges together.

joke (ஜோக்) (n.) something said or done to cause amusement, கே 🗔 வேடிக்கை.

•Sunil told me a very funny **joke**.

journal (ஜ(ர்)ன்ல்) (**n.**) newspaper, பத்திரிகை. •Dailies, weeklies, and monthlies are all **journals.**

journey (ஜ(ர்)னி) (**n.**) travel, பயணம். ◆He planned a **journey** to Simla.

judgement (ஜட்ஜ்மென்ட்) (**n.**) the result of judging, தீர்ப்பு.

◆The judge gave a fair judgement.

jump (ஜம்ப்) (v.) to leap or spring, குதி.

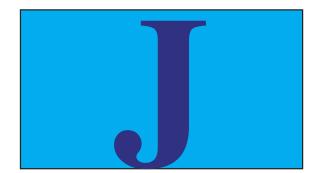
•He **jumped** up and down in excitement.

junction (ஜங்க்ஷன்) (**n.**) place where railway lines or roads meet, இணைப்பு.

•The policeman controlled traffic at the **junction**.

justice (ஜஸ்டிஸ்) (n.) right conduct; fairness, நேர்மை தவறாத நடத்தை; நீதி.

◆The prisoner felt that, **justice** was denied to him.



jealous

jealous (ஜெலஸ்) (adj.) feeling of unhappiness because of the good fortune of others, மூர் நலம் கண்டு பொறாமை கொள்கிற.

◆My neighbour is a very **jealous** person.

jewel (ஜ்யூஎல்) (n.) precious stone; a highly valued thing, விலையுயர்ந்த கல், பொருள்.

•Her **jewels** were kept in the locker.

jittery (ஜீட்டர்)(adv.) nervous, பதட்டப்படுகிற.

•He was **jittery** when his boss called him.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.	
Keep - நாம் கடவுளிடம் தீமைகளிலிருந்து	
நம்மைக் காக்க பிரார்த்திக்கிறோம்.	

kerosene (கெரௌஸின்) (n.) a byproduct of petroleum, மண்ணெண்ணெய்.

•We used to have **kerosene** lamps in our house.

kick (கிக்) (v.) strike with foot, உதை.

•As he **kicked** the ball, the game started.

kid (கீட்) (n.) child, குழந்தை.

◆They have got three **kids**.

kill (கில்) (v.) put to death, கொல்.

•Roshan won't kill even an ant.

kind (கைன்ட்) (n.) having sympathy for others, இரக்கம் கொண்ட.

◆Chitra is a very **kind** person.

knack (நே(ய்)க்) (n.) skill in doing something acquired through practice, சாமர்த்தியம்; திறமை.

•One must have **knack** to do this work.

knock (நாக்) (v.) hit, தட்டு, இடி.

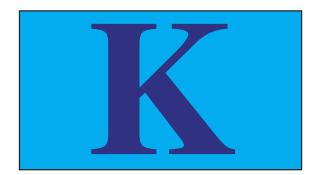
◆Shyam **knocked** the door.

know (னென) (v.) to understand, தெரிந்திரு.

◆I know what you are doing.

knowledge (நாதே) **(n.)** what is known, அறிவு; ஞானம்.

• The **knowledge** of good and evil cannot be acquired overnight.



keep (கீப்) (v.) possess or store something, வைத்திரு.

◆You can **keep** my book.

kennel (கெனல்) (n.) a dog house, நாய்ப் பட்டி.

•I built a **kennel** for my dog.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Label - தயவு செய்து உங்கள் முகவரியை		
இந்தச் சீட்டில் எழுதிக் கொடுங்கள்.		

lane (லெய்ன்) (n.) narrow road, சிறு தெரு.

•There were many small lanes in the village.

language (லாங்க்(உ)இஜ்) (n.) human speech, மொழி.

◆ Venkat can speak four **languages** easily.

lap (ωπ*i*) (**n.**) the part of the body from waist to the knees when a person is sitting, ω₁₄.

◆The little girl sat on her mother's lap.

lapse (லாப்ஸ்) (n.) error; gap in continuity, சிறு தவறு; சிறு விடுபாடு.

•He received his insurance claim as there was no lapse in his payments.

large (லார்)ஜ்) (adj.) bulky, அதிக அளவான.

◆We live in a **large** house.

last (லாஸ்ட்) (adj. & adv. & n.) final, கடைசியான.

•December is the **last** month of an year.

late (லெய்ட்) (adj. & adv.) after expected time, தாமதமான.

◆The train is arriving ten minutes late.

laugh (லாஃப்) (v.) make sounds expressing amusement, சிரி.

•Everyone laughed at his joke.

lay (லெய்) (v.) put down, வை.

•Naren **laid** his hand on my shoulder.

lazy (**லெய்ஸி**) (**adj.**) unwilling to work or be not active, சோம்பேறியான.

•Karthik is too **lazy** to clean the house.

lead (லீட்) (v.) guide, அழைத்துச் செல்.

•Our guide **leaded** us throughout the visit.

leakage (லீக்கெய்ஜ்) (n.) unintentional gradual escape or entrance, ஒழுகுதல்.

◆ LPG leakage is very dangerous.



label (லெய்பல்) (n.) small slip attached for identification, முகவரிச் சீட்டு.

• Please write your address on this **label**.

labour (வெய்ப(ர்)) (n.) services of the workers, உழைப்பு; வேலை.

• The Taj Mahal needed much labour.

lack (லாக்) (v.) be without, தேவைப்படு; குறைவாக இரு.

• I lack words to express my thanks.

land (லான்ட்) (n.) solid part of the earth's surface, கரை; மண்.

• Are you going by **land** or sea?

landmark (லான்ட்மா(ர்)க்) (n.) an object easily seen from a distance, தெளிவான அடையாளம்.

• That tower is a tall **landmark** on the skyline.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

learn (റെയ(i)ன்) (v.) gain knowledge, படி.

•Some people **learn** languages easily.

least (லீஸ்ட்) (adj. & adv.) very little, மிகக் குறைந்த.

•Raja was **least** bothered about his performance.

leave (லீவ்) (v.) quit, பிரிந்து செல்.

◆When did you leave Trivandrum?

lecture (லெக்(ட்) θ (ர்)) (n.) speech, சொற்பொழிவு.

• The sociology class had a **lecture** on Entrepreneurship.

left (லிஃப்ட்) (n.& adj.) the side opposite to the right, இடதுபக்கமான.

•Not many people write with their **left** hand.

legal (லீகல்) (adj.) judicial, சட்டம் சம்பந்தமான.

◆Saran is the **legal** adviser of a big company.

leisure (லெஷ(ர்)) (n.) spare time, ஒய்வு நேரம்.

•Reading is a pleasant way to spend one's leisure.

length (லெங்க்த்) (n.) measurement from end to end, நீளம்.

•The **length** of this rope is ten meters.

lesson (லெஸ்ன்) (n.) something to be learned or taught, கற்க வேண்டிய பாடம்.

◆The present test will cover **lessons** from one to

lethargy (விலத(ர்)ட்ஜி) (n.) lack of energy, சுறுசுறுப்பற்ற.

•Lethargy can ruin students' marks.

liability (லையபி ்டி) (n.) debt, செலுத்த வேண்டிய கடன்.

•He has no liabilities.

library (மைப்ரரி) (n.) a place where a collection of books are kept for reading and reference, நூலகம்.

•I borrowed a book from the **library** yesterday.

lift (கம்ட்) (v.) the act of raising, உயர்த்து.

• This bag is too heavy for me to lift.

limit (மிட்) (n.) boundary, எல்லை.

•We must set a **limit** to the expense of the trip.

line (லைன்) (n.) a thin straight mark, கோடு.

•I am going to draw a **line** under the misspelt words.

liquidate (上(உ)விடெய்ட்) (v.) pay or settle debts, கடன் செலுத்தி தீர்.

•I must **liquidate** all my outstanding accounts.

list (\square ஸ்ட்) (n.) a catalogue, பெயர் மற்றும் வீவரப்பட்டியல்.

•Does the club have a **list** of all its members?

listen (பெல்ன்) (v.) try to hear; pay attention, காது கொடுத்துக் கேள்.

•We **listened** for a very long time.

little (ட்ல்) (adj., adv. & n.) small, சிறிய; சிறிதளவு.

◆The **little** dog followed the boy everywhere.

live (ம்) (v.) be alive; reside, உயிருடன் இரு; வாழ்.

◆I live in a small house.

load (ஸோட்) (**n.**) that which is carried, சுமை; பாரம்.

◆The **load** was not very heavy.

loan (லோன்) (n.) the state of being lent, கடன்.

◆The bank sanctioned a **loan** of fifty thousand rupees for house improvements.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்	
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

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இருப்பிடத்தைக் கண்டுபிடி.

•The police are trying to **locate** the missing car.

lock (லாக்) (n.) a tool used to fasten a door, பூட்டு. •The front door needs a strong lock.

long (லாங்) (adj.) lengthy, நீண்ட; நீளமுள்ள.

◆Manisha has **long** hair.

longitude (லான்ஜிட்யூட்) (n.) east-west distance on the earth's surface, தீர்க்கரம்ச ரேகை.

•Greenwich meridian is a longitude.

loose (லூஸ்) (n.) not firm, தளர்த்தியான.

•There's a **loose** screw on this chair that needs tightening.

locate (வெளகேய்ட்) (v.) find the position of, love (லவ்) (n.) fondness; strong liking for somebody, அன்பு, காதல்.

•She had great **love** for her parents.

loyal (லாயல்) (adj.) faithful, விசுவாசமுடைய.

◆The politician rewarded his **loyal** supporters.

lucky (லக்கி) (adj.) fortunate by luck, யோகம் கொண்ட.

•Rahul was **lucky** to pass in his first attempt.

luxury (லக்ஷர்) (n.) a life of pleasure; great comfort, சுக போகத்துடனான வாழ்க்கை.

•Rashmi has lived in **luxury** all her life.

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மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Machine - இது ஒரு வீலையுயர்ந்த		
இயந்திரம்.		

main (மெய்ன்) (adj.) most important, முக்கியமான.

◆The **main** purpose of this book is to help students.

maintain (மெய்ன்டெய்ன்) (v.) keep up, நிலை நிறுத்து.

•The government has to **maintain** law and order.

major (மேஜர்) (adj.) more important, மிக முக்கியமான.

•In the city, one can find heavy traffic on all **major** roads around 9 in the morning.

manage (மேனி(ட்)ஜ்) (v.) control, கையாள்.

•They are not able to **manage** their difficult teenagers.

manipulate (மேனிப்யுலெய்ட்) (v.) handle with skill, **திறமையாகக் கையாள்.**

◆Can you **manipulate** a project?

manner (மேன(ர்)) (**n.**) the way of doing or happening, பாங்கு.

•His manner of speech was perfect.

manual (மேன்யுஅல்) (adj.) made or used with hands, கைகளால் செய்யப்பட்ட.

◆Manual work is tiring.

manufacture (மேன்யுஃபாக்ச(ர்)) (v.) produce, உற்பக்கி செய்.

◆Different kinds of textiles are **manufactured** in India.

margin (மா(ர்)ஜின்) (n.) blank space on the edges of a page, ஏல்லைக்கோடு.

•Leave sufficient **margin** when you write.

mark (மார்)க்) (n.) a visible sign, அடையாளம்.

•What is the **mark** of prosperity?



machine (மெஷின்) (n.) mechanical device, இயந்திரம்.

◆This **machine** is very expensive.

mad (மேட்) (adj.) insane, பைத்தியமான.

◆Do not laugh at **mad** men.

magnificent (மாக்னிஃபிசன்ட்) (adj.) superb; tremendous, சிறப்பு வாய்ந்த; உயர்வான.

•Ram has a **magnificent** record of achieve-ments.

mail (வெய்ல்) (n.) system of collecting and delivering letters, parcels, etc., தபால் அல்லது அஞ்சல் முறை.

•Bring the **mail** from the letter box.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்	
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

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marvellous (மா(ர்)வலஸ்) (n.) astonishing, அற்புதமான.

•Sunset at Kanyakumari is a marvellous sight.

match (மேட்ச்) (n.) contest, போட்டி.

•A cricket **match** attracts a huge crowd.

material (மெடிரிஅல்) (n.) substance, மூலப் பொருள்.

•Of what **material** is that cloth made?

mature (மட்ச்யுஅ(ர்)) (v. & adj.) fully grown, வளர்ச்சியடை; முதிர்ச்சியடைந்த.

•Opinions **mature** with age and experience.

maximum (மேக்சிமம்) (n. & adj.) greatest possible degree, quantity etc., மிக அதிகமான.

◆This plane can fly at a **maximum** height of 75,000 ft.

mean (மீன்) (**n., adj. & v.**) method, செய்முறை; வழி.

•What **means** did you use to get the answer?

meaning (மீனிங்) (n.) the sense intended, அர்த்தம்; பொருள்.

•Look up the **meaning** of the word 'inhabit' in the dictionary.

meanwhile (மீன்வைல்) (adv.) during time, இடைநேரத்தில்.

•In the **meanwhile**, I'll do some shopping.

measure (மெஷர்) (n.) quantity, அளவு.

•An inch is a **measure** of length.

mechanic (மெக்கானிக்) (n.) skilled workman who works with tools and machines, இயந்திர வல்லுனர்.

◆My uncle is a skilled **mechanic**.

medal (பெட்ல்) (n.) flat piece of metal to be given as an award, பதக்கம்; பாராட்டுச் சின்னம்.

◆Ram won a gold **medal**.

medicine (மெடிசின்) (n.) substance used in treating a disease, மருந்து.

◆You should take only **medicines** prescribed by doctors.

medical (மெடிக்கல்) (adj.) relating to medicine, மருந்து சம்பந்தமான.

•Medical research may find a complete cure for cancer in the near future.

meditate (மெடிடெய்ட்) (v.) think deeply; concentrate mind, தியானம் செய்.

◆Modern man doesn't set aside enough time to mediate.

medium (மீடியம்) (adj.) average, சராசரி.

•I am neither tall nor short, but of **medium** height.

meet (மீட்) (v.) come face to face with, சந்தி.

◆I'd like you to **meet** my brother.

melt (வெல்ட்) (v.) change from solid to liquid state, உத்த.

•His heart **melted** with pity at the sight of the poor fellow.

member (வெம்ப(ர்)) (**n.**) person belonging to a group, society etc., உறுப்பினர்.

•All the **members** of the committee were present.

memento (மிமென்டௌ) (n.) something which is a reminder of past events, **நீனைவுக் குறிப்பு.**

◆The chief guests were given **mementoes**.

memory (மெமரி) (**n.**) power of the mind to recall past events, ஞாபகம்; ஞாபகசக்தி.

•How can a person improve his **memory?**

memorial (மெமோரியல்) (n.) something made or done to remind people of an event, person etc., நினைவுச்சின்னம்.

◆They are raising fund to build a **memorial**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
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mental (மென்டல்) (adj.) done only with the mind, மனதால் செய்கின்ற.

•Solve these **mental** exercises.

menu (மென்யு) (n.) a list of detail, விவரப் பட்டியல்.

◆The waiter gave each guest a **menu** card.

merchant (மெர்)சன்ட்) (n.) trader, வணிகர்.

•He is a famous diamond merchant.

mercury (வெர்)குரி (**n.**) heavy silver coloured liquid metal, பாதரசம்.

•Mercury is used in thermometers.

mercy (வெ(ர்)சி) (n.) compassion, கருணை.

◆The Saint was known for his **mercy**.

merge (மார்)டஜ்) (v.) incorporate; combine, இரண்டறக் கல.

◆The former states of Travancore, Cochin and Malabar were **merged** into the state of Kerala.

merit (மெர்ட்) (n.) worth, தகுதி.

•Candidates will be selected based on their **merit**.

message (மெசேஜ்) (n.) piece of news or a request sent to somebody; communication, தகவல்; செய்கி.

•Did you get the **message** from Girija?

metal (பெட்டல்) (n.) a mineral substance, உரோகம்.

•Lead and iron are metals.

meter (மீட(ர்)) (**n.**) an instrument that measures; an amount of something used, அளவுக் கருவி.

•A **meter** is fixed in every house to record the usage of electricity.

method (வெதட்) (n.) a way of doing something, ஒழங்குமுறை.

•Our teacher has been trained in modern **methods** of teaching English.

metre (மீட(ர்)) (**n.**) unit of length in the metric system, மெட்ரிக் அளவையில் நீளத்தின் அலகு.

◆This table is about two **metres** long.

microscope (மைக்ரஸ்கௌப்) (n.) an optical instrument for magnifying objects, பூதக் கண்ணாடி; நுண்நோக்கி.

•Observe this bacteria under the **microscope**.

middle (மிட்ல்) (n.) the centre, மத்தி.

◆The painters moved the furniture to the **middle** of the room.

might (மைட்) (n.) great power, வல்லமை.

•Tug-of-war is usually played as a game of **might**.

mileage (மைல்எஜ்) (n.) distance travelled or measured in miles, பயணம் செய்த தூரம் மைல் கணக்கில்.

◆This is a used car with a low **mileage.**

military (மீலிட்டரி) (n.) the army, இராணுவப் படை.

•Indian **military** is very powerful.

mill (மில்) (n.) a building fitted with machines to grind corn, rice, etc., தானியங்கள் முதப்பவை பொடிக்கவோ அரைக்கவோ அமைக்கப்பட்ட தொழிற்சாலை.

•My uncle owns a rice mill.

mind (மைன்ட்) (n.) the faculty by which we think, மனது.

•I don't know what he has in **mind**.

mine (மைன்) (pron.) belonging to me, என்னுடைய.

•Is this book yours or **mine**?

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்	
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

mineral (மினரல்) (n.) anything dug out of a mine, தாதுப்பொருள்.

•Coal and iron are minerals.

mineral

mingle (மிங்க்ல்) (v.) blend, கூடு.

•The tourists soon **mingled** with the natives.

minimum (மினிமம்) (adj.) least possible amount, மிகக்குறைந்த.

•The new floors require **minimum** polishing.

minister (மினிஸ்ட(ர்)) (n.) member of a cabinet, அமைச்சர்.

◆The Health **minister** was re-elected in the election.

minor (மைன(ர்)) (**adj.**) smaller; not important or serious, சிறிய.

•Ranjit got a **minor** share from the profit.

miracle (மிரக்ல்) (n.) act of God; amazing event, வியத்தகு நிகழ்வு; அற்புதம்.

•The doctors said that her recovery was a **miracle**.

mirror (மிர(ர்)) **(n.)** a polished surface that can reflect light and images, முகம் பார்க்கும் கண்ணாடி.

•One can see his reflection in the **mirror**.

misbehave (மிஸ்பிஹெய்வ்) (v.) behave improperly, தவறாக நட.

• One should never **misbehave** under any circumstance.

mischief (மிஸ்சீஃப்) (n.) injury or damage done on purpose; damage, தீங்கு; குறும்பு.

•A child's **mischief** may become serious.

miserable (மீழைப்ல்) (adj.) wretchedly unhappy, பரிதாபத்துக்குரிய.

◆The living conditions of the refugees are miserable.

miss (மிஸ்) (v.) fail to catch or get, தவற விடு.

•Sasi was late so she **missed** her bus.

mission (மிஷன்) (n.) one's duty in life, வாழ்க்கையின் நோக்கம்.

•Sekar believed that his **mission** was teaching children.

mistake (மிஸ்டெய்க்) (n.) an error in action, தவறு.

◆Anyone can make a **mistake**.

misunderstand (மிஸ்அண்ட(ர்)ஸ்டான்ட்) (v.) understand wrongly, தவறாகப்புரிந்து கொள்.

◆Do not **misunderstand** good intentions.

mix (மிக்ஸ்) (v.) put together, ஒன்று சேர்.

◆Mix flour and water to make dough.

model (மாடல்) (n.) small scale copy of something, மாதிரி.

◆Here is the wax **model** of the proposed statue.

moderate (மாடிரெய்ட்) (adj.) average; reasonable, மிதமான.

◆They charge **moderate** prices in this shop.

modern (மாட(ர்)ன்) (adj.) of the present or recent times, நவீனமான; தற்காலத்திய.

•I'd rather stay in a **modern** hotel.

modification (மாடிஃபிக்கெய்ஷன்) (n.) partial alteration, சிற மாறுதல்.

◆They are making some **modifications** in their house.

moist (மாய்ஸ்ட்) (adj.) slightly wet, ஓரளவு ஈரமான.

◆The air is **moist** on a rainy day.

mole (மெனல்) (n.) a dark spot on the skin, மச்சம்.

◆He has a funny **mole** on his nose.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
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moment (மொமன்ட்) (**n.**) a very short period of time, கணநேரம்.

•It was all over in a few **moments.**

money (மனி) (n.) coin; currency, பணம்.

•The **money** stolen from the bank was soon recovered.

monster (மான்ஸ்ட(ர்)) (n.) mis-shaped, terrifying animal of huge size, பெரிய அச்சுறுத்துகிற உருவம்.

•Children enjoy cartoons with unusual monsters.

moral (மாரல்) (adj.) ethical,

•It is not **moral** to give or accept bribes.

more (மௌ(ர்)) (adj.) additional, அத்கமான.

◆We need **more** people.

moreover (மௌர்ஔஅ(ர்)) (adv.) as a further matter, மேலும்.

•I enjoy tennis, **moreover** it is a good exerciese.

mosquito (மஸ்கிடெள) (**n.**) small blood-sucking insect, கொசு.

•Mosquitoes can cause diseases like malaria and dengu.

most (மௌஸ்ட்) (**pron.**) largest in number, quantity, degree, etc., மிகப்பல; பெருமளவு.

•Most of the people are religious.

mother (மத(ர்)) (n.) female parent, தாய்.

•He loves his **mother** more than anything in the world.

motion (மௌஷன்) (**n.**) the process of moving, **அசைவு; இயக்கம்**.

•The machine was in continuous **motion**.

motor (வெளட(ர்)) (**n.**) machine that supplies power or causes motion, விசைப்பொறி.

◆This boat runs on a **motor**.

mountain (மௌண்டன்) (n.) a high hill, மலை. ◆Mt.Everest is the highest **mountain** in the world.

mouth (பௌத்) (**n.**) the opening in the face through which food is taken, வாய்.

•The dentist asked him to open his **mouth** widely.

much (மச்) (adj., adv., pron. & v.) in great quantity, நிறைய; மிகுதியான அளவு.

◆There isn't **much** food in the house.

mud (மட்) (n.) soft wet earth, **ஈரக் குழைவான** மண்; சேறு.

•Rain turns dust into mud.

mug (மக்) (n.) drinking vessel with a handle, கைபிடியுள்ள குடிக்கும் குவளை.

•He drinks coffee from the **mug**.

multiple (மல்டிப்ல்) (adj.) involving several things, பல மடங்கான.

•Several cars were damaged in the **multiple** crash.

murmur (ω(i)ω(i)) (n.) softly spoken words, φωσμφωσμύμ.

•They obeyed the command without any **murmur**.

muscle (மன்ல்) (n.) fleshy part of the body, தசை. ◆Physical excercises develop muscles.

museum (ம்யூ சிஅம்) (n.) a building for storing and exhibiting curiosities, அருங்காட்சியகம்.

•Children are very fond of visiting museum.

mushroom (மன் ஒரும்) (n. & v.) an edible fungus; develop rapidly, காளான்; வேகமாக முன்னேறு.

◆The shape of the **mushroom** is like a tiny umbrella.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.		
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

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music (ம்யூசிக்) (**n.**) the art of producing pleasant combination of sounds in harmony, இசை.

◆Shall we have some **music** during dinner?

mute (ம்யூட்) (adj.) silence, பேசாத; ஓசையற்ற.

◆We watched a **mute** play.

mutter (மட(ர்)) (v.) grumble; something said quietly, தாழ்ந்த குரங் கூறு.

•I can't hear you if you mutter.

my (மை) (pron.) belonging to me, எனது.

◆Where is **my** watch?

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Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.	
Nail - அவள் கீழே விழும்பொழுது அவள்	
கால் நகத்தை உடைத்துக் கொண்டாள்.	

nail need

nation (நெய்ஷன்) (**n.**) people of a country or under the same government, தேசம்.

Ours is a democratic **nation**.

native (நேட்டிவ்) (n. & adj.) one born in a specified place, ஒரு நாட்டில் பிறந்தவர்; பிறப்பிடம்.

•I am a **native** of this country.

nature (நெய்ட்ச(ர்)) (**n.**) the entire physical world, இயற்கை.

•We should live in harmony with the **nature**.

naughty (நாட்டி) (adj.) disobedient, விஷமத்□ தனமுள்ள.

•A **naughty** child can be disciplined only by its parents.

navy (நெய்வி) **(n.)** a country's war ships and its auxiliaries, கடற்படை.

•Our country has a strong **navy**.

near (நிஅ(ர்)) (n.) pointing closeness in time or space, அருகில்.

◆The railway station is quite **near**.

neat (நீட்) (adj.) tidy, நேர்த்தியான.

•Kamal keeps his desk very **neat.**

necessary (தெணைரி) (adj.) which has to be done, தேவையான.

• Proper sleep is **necessary** to health.

neck (ிநக்) (n.) the part between the head and shoulders, கழுத்து.

•Arun had a pain in his **neck.**

need (நீட்) (n.) something that is necessary, தேவை.

•The old man has a daughter who looks after his **needs.**



nail (நெய்ல்) (n.) tough plate that covers the upper surface of the end of each finger and toe, நகம்.

•Sushmita broke her toe **nail** when she fell down.

name (செய்ம்) (**n.**) by which a person or a thing is called, பெயர்.

•The teacher knows all the pupils of his class by name.

narrate (நிரய்ட்) (v.) relate (a story); tell (a story), எடுத்துரை; கதைகூறு.

•The director **narrated** the story to the actor.

narrow (நாரௌ) (adj.) cramped, குறுகிய.

◆The road was too **narrow** for cars to pass.

nasty (நாஸ்டி) (adj.) unpleasant, அருவருக்கத் தக்க.

•The place around the water tank was **nasty**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

neglect (நெக்லக்ட்) (n. & v.) pay no attention to; fail to give proper care, கவனிக்காம பந; பூறக்கணி; உதாசீனம்.

•Anand **neglected** his studies and he failed.

negligence (நெக் இன்ஸ்) (n.) carelessness, கவனக்குறைவு.

◆The accident was due to the driver's **negligence**

•

neglect

negotiate (ிநகௌஷிஎய்ட்) (**v.**) discuss with somebody in order to come to an agreement, பேச்சு வார்த்தை நடத்து.

•I tried to **negotiate** with the bank manager for a long time.

neighbour (நெய்ப(ர்)) (n.) person who lives near, அடுத்த வீட்டுக்காரர்.

•We are next door **neighbours**.

neither (நெய்த(ர்)) (pron. & adv.) not the one or the other, இதுவும் அதுவும் அல்லாத.

•Neither of the colours is satisfactory.

nephew (ிநவ்யூ) (**n.**) son of one's brother or sister, ஒருவரின் சகோதரி அல்லது சகோதரனின் மகன். ◆My **nephew** lives in Pune.

neptune (நெப்ட்யூன்) (n.) God of the sea, வருண பகவான்.

•Neptune is a God in Greek mythology.

nerve (ிரு(ர்)வ்) (n.) the fibre(s) that connects the brain with the parts of the body carrying impulses and feelings, முனையையும் உடலின் மற்ற பகுதிகளையும் இணைத்து உணர்வுகளைத் தாங்கிச் செல்லும் நரம்பு.

•Nerves are present everywhere in the body.

nest (நெஸ்ட்) (n.) home of birds, பறவைக் கூடு.

◆The bird lays eggs in its **nest.**

never (டுநவ(ர்)) (adv.) at no time; not ever; not at all, ஒரு போதுமில்லை.

•Kavitha **never** goes to the cinema.

newcomer (ந்யூகமர்) (**n.**) a recent arrival, புதிதாக வந்த நபர்.

◆She and her husband are **newcomers** to our town.

news (ந்யூஸ்) (**n.**) new information about latest events, செய்தி.

◆Did you hear the **news?**

nibble (நீப்ல்) (v.) take small bites, சிறிது சிறிதாகக் கடி.

◆The child was **nibbling** at its food for a very long time.

nice (நைஸ்) (adj.) pleasant, இன்பகரமான.

◆It's a **nice** day.

nickname (நீக்நெய்ம்) **(n.)** name given in addition to or altered from the real name, புனைப்பெயர்.

•Venkat's **nickname** is 'Fatty' because he is rather fat

night (நைட்) (n.) the dark time between sunset and sunrise, இரவு.

•A guard is on duty during the **night**.

noble (ரௌப்ல்) (**adj.**) having or showing high character and qualities, உயர் குணமுடைய.

•Riyaz is a man of **noble** character.

noise (நாய்ஸ்) (n.) loud and confused sound, கூ.ச்சல்.

◆Don't make so much **noise**.

nominate (நாமிரெய்ட்) (**v.**) put forward someone's name for election, பெயரை முன்மொழி.

◆Three candidates have been **nominated** for the post of the President.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

none (நன்) (**pron. & adv.**) not any; no one, **யாருமிலர்; ஒன்று கூட, சிறிதுகூட இல்லாத.**◆None of them were interested.

normal (நார்)மல்) (adj.) regular; usual, இயல்பான; வழக்கமான.

◆Shylaja is of **normal** height.

north (நார்)த்) (**n.**) the direction which is left if you face the rising sun, வடக்கு.

◆Which way is **north?**

note (ிநளட்) (**n.**) short record made to help the memory, குறிப்பு.

•He spoke for an hour without a **note.**

nothing (நதிங்) (pron. & adj.) not anything, எதுவுமில்லாமை; ஏதுமின்றி.

•There is **nothing** interesting in the news.

notice (வெள்டீஸ்) (**n.**) written or printed news of something about to happen or something that has happened, அறிவிப்பு.

•Did you receive any **notice** about the meeting?

now (நவ்) (adv.) at the present time, இப்போது.
◆Where are you living now?

nucleus (ந்யூக் அஸ்) (n.) central part of an atom; central portion around which other things revolve, அணுவீன் மத்திய பாகம்; மையக் கரு.

◆The **nucleus** of the negotiation was salary rise.

number (நம்ப(ர்)) (n.) quantity, எண்ணிக்கை. ◆A large number of people attended the meeting.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.	
Oasis - பயணிகள் பாலைவனச் சோலையின்	
பனை மரங்களுக்கடியில் அபயம்	
கொண்டனர்.	
	•••••

objection (அப்ஐக்ஷன்) (n.) disagreement, எதிர்ப்பு; தடை.

•The main **objection** to the plan was that it was expensive.

objective (அப்ஐக்டிவ்) (**adj. & n.**) goal or aim towards which one directs his efforts, **கறக்கோள்.**

• Praveen's **objective** in life is to become a millioniare.

observe (அப்செர்)வ்) (**v.**) see and notice, பார்வையிடு.

◆Did you **observe** anything suspicious?

obtain (அப்டெய்ன்) (n.) get; secure for oneself, கீடைக்கப்பெறு.

•How does one **obtain** a driving licence in this country?

occasion (அசெய்ஷன்) (n.) time at which a particular event takes place, நகமும் நேரம்.

•All relatives gathered on that happy **occasion**.

occupation (அக்யபேஷன்) (n.) employment, வேலை; தொழில்.

◆What is your father's **occupation?**

occupy (அக்யுபை) (v.) to be in possession, குடியீரு.

•Siva decided to **occupy** his old house.

occur (அக(ர்)) (v.) take place, நிகழ்.

•When did the accident occur?

ocean (ஒஷன்) (**n.**) the great body of salt water that covers almost three-fourths of the earth's surface, சமுத்தேரம்; பெருங்கடல்.

•Srilanka is in the Indian ocean.

odd (ஆட்) (adj.) strange, வீசித்திரமான.

◆That big orange hat looks **odd**.



oasis

oasis (ஓயச்ஸ்) (n.) a fertile spot in desert, பாலைவனச்சோலை.

•The travellers sheltered under the palm trees at the **oasis**.

oath (ஓத்) (n.) solemn undertaking to do something, ஆணை; சபதம்.

•The Indian President must take an **oath** to uphold the constitution.

obey (ஒபெய்) (v.) to act according to a rule or law, கீழ்ப்படி.

•A good citizen **obeys** the law.

object (அப்ஐக்ட்) (v.) disagree, ஆட்சேபி; தடை செய்.

•My mother **objects** wearing footwear inside the house.

Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

offence (அஃபென்ஸ்) (n.) wrong doing, தீங்கு; குற்றம்.

◆Thomas meant no **offence** by the remark.

offer (ஆஃப(ர்)) (**n. & v.**) hold out to give, கொடுக்க முன் வா.

•Vimala **offered** us some of the cake she made.

office (ஆஃபிஸ்) (**n.**) rooms used as a place of business, அலுவலகம்.

•Raja loves working in his office.

oft, often (ஆஃட், ஆஃபன்) (adv.) frequently, அடிக்கடி.

◆We **often** go to the beach.

oil (ஆஇல்) (n.) any greasy liquid, எண்ணெய்.

◆Two of the properties of the **oil** are that it catches fire easily and does not readily mix with water.

old (ஒளல்ட்) (adj.) pertaining to age; ancient, வயதான; பழமையான.

◆This arm-chair is very old.

omit (ஔமிட்) (v.) to leave out, விடு; நீக்கு.

•Be sure not to **omit** any name from the list.

on (ஆன்) (prep.) above, மேலே.

◆There is a carpet **on** the floor.

once ((உ)வன்ஸ்) (adv.) for one time, ஒருமுறை.

•I have been to the Taj Mahal **once.**

only (ஒளன் ☐ (**adj.**) single in number or kind, ஒன்றுமட்டுமான.

•Suman is his family's **only** child.

onward (ஆன்வ(ர்)ட்) (adj. & adv.) toward a point; forward, முன்நோக்கி.

◆The **onward** journey took three days.

open (ஒளபன்) (adj.) not closed, திறந்த.

◆Deepak likes to sleep in **open** air.

operate (அபிரம்ட்) (v.) carryout; perform a surgical operation, பணியாற்று; அறுவை சீகிச்சை செய்.

◆Do you know to **operate** this machine?

oppose (அபௌஸ்) (v.) fight against, எதிர்த்து நில்.

◆Do not **oppose** the powerful.

option (ஆப்ஷன்) (**n.**) right to choose; what is chosen, **தேர்ந்தெடுக்கும் உரிமை; விருப்பம்.**

◆I have no **option** but to take up the job.

optical (ஆப்டிகல்) (adj.) the sense of sight, பார்வை சம்பந்தமான.

◆The microscope and the telescope are **optical** instruments.

oral (ஓரல்) (adj.) spoken, பேசப்படுகிற; வாய்மொழியான.

◆The children were given an **oral** examination.

order (ஆர்)டர்)) (n.) arrangement, ஒழுங்கு முறை.

•The names are written in alphabetical **order**.

ordinary (ஆர்)டினரி) (adj.) normal, சாதாரணமான.

•He's not a hero, just an **ordinary** man.

organisation (ஆர்)கனிசேஷன்) (**n.**) an organised body, அமைப்பு; கழகம்.

◆The Rotary club is a social **organisation**.

origin (ஆரிஜின்) (n.) starting point, ஆரம்ப இடம்.

•The reporter traced the story back to its **origin.**

ornament (ஆர்)னமென்ட்) (**n.**) which is added for decoration, ஆபரணம்.

•Those valuable cups are **ornamental**, not for use.

Practise translating the English sentences given	ven as examples in the next page.
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orphanage (ஆர்)ஃபிநம்ஜ்) (n.) a home for orphans and abandoned children, அனாதை இல்லம்.

◆My friends are running an **orphanage**.

our (ஒளஅ(ர்)) (pron.) belonging to us, எங்களுடைய.

◆This is **our** school.

out (அவ்ட்) (adv.) on or towards outside, வெளியே; வெளியில்.

◆Mr.John went **out** just now.

outdoor (அவ்ட்டொர்)) (n.) out of the building, வீட்டுக்கு வெளியே.

◆Which **outdoor** games do you like?

outstanding (அவ்ட்ஸ்டான்டிங்) (adj.) in a position to be easily noticed, குறிப்பிடத்தக்க; முதன்மையான.

◆This is one of the **outstanding** paintings of Raja Rayi Varma.

overload (ஒளவஅ(ர்)லௌட்) (v.) to load too heavily, அளவுக்கு மிஞ்சிய பாரம் ஏற்று.

◆Do not **overload** the lorry.

overnight (ஒளவஅ(ர்)னைட்) (adv.) during or throughout the night, இரவு முழுவதும்.

•We missed the train and stayed **overnight** in an hotel.

overpower (ஒளவஅ(ர்)பவ(ர்)) **(v.)** defeat by great power; subdue, கீழடக்கு.

◆The king **overpowered** all his enemies.

overseas (ஒளவஅ(ர்)சீஸ்) (adj.) to or from places across the sea, அயல் நாட்டிலுள்ள.

◆They planned to go **overseas** for this vacation.

overtake (ஒளவஅ(ர்)டெய்க்) (v.) pass by faster movement, **மேலே முந்திச் செல்.**

◆The champion slowly **overtook.**

overtime (ஒளவஅர்)டைம்) (n. & adj.) time spent for work after the usual hours; குறப்பிட்ட நேரத்துக்கு மேல்.

◆The employees complained that the **overtime** pay is insufficient.

oxygen (அக்சிஜன்) (n.) gas without taste, பிராணவாயு.

◆Oxygen is a life-supporting gas.

Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.	
Pack - அவன் அவனது முதுகில் ஒரு மூட்டை	
சாமான்களை கொண்டு செல்கிறான்.	

paint (பெய்ன்ட்) (v. & n.) apply liquid with brush; colouring substance, வர்ணம் தீட்டு; வர்ணம்.

•What colour **paint** would you like for the wall?

pair (பெய்அர்) (n.) two things of the same kind used together, ஜோடி.

•Mohan bought a **pair** of shoes.

palace (பாலஸ்) (n.) a king's house, அரண்மனை. •I have been to the Mysore palace.

palm (பாம்) (n.) the inner surface of hand, உள்ளங்கை.

◆He had a long scar on his **palm.**

pamphlet (பாம்ஃப்லெட்) (**n.**) a small book with paper cover, துண்டு வெளியீடு.

•They distributed **pamphlets** among the people.

pant (பேன்ட்) (n. & v.) trouser; take short quick breaths, கால் சட்டை; மூச்சு வாங்கு.

•The winner was **panting** after the race.

parade (பிரம்ட்) (n.) assemble together for drilling, படைகள் அணிவகுக்கும் காட்சி; பொதுக்காட்சி.

•The soldiers marched briskly for the **parade**.

paragraph (பேராக்ராஃப்) (n.) a distinct section of a piece of writing beginning in a new line, பத்தி.

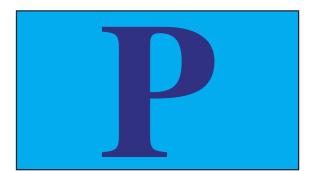
•We divide an essay into **paragraphs**.

parallel (பேரலல்) (adj.) running side by side but never meeting, சமாந்தரமான.

Latitudes are **parallel** lines.

parcel (பார்)சல்) (n.) things wrapped and tied up,

•Gayatri left the **parcel** in the shop.



pack (பேக்) (v. & n.) tie or put in a container; things tied up together or put in a container, கட்டு; மூட்டை.

• Vignesh carries a **pack** of goods on his back.

pad (பேட்) (n.) sheets of writing paper put together along one edge, எழுதுவதற்காக அட்டையில் கட்டி வைத்த காகிதக்கட்டு.

•Pradeep tore out a page from the writing **pad.**

page (பெய்ஜ்) (n.) one side of the printed sheet of a paper, புத்தகம் முதப்பவற்றின் தாளின் ஒரு பக்கம்.

◆There is a **page** missing in this book.

pain (பெய்ன்) (n.) suffering of mind or body, வ 🗆

•I have a **pain** in my shoulder.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

parent (பெய்ரன்ட்) (n.) father or mother, தந்தை அல்லது தாய்.

•My parents are going abroad next year.

park (பார்)க்) (n.) public garden, பூங்கா.

•The municipal **parks** are being reconstructed.

part (பார்)ட்) (**n.**) something less than the whole, பாகம்.

•Only a part of Suji's story is true.

partner (μπ(i) ட்ண(i) (n.) a person who takes part in something with another, கூட்டானி.

•Saravanan and Vinod are **partners** in trade.

party (பார்)டி) (**n.**) social function; political organization, விருந்தினரை உபசரிக்கும் ஒர் விருந்து; **அரசியல் கட்சி**.

•The family is giving a **party** on Divya's birthday.

pass (பாஸ்) (v.) move towards and beyond, கடந்து செல்.

•He had to **pass** through many villages on his way to the city.

passage (பேசிட்ஜ்) (n.) means or way of passing, பாதை; செல்லும் வழி.

•Is there a **passage** through the mountains?

passenger (பேசின்ஜ(ர்) (**n.**) person travelling in a vehicle, பயணி.

◆There were only a few **passengers** in the bus.

passion (பேஷன்) (**n.**) very strong emotions, **தீவீர** வீருப்பம்.

•Mythili has a **passion** for painting.

passive (பாசிவ்) (adj.) inactive, செயலற்ற.

•People generally become **passive** as they grow old.

passport (பாஸ்பௌ(ர்)ட்) (n.) document issued by Government giving permission for a person to travel abroad, அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட பயண இசைவுச் சீட்டு.

•Krish applied for a **passport** to visit America.

past (பாஸ்ட்) (**adj.**, **adv.**, **prep.**, & **n.**) of the time before the present, கடந்த காலத்திலுள்ள.

◆Don't worry about the **past.**

patient (பெய்ஷன்ட்) (**adj.**) not easily provoked; suffering without complaint, பொறுமையுள்ள; சகித்துக் கொள்ளுகின்ற.

•We have to be **patient** in all our undertakings.

patrol (บட்டுரளல்) (**n.**) a small body of police or soldiers guarding a place, காவல் உலாவுதல்.

•We came across several army **patrols** in the hills.

pattern (பேட(ர்)ன்) (n.) decorative design, அலங்கார அமைப்பு.

◆In which **pattern** do you want me to stich?

pause (பாஸ்) (n. & v.) short interval; stop briefly, தற்காலிக நிறுத்தம்; மெல்ல நிறுத்தி பின் செல். • Prakash continued his story after a pause.

pay (பெய்) (v.) give money for goods or services, பெற்ற பொருள் அல்லது சேவைக்குப் பணம் கொடு.

•Arjun **paid** the money and left.

payment (பெய்மென்ட்) (n.) act of paying, பணம் கொடுத்தல்; கொடுக்கும் தொகை.

•Muthu gets monthly **payment**.

peaceful (பீஸ்ஃபுல்) (adj.) quiet and calm, அமைதியான; சமாதானமான.

◆India and Pakistan have agreed to be **peaceful** countries.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
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peak (பீக்) (n.) hill top, சிகரம்.

•The mountaineering team reached the **peak** after a hard struggle.

penalty (பெனால்டி) (n.) punishment for disobedience of a law or rule, தண்டனை; அபராதம்.

•If you don't pay the electricity charges on time, you will have to pay **penalty**.

pending (பென்டிங்) (adj.) waiting to be decided, முடிவிற்காக காத்திருக்கிற.

•Final decision on the matter is still **pending**.

people (பீப்ல்) (n.) persons in general, மக்கள்.

•The streets were crowded with **people.**

percent (பெர்)சன்ட்) (n.) by the hundred, சதமானம், சதவீதம்.

•Ten **percent** of the students were absent because of illness.

perfect (பெர்)ஃபெக்ட்) (adj.) complete; not lacking anything, முழுமையான; குறையற்ற.

•It is difficult to be a **perfect** person.

perform (பெர்)ஃபார்ற்ம்) (v.) accomplish something, செயல்படுத்து; நிறைவேற்று.

•A skilled worker can **perform** a task easily.

period (பீரிஅட்) (**n.**) length or portion of time, கால அளவு.

•A working day is divided into seven **periods** in our school.

permit (பெர்)மிட்) (v.) allow, அனுமதி.

•Will you **permit** me to ask a question?

person (பெர்)சன்) (n.) man, woman or child, ஆள்.

◆There will be twelve **persons** at our table.

personnel (பெர்)சானல்) (n.) the body of persons employed in a factory or office, ஒரு நிறுவனத்தில் வேலையில் ஈடுபட்டிருப்பவர்கள்.

•Many trained **personnel** are getting promotion in our factory.

pet (பெட்) (**n.**) a tame animal or bird kept for companionship or pleasure, ஆசைக்கு வளர்க்□ கப்படும் **செல்லப்பிராணி.**

◆Does a dog make a better **pet** than a cat?

physician (ஃபிசிஷன்) (**n.**) doctor of medicine and surgery, மருத்துவர்.

•Consult a **physician** if you fall ill.

picnic (பிக்னிக்) (n.) a short pleasure trip on which food is carried to be eaten outdoors,

வெளியில் உண்பதற்கு உணவெடுத்து செல்லும் சுற்றுலா.

•Let us go for a **picnic** to Mahabalipuram.

pinch (பின்ச்) (v.) to squeeze or press flesh tightly between the thumb and forefinger, கிள்ளு.

•Kids **pinch** each other while playing.

pipe (பைப்) (**n.**) a tube through which liquids or gases flow, குழாய்.

•Water runs through the hose **pipe.**

pitch (பிட்ச்) (v.) set up, தூக்கி நிறுத்துதல்.

•They **pitched** their tent in the field.

place (ப்லெய்ஸ்) (**n.**) a particular spot or area, இடம்.

◆This is a nice **place** to sit.

plain (ບໍ່ຄົນພໍ່ໜັ່) **(n.)** an extent of level land, **ສ**ມດິດເຄົ້າ.

◆The treeless **plain** stretched to the horizon.

Practise translating the English sentences given	ven as examples in the next page.
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plan (ப்லான்) (n.) outline; layout, வரைபடம்; pluck (ப்லக்) (v.) pull, பிடுங்கு. கிட்டம்.

◆This is the **plan** of our new house.

planet (ப்லானிட்) (n.) a heavenly body rotating round the sun, கிரகம்.

◆ Venus and Mars are planets.

plant (ப்லான்ட்) (**n.**) small varieties of vegeta-bles,

Plants require sunlight for growth.

plaster (ப்லாஸ்ட(ர்)) (**n.**) mixture of lime, water and sand used as a coating on the walls, சுண்ணாம்புச் சாந்து (குழம்பு).

•He mixed up some **plaster** to repair the wall.

plastic (ப்லாஸ்டிக்) (n.) a material which is produced by a chemical procedure, சாமான்கள் செய்யப் பயன்படும் ஒர் செயற்கைப் பொருள்.

•Many shopping bags are made from **plastic.**

player (ப்லெயர்) (n.) one who plays, விளையாடுபவர்.

•His brother is a famous football **player.**

pleasant (ப்லெசன்ட்) (adj.) enjoyable; goodnatured, மனதுக்குகந்த; மகிழ்வளிக்கிற.

•We had a very **pleasant** evening.

pledge (ப்லெட்ஜ்) (n.) promise, வாக்குறுதி.

•Her husband has given a **pledge** that he will not drink again.

plenty (ப்லென்டி) (n.) as much as or more than what is needed; large amount, soppa; அபரிமிதம்.

•We have **plenty** of food.

plot (ப்லாட்) (n.) piece of ground, துண்டு பூமி (நிலம்).

•He has purchased a building **plot**.

•She **plucked** flowers in the garden.

plug (ມ່ວນ a) (n.) piece of wood or metal used to stop up a hole, அடைப்புக் கட்டை.

•He put **plugs** in his ears to block out the loud noise.

poach (பௌச்) (v.) to hunt or catch fish or wild animals, பிறர் நிலத்தில் சட்டத்திற்கு புறம்பாக வேட்டையாடுதல்.

•To **poach** wild animals in nature reserves is punishable.

poem (பௌயம்) (n.) verse, செய்யுள்.

•A **poem** can express deep feelings or noble thoughts in beautiful language.

pole (பௌல்) (n.) long wood, நீண்ட கம்பு.

•The flags were hung on bamboo poles.

polish (பாப்பு) (v.) make smooth and shiny, வெளிப்பரப்பைத் தேய்த்துப் பளபளப்பாக்கு.

•I am going to **polish** the furniture.

pollution (பல்யூஷன்) (n.) make dirty; make impure, அசுத்தமாக்குதல்; மாசுபடுத்துதல்.

•In many countries, laws are enacted to reduce air **pollution**.

pool (பூல்) (n.) small area of still water, தேங்கி நிற்கும் நீர்.

• After the rain, there were **pools** on the roads.

popular (பாபுல(i)) (adj.) liked and admired by people, பீரபலமான.

•Rajini is a **popular** film star in India.

population (பாபுலெய்ஷன்) (**n.**) number of people living in a place, country, etc., மக்கள் தொகை.

•The **population** of India is more than a thousand million.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்	
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

portrait (பௌ(ர்)ட்டிரய்ட்) (**n.**) painted picture, வையம்.

•The saint's **portrait** hangs in the Church.

position (பொசிஷன்) (n.) place where some-body is, in relation to others, ஒன்றுடன் ஒப்பீட்டுப் பார்க்கும்பொழுது மற்றொன்றின் நிலை.

•His product has a very good position in the market.

possess (பொசஸ்) (v.) to own or have, உடைமையாகப் பெற்றிரு.

◆They **possess** five acres of land.

possessive (பொசசிவ்) (adj.) demanding someone's total attention and love; unwilling to share one's possessions, சொந்தத்துக்குரிய; உடைமைக்குரிய.

•Sanjana is very possessive of her things.

possible (பாசிப்ல்) (adj.) that which can be done, சாத்தியமான.

Can you please come as early as possible?

possibility (பாசிபிலிடி) (n.) in accordance with what is possible, சாத்தியம்.

•A hundred years ago, a few people did not believe in the **possibility** of flying.

poultry (பௌல்ட்ரி) (n.) domestic fowls such as hens, ducks, etc., கோழி, வாத்து போன்ற வீட்டு பறவைகள்.

◆The **poultry** are being fed.

pour (பௌ(ர்)) (v.) cause a liquid to flow in a continuous stream, ஊற்று.

•Pour yourself another cup of tea.

power (பவ்அ(ர்)) (**n.**) ability to do or act, சக்தி; திறன்.

•The chameleon has the **power** to change its colour.

practice (ப்ராக்டிஸ்) (**n.**) repeat something to get better, **பழக்கம்; நீடித்த பயிற்சி.**

• Practice makes a man perfect.

praise (ப்ரெய்ஸ்) (**v.**) speak with approval of, போற்று.

•The minister **praised** the boy for his courage.

prefer (ப்ரிஃபர்)) (v.) like better, ஒப்பிட்டுப் பார்த்து நல்லதென்று தேர்ந்தெடு.

◆What do you **prefer**, tea or coffee?

premises (ப்ரெமிசல்) (n.) a building and the area of ground belonging to it, கட்டடமும் சுற்றுப்பு புறமும்.

•The local cricket club uses these **premises**.

preparation (ப்ரிபெய்அ(ர்)ரேஷன்) (n.) readiness, முன்னேற்பாடு செய்தல்.

• We had only a week to make **preparation** for the wedding.

prescribe (ப்ரெஸ்க்ரைப்) (v.) advise or order the use of, உத்தரவிடு; வழிவகை கூறு.

•The doctor **prescribed** him a long rest.

preserve (ப்ரிசெர்)வ்) (v.) keep safe from harm or danger, காப்பாற்று; கெடாது பேணு; அழியாது பாதுகாறு.

•We must **preserve** our natural resources.

press (ப்ரெஸ்) (v.) push steadily against, அழுத்து. ◆The minister opened the factory by **pressing** a button.

pressure (ப்ரெஷ(ர்)) (**n.**) force that pushes, அழுத்தம்.

•The **pressure** of water at great depths is immense.

prestige (ப்ரெஸ்டிஜ்) (**n.**) respect resulting from good reputation, கௌரவம்.

•The success of his writing brought him great **prestige.**

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
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pretty (ப்ரிடி) (adj.) pleasing and attractive, அழகான; சிங்காரமான.

Preeti is a pretty girl.

previous (ப்ரீவியஸ்) (**adj.**) coming earlier in time or order, முந்தைய.

• Did you get good marks in the **previous** examination?

prime (ப்ரைம்) (**adj.**) first in value or importance, முக்கியமான.

◆To be of use to the society is his **prime** goal.

principal (பிரின்சிபல்) (**adj.**) highest in the order of importance, முக்கியமான.

•Rice is the **principal** food of the people in South India.

principle (ப்ரின்சிப்ல்) (**n.**) basic truth; fundamental cause, அடிப்படைக் கொள்கை.

•He studied the **principles** of physics.

prior (ப்ரைஅர்)) (adj.) earlier, முந்திய.

•His application was submitted **prior** to all others.

private (ப்ரைவீட்) (**adj.**) not public; personal; restricted, தனிப்பட்ட; **சொந்த**.

◆This is a **private** property.

procedure (ப்ரெளசிட்ஐ(ர்)) (**n.**) the order or method of doing something, செயல்படுத்தும் முறை.

•Do you know the **procedure** of admission to that college?

process (ப்ராஸஸ்) (n.) series of actions, நடைமுறை; செயற்பாங்கு.

•My request for mobile banking is still under **process**.

produce (ப்ரடியூஸ்) (v.) manufacture, உற்பத்தி செய்.

◆They have **produced** a new synthetic fibre.

profession (ப்ரஃபஷன்) (**n.**) occupation, தொழில்.

• You should decide your choice of **profession** before leaving college.

profit (ப்ராஃபிட்) (**n.**) advantage or gain obtained from something, இலாபம்.

•A merchant will always sell his goods for **profit.**

programme (ப்ரௌக்ரம்) (**n.**) schedule of activities, நிகழ்ச்சி நிரல்.

•The **programme** went on as planned.

prohibit (ப்ரௌஹிபீட்) (v.) forbid, தடை செய்.

•Smoking is strictly **prohibited** in public places.

project (ப்ரா(ட்)ஐக்ட்) (n.) task or planned programme of work, தீட்டமிடுதல்; செயல்முறை ஏற்பாடு.

•The newly begun irrigation scheme is a big **project.**

promise (ப்ராமிஸ்) (**n. & v.**) give one's word of honour; pledge, சத்தியம்; சத்தியம் செய்.

◆I **promise** never to tell a lie.

promotion (ப்ரொமௌஷன்) (**n.**) advancement in position, பதவி உயர்வு.

•All the boys were given a **promotion** to the higher class.

prompt (ப்ராம்(ப்)ட்) (**n.**) quick in doing; done without delay, காலதாமதமின்றிச் செயல்படு☐ கின்ற.

•Thank you for your **prompt** attention to the matter.

proof (ப்ருஃப்) (n.) a piece of evidence, சாட்சியம்.

◆Is there any **proof** of his guilt?

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்	
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		

proper (ப்ராப(ர்)) (adj.) right, ஏற்ற; தகுதியான.

•It is not **proper** to stare at strangers.

property (ப்ராப(ர்)டி) (n.) thing owned, சொத்து.

•This building is my uncle's **property**.

proposal (ப்ரபௌசல்) (**n.**) something proposed or suggested, பரிந்துரை; மு**ன்மொழிதல்**.

◆The boys unanimously accepted the teacher's **proposal**.

proprietor (ப்ரப்ரைஇட(ர்)) (n.) owner, சொந்தக்காரர்.

•Vimal is the **proprietor** of a shop.

proud (ப்ரவ்ட்) (**adj.**) having a healthy feeling of self-respect, பெருமை பாராட்டுக்ன்ற.

•Rahul was **proud** of his new house.

prove (ப்ருவ்) (**v.**) show beyond doubt to be true, உண்மையென நீரூபி; பரீட்சித்துப் பார்.

•Prem's guilt was clearly **proved**.

provide (ப்ரவைட்) (v.) to supply, தருவித்துக் கொடு.

•To **provide** food for all its people should be the foremost goal of any country.

provision (ப்ரவிஷன்) (**n.**) supplying of something, தயாரித்துக் கொடுத்தல்.

◆The government is responsible for the **provision** of education for all children.

psychology (சைகாலஜி) (n.) the science of mind; study of mind and behaviour, மன சாஸ்திரம்; மனோதத்துவம்.

•I cannot understand his **psychology**.

publicity (பப்பேடி) (n.) the state of being widely known, பிரசித்தி; பொது விளம்பரம்.

◆The news got wide **publicity**.

pulse (பல்ஸ்) (**n.**) regular beat of blood flow; rhythmic beat, இதயத்துடிப்பு; **நாடி**.

•The patient's **pulse** is becoming normal.

punch (பன்ச்) (**v.**) to hit with the fist, குத்து.

*Babu **punched** him on the nose.

puncture (பங்க்ட்ச(ர்)) (v.) to make or get a small hole in, துளை ஏற்படுத்து.

•Ragavan **punctured** the lid of the jar with a nail.

punish (பனிஷ்) (v.) cause somebody to suffer pain or discomfort for wrong doing, தண்டி.

•You will be **punished**, if the work is not done.

purchase (பார்)சஸ்) (v.) buy, விலைக்கு வாங்கு.Our neighbours purchased a new car.

pure (ப்யுஅ(ர்)) (adj.) unmixed with any other substance; clear, பரிசுத்தமான; களங்கமில்லாத.

•This necklace is made of **pure** gold.

purpose (பார்)பஸ்) (**n.**) that which one means to do; intention; reason, உத்தேசம்.

◆What was the **purpose** of his visit?

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Quake - தலைமையாசிரியரின் அறைக்கு		
வெளியே சிறுவர்கள் நடுங்கியபடி		
நின்றிருந்தனர்.		
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quality (க்(உ)வாடி) (**n.**) standard; characteristic; worth, பண்பு; தனி இயல்பு; **கணம்.**

◆The furniture was of good quality.

qualitative (க்(உ)வாடுடய்டிவ்) (adj.) concerned with or depending on quality, பண்பு சார்ந்த.

•The election of an honest demoratic govern-ment will lead to a **qualitative** change in society.

query (க்(உ)எரி (n.) question; doubt, கேள்வி; சந்தேகம்; வினா.

•I am sorry that I am unable to answer your **queries.**

quiet (க்(உ)ஐஎட்) (adj.) calm; not noisy; with little or no movement or sound, அமைதியான; சாந்தமான.

◆The sea was quiet.

quit (க்(உ)இட்) (**v.**) go away from; resign from position, விட்டுச் செல்.

•As he got a better job, he is going to **quit** his old job.

quiz (க்(உ)இஸ்) (n.) to examine by questions, புதிர்; வீனா விளையாட்டு.

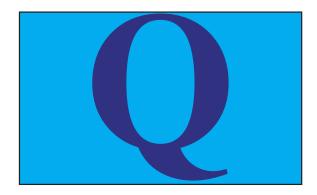
•He likes to participate in quizzes.

quota (க்(உ)ஒளட) (**n.**) propotional share; fixed share or number, **பங்குவீதம்.**

•What is my **quota**?

quote (க்(உ)ஒளட்) (v.) repeat or copy the words of another, எடுத்து எழுது.

•We were asked to **quote** a few lines from the poem.



quake (க்(உ)வெய்க்) (**v.**) shake; tremble, **நடுங்கச்** செய்; ஆடு,

•The boys stood **quaking** outside the head-master's room.

qualification (க்(உ)வா ஃபிகேஷன்) (**n.**) a quality that makes someone suitable for a job or activity, தகுதி; திறன்.

•What **qualifications** do you need for this job?

qualified (க்(உ)வானேபட்) (**adj.**) having the necessary qualification, ஏற்ற தகுதியுடைய.

◆You are a **qualified** person for the job.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. Race - நூறு மீட்டர் பந்தயத்தில் யார்		

radius (ரெய்டியஸ்) (n.) straight line from center to the circumference of a circle, வட்டத்தின் மையத்தில் இருந்து வட்ட வீளிம்பைத் தொடும் நீண்ட கோடு; அரை வீட்டம்.

The **radius** of the circle is half the diameter.

raffle (ராஃபல்) (n.) a lottery, பரிசுக் குலுக்கல்.

•I won this doll in a raffle.

raid (ரெய்ட்) (n.) a sudden and unexpected attack, திடிர்த் தாக்குதல்.

•The **raid** was successful as the police caught the terrorists.

raise (ரெய்ஸ்) (v.) lift up, உயர்த்து.

◆This weight is too heavy, I can't **raise** it.

rally (ரா 🗆 (v.) gather again; reassemble, மறுபடியும் ஒன்று சேர்.

•The soldiers **rallied** round the General.

random (ராண்டம்) (adj.) by chance; done or made without plan or system, கண்டபடி; குறிப்பான நோக்கம் ஏதுமற்ற.

•We will be having a **random** inspection in our school.

range (ரெய்ஞ்) (v.) cover; go over, பரந்திரு.

•Sundar's knowledge **ranges** over a vast field.

rank (ராங்க்) (n.) position, category or class, பதவி.

•Rupesh got the first **rank** in the examination.

rapid (ராபிட்) (adj.) quick, அதிவேகமாக.

•Roopa made a **rapid** departure.

rare (ரெய்(ர்)) (adj.) unusual; uncommon, அபூர்வமான.

•Rahini has many **rare** stamps.

rash (ராஷ்) (adj.) too hasty, அவசரமான.

◆Don't make **rash** decisions.



race (ரெய்ஸ்) (n.) contest or competition in speed, ஓட்டம்; பந்தயம்.

•Who won the 100 metre race?

radar (ரெய்டா(ர்)) (n.) a radio apparatus used for guiding ships and aeroplanes in darkness or fog, வீமானம் முதப்பவற்றின் இருப்பீடம் அறிய உதவும் ஓர் மின் அணுக்கருவி.

•Ships use **radar** to avoid colliding with each other in fog.

radiant (ரெய்டியன்ட்) (n.) sending out rays of light; shining, பிரகாசமான; ஒளிர்கின்ற.

•The rising sun brought **radiant** light.

radiator (ரெய்டிஎய்டர்) (n.) the part of the motor which cools the engine, இயந்திரத்தை குளிர வைக்கும் சாதனம்.

◆The motorist filled his **radiator** with water.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
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rather (ராத(ர்)) (adv.) more willingly; preferably, rebate (ரிபெய்ட்) (n.) discount, தன்ளுபடி. சற்றே அதிகமாக.

•I'd rather have the red one than the green one.

raw (தர) (adj.) in the original state; uncooked, ஆரம்ப நிலையில்; சமைக்கப்படாத.

◆There are people who eat **raw** fish.

ray (ரெய்) (n.) beam of radiant light, heat or energy, கதிர்.

◆The sun **rays** are very bright today.

reach (ரீச்) (v.) stretch out, நீட்டு.

•After finishing his chocolate, he **reached** for mine.

react (ரிஆக்ட்) (v.) have an effect; respond, எதிர்ச்செயல் ஆற்று.

• Acids **react** on metals.

read (ரீட்) (v.) utter written words, படி.

•He asked me to **read** his book.

reading (ரீடிங்) (n.) the figure or measurement on an instrument, அளவு; குறிப்பு.

•He took down the **reading** on the meter.

reality (ரியாலிடி) (n.) that which is real and not imaginary, நிஜம்.

◆This is not imagination, but **reality**.

rear (ரிஅ(ர்)) (n.) back part, பின்பாகம்.

The kitchen is in the **rear** of the house.

reason (ரீசன்) (n.) the ground for belief, காரணம்.

•What is the **reason** for your absence?

reasoning (ரீக்னிங்) (n.) using the power of thought; justification, தர்க்க அறிவு.

•I don't understand his **reasoning** at all.

◆Everyone got a tax **rebate** this year.

recall (ரீகால்) (v.) to call back; to bring back to memory, மீண்டும் அழை; மீண்டும் நினைவிற்கு கொண்டு வா.

•They **recalled** the happy times they had together.

receive (ரிசீவ்) (v.) accept or take something offered, பெறு; ஏற்றுக்கொள்.

◆When did you **receive** the letter?

recent (ரீசென்ட்) (adj.) not long before, சமீப காலத்திய.

•In **recent** times, the price of everything has gone up.

reception (ரிசெப்ஷன்) (n.) the act of receiving, ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளுதல்.

This aerial has improved our television's reception.

recognize (ரெகக்ணைஸ்) (v.) know or identify again, அடையாளம் கண்டுகொள்.

◆I didn't **recognize** him.

recoil (ரிகாய்ல்) (v.) to spring back, திடீரென்று பின்புறமாக போ.

•If you stretch out a spring and let it go, it will recoil.

recommend (ரெகமன்ட்) (v.) speak favourably of, பரிந்துரை.

• The supervisor **recommended** me for a promotion.

reconsider (ரீகன்சிட(ர்)) (v.) consider again; review, மறுபரிசீலனை செய்.

•Please **reconsider** your decision about changing the job.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

reconstruct (ரீகன்ஸ்ட்ரக்ட்) (v.) rebuild; remodel; construct again; மறுபடியும் கட்டு; மறுபடியும் அமை.

•Let us try to **reconstruct** the building.

record (ரிகார்)ட்) (v.) write down to preserve, பாதுகாத்து வைக்க வேண்டி எழுது.

•The secretary should **record** the proceedings of the meeting.

recover (ரிகவ(ர்)) (v.) to get back, திரும்பப் பெறு.

•It was easy for him to **recover** his health.

recruit (ரிக்ருட்) (n.) new member of the army or a group, புதிதாகச் சேர்க்கப்பட்டவர்.

•The company is trying to gain **recruits** from among the normal people.

rectify (ரெக்டிஃபை) (v.) correct; put right, சீர்படுத்து.

•Surendar is trying to **rectify** the mistake he committed.

recur (ரிக(ர்)) (v.) to occur again, திரும்பவும் நிகழ். ◆Ashok's illness is not likely to recur.

reduce (ரெட்யூஸ்) (v.) make less or smaller in size, குறை.

•Deva tried to **reduce** the price by bargaining.

reduction (ரெட்)டக்ஷன்) (n.) act of reducing, குறை; தாழ்த்து.

•Big Bazaar has a price **reduction** sale this month.

refer (ரெஃப(ர்)) (v.) to mention, குறிப்பிடு.

•Please **refer** to him by his name.

referee (ரிஃப(ர்)ரி) (n.) one who acts as a judge in games, நடுவர்.

◆The **referee** sent the football player off the field for foul play.

refine (நிஃபைன்) (v.) make or become pure, சுத்திகரி.

•He has purchased some **refined** oil.

reflect (ரிஃப்வெக்ட்) (v.) throw back light, heat, sound etc., பிரதிப

•A mirror **reflects** images.

reform (ரிஃபார்)ம்) (v.) make or become better by removing what is bad or wrong; improve, சீர்படுத்து; நவீனமாக்கு.

◆The new government decided to **reform** the methods of election.

refresh (ரிஃப்ரெஷ்) (**v.**) give new strength to; make fresh, புத்துணர்ச்சியூட்டு.

◆The travellers stopped at an inn to **refresh** themselves.

refreshments (டு:ப்ரெஷ்மென்ட்ஸ்) (n.) something that refreshes mainly food and drink, சிற்றுண்டி.

◆The hostess served **refreshments** as soon as we arrived.

refrigerate (ரிஃப்ரிஐரெய்ட்) (v.) to make cold; keep in good condition by making cold, குளிரவை.

•In hot weather, milk must be the **refrigerated**.

refuse (ரெ ஃப்யூஸ்) (**v.**) show unwillingness to accept; reject; deny, மறு; நீராகரி.

•Sharma **refused** to accept the present.

regard (ரிகார்)ட்) (v.) look closely at; observe, கருது; பார்வையிடு.

•Priya **regarded** him closely before answering.

region (ரீஜன்) (n.) an area of space, நிலப்பரப்பு.

•I am not familiar with this **region**.

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register (ரெஜிஸ்ட(ர்)) (**v.**) make a written and formal record of, பதிவு செய்.

•They **registered** the birth of their child in the village office.

regular (ரெகுலர்) (adj.) systematic, ஒழுங்கான.

•David's way of living is quite **regular**.

reject (ரிஜக்ட்) (**v.**) put aside; throw away, ஏற்க மறு; நிராகரி.

◆Prema **rejected** his marriage proposal.

relate (ரிலெய்ட்) (v.) to tell; give an account of, விவரி.

The witness **related** what he had seen.

relative (ரிலெய்ட்டிவ்) (n.) a person who is connected to another by birth or marriage, உறவினர்.

•Ajay is a distant **relative** of mine.

release (ரிலீஸ்) (v.) allow to go; set free, விடுவி.

•The convict was **released** from prison after his term of imprisonment.

relevant (ரெ வென்ட்) (adj.) connected with the matter in hand, சம்பந்தப்பட்ட; தொடர்புடைய.

•The judge will consider only **relevant** points of the case.

relief (ரிலீஃப்) (n.) lessening or ending of pain, anxiety, etc., வ அல்லது வருத்தம் அகற்றல்.

◆This medicine has given me great **relief**.

religion (ரிலீஜன்) (n.) particular system of faith and worship, மதம்; இறை நம்பிக்கை.

•Christianity and Islam are two different **religions**.

reliable (ரிலையப்ல்) (adj.) dependable, நம்பத்தகுந்த.

◆The information is **reliable**.

rely (ரிலை) (v.) depend on; trust, நம்பியிரு; சார்ந்திரு.

◆It is not good and safe to **rely** on everybody.

remain (ரிமெய்ன்) (v.) be; still present; continue to be, தொடர்ந்து இரு.

•Only a few trees **remained** after the storm.

remark (ரிமார்)க்) (n.) a casual comment, கருத்துக் குறிப்பு.

•It was rather a harsh **remark**.

remedy (ரெமிடி) (n.) cure for a disease; redress, நீவாரணம்.

•What is the **remedy** for chicken pox?

remember (ரிமம்ப(ர்)) (v.) keep in memory, ஞாபகத்தில் வை.

•I can't **remember** his name.

remind (ரிமைண்ட்) (v.) cause to think of something, ஞாபகப்படுத்து.

•The class leader **reminded** the teacher of the home work.

remit (ரெமிட்) (v.) to send in payment for something, பணம் அனுப்பு.

◆Please **remit** payment as soon as possible.

remote (ரீமோட்) (adj.) far away, தூரத்திலுள்ள.

•Amit went to the **remote** parts of Assam for his research.

remove (டிமுவ்) (v.) take off; dismiss, எடுத்து வீடு; நீக்கு.

•Remove those muddy shoes.

renew (ரென்யூ) (v.) make as good as new; make again, புதிதாக்கு.

◆They are going to **renew** their house.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
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rent (ரென்ட்) (n.) periodical payment for use of another's property, வாடகை.

◆The **rent** for this flat is Rs.10.000/- a month.

repair (ரிபெய்அ(ர்)) (v.) restore to good condition, சரி செய்; பழுது பார்.

•Some men were **repairing** the road.

repeat (ரிபீட்) (v.) to say or do again, **திரும்பச்** சொல் அல்லது செய்.

◆Please **repeat** what I said.

rent

replace (ரீப்லெய்ஸ்) (v.) put back in its place; take the place of; substitute, பதிலாக வை; பழைய இடத்தில் திரும்பவும் வை.

•Please **replace** the dictionary in my shelf.

reply (ரிப்லை) (v.) answer, பதில் சொல்.

◆Please **reply** to the question.

report (ரிபோர்)ட்) (v.) give an account of; give as news, அறிவி.

•The discovery of a new planet has been **reported**.

reporter (ரிபௌர்ட(ர்)) (**n.**) person who sends reports to newspapers, பத்திரிகை நிருபர்.

◆N.Ram is an excellent **reporter.**

represent (ரெப்ரிசென்ட்) (v.) stand for, பிரதிநிதியாகு; சின்னமாக உருப்படுத்து.

•In Morse Code, dots and dashes **represent** letters.

representative (ரெப்ரிசென்டெய்டிவ்) (**n.**) one who represents, பிரதிநிதி.

◆My son shall be my **representative** from now one.

republic (ரிபப்டி) (n.) country with a democratic system of government and an elected president, குடியரசு.

◆India is a **republic**.

reputation (ரெப்யூடேஷன்)(n.) honour; distinction, கீர்த்தி; புகழ்; நற்பெயர்.

•The rumour injured the actress' **reputation** badly.

request (ரெக்(உ)எஸ்ட்) (v.) ask for as a favor, வேண்டு; விரும்பு.

• I requested him not to use my things without asking me.

require (ரெக்(உ)வைஅ(ர்)) (v.) need, தேவைப்படு. •Does this machine require much attention?

rescue (ரெஸ்க்யூ) (v.) save from danger, காப்பாற்று.

• Professionals are often called upon to **rescue** climbers.

reservation (ரீச(ர்)வேஷன்) (n.) keeping or holding back; that which is kept or held back, ஒதுக்கி வைத்தல்.

• We made a **reservation** for dinner at the restaurant.

reside (ரீசைட்) (v.) live; have one's home, வசி;

•Ravi **resides** in Kolkata.

residence (ரெச்டென்ஸ்) (n.) place where one resides, வசக்குமிடம்.

•Foreigners are allowed only a few month's **residence.**

resolve (ரீசால்வ்) (v.) decide, தீர்மானி.

•We **resolved** to buy that house.

resourceful (ரிசோர்)ஸ்ஃபுல்) (adj.) good at finding ways of solving difficulties, வாய்ப்பு வளம் மிக்க.

•Devi is **resourceful** enough to look after herself.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

respect (ரெஸ்பெக்ட்) (v.) honour, மதிப்பு அளி; மரியாதை அளி.

◆You should always **respect** elders.

respond (ரெஸ்பான்ட்) (v.) answer, பதிலளி.

•The captain of the victorious team **responded** to the congratulations.

response (ரெஸ்பான்ஸ்) (n.) answer, பதில்.

◆There was no **response** to my letter.

responsibility (ரெஸ்பான்சிபல்டி) (n.) state of being responsible, பொறுப்பு.

•Nandu took up the **responsibility** willingly.

rest (ரெஸ்ட்) (n.) condition of being free from activity or disturbance, ஓய்வு.

•A few minutes **rest** from time to time is necessary

restaurant (ரெஸ்டாரன்ட்) (n.) place that serves meals, உணவகம்.

•We ate at the best **restaurant** in town.

restore (ரெஸ்டோ(ர்)) (v.) give back, மீண்டும் அளி.

•He offered to **restore** the original settings of the computer.

result (ரிசல்ட்) (v.) happen as a natural consequence, பலனாய் ஏற்படு.

◆The aggressive policy of Hitler **resulted** in the second World War.

resume (ரிஸ்யும்) (v.) begin again after stopping, மறுபடியும் தொடங்கு.

•After lunch, the meeting **resumed**.

retail (ரீடெய்ல்) (**n.**) sale of goods in small quantities, சில்லறை வியாபாரம்.

◆My brother has a **retail** shop.

retain (ரீடெய்ன்) (v.) continue to have or hold; remember things, வீடாது வைத்திரு; மறவாது நினைவில் வைத்திரு.

•I still **retain** memories of my childhood.

retire (ரிடைஅ(ர்)) (v.) withdraw; go away from; top working willingly, பின்வாங்கு; தனிமையிடம் செல்; ஓய்வு பெறு.

•Naresh **retired** to his cabin.

revenue (செவன்யூ) (n.) income from business; government income, வருவாய்; வரியாக அரசு பெறும் பணம்.

•Much of the government's **revenue** comes from sales tax.

review (டிவ்யூ) (n.) a survey, report or assessment, திறனாய்வு.

•She wrote a **review** of the country's economic situation.

revision (ரிவிஷன்) (n.) re-examination or correction, மறு ஆய்வு செய்தல்.

•Sruti helped with the **revision** of his speech.

revolution (ரிவல்யூஷன்) (n.) act of revolving or journeying around; major change; overthrow of government, சுழற்சி; புரட்சி; திடீர் ஆட்சி மாற்றம்; பெரும் மாறுதல்.

•Industrial **revolution** has played a major role in shaping the world's history.

reward (ரிவா(ர்)ட்) (**n.**) payment for service or merit, பரிசு; வெகுமதி.

◆The police officer was given a **reward** for his service.

ride (ரைட்) (v.) to travel by bus, car, bike, etc., சவாரி செய்.

•Sneha is **riding** a bicycle.

right (ரைட்) (**adj.**) morally good; correct, சரியான; உசிதமான.

•Always do what is **right** and honourable.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

ring (ரிங்) (v.) give out a clear musical sound, மணி அடி.

◆The phone is **ringing**.

rise (ரைஸ்) (v.) go or come up higher, எழு.

◆The sun **rises** in the east.

risk (ரிஸ்க்) (**n.**) possibility of danger, suffering or loss; hazard; danger, அபாயம் ஏற்படக் கூடிய நிலை.

•Is there any **risk** of the gas leaking?

roam (ரௌம்) (v.) walk or travel without any definite aim; wander over, சுற்றித் திரி.

•He **roamed** from town to town.

robber (ராப்பர்) (n.) person who robs, திருடன்.

◆The **robber** stole her jewellery.

rock (ராக்) (n.) solid stony part of the earth's crust, பாறை.

◆There are many **rocks** in this beach.

rocket (ராக்ட்) (n.) an electronic device which is launched into space, வண்வெளிக் கலன்.

•The Americans have sent a **rocket** to Mars.

rod (ராட்) (n.) straight piece of wood or metal, தடி; கம்பு.

•Murali took his fishing **rod** to the dam.

roll (ரௌல்) (v.) move along by turning over and over, உருண்டு செல்.

•Rocks and stones **rolled** down the hill side.

roof (ருஃப்) (**n.**) top covering of a building, tent, bus, etc., மேல் கூரை.

• The **roof** of the garage was made of asbestos.

root (ருட்) (**n.**) part of a plant which is fixed in the earth, வேர்; கிழங்கு.

◆Trees often have deep **roots**.

rope (ரௌப்) (n.) a thick twisted cord, கயிறு.

• Raj tied the cow to a pole with a **rope**.

rotate (ரௌடேய்ட்) (**v.**) move around a center; revolve, சுழல்.

◆The engine **rotated** slowly.

ruin (ருஇன்) (n.) destruction; damage, நாசம்; அழிவு.

• We saw the **ruins** of an ancient temple near the lake.

rule (ருல்) (n.) guidelines; orders; authority, சட்டம்; வீதிமுறை.

• You must obey the **rules** of the game.

rumour (ரும(ர்)) (n.) general talk; gossip, வதந்தி. ◆I don't believe any of those rumours about my friend.

run (ரன்) (v.) move swiftly on foot, ஒடு.

•It is safe not to **run** while crossing a road.

rush (ரவ்டி) (v.) go or come with violent speed, வேகமாகச் செல்; பாய்ந்து செல்.

•As the bell rang, the children **rushed** out of the school gates.

Practise translating the English sentences giv	ren as examples in the next page.	
Safe - ஆபரணங்கள் பாதுகாப்பான இடத்தில்		
வைக்கப்பட்டன.		

safe

sample (சாம்ப்ல்) (**n.**) specimen; an example, மாதிரி

•Indira has sent me a **sample** of the cloth.

sanction (சாங்க்ஷன்) (n.) permission given by an authority to do something; approval, அனுமத்; அங்கீகாரம்.

•Vikram got **sanction** for his trip to Bangalore.

sand (சான்ட்) (n.) fine particles of crushed rock, மணல்.

•On the beach, she spread her towel and laid down on the **sand.**

satisfaction (சாடிஸ்ஃபாக்ஷன்) (n.) the state of being pleased; contentment, மன நிறைவு.

• Our children's success gives us much satisfaction.

save (செய்வ்) (v.) protect, காப்பாற்று.

•The fire-men **saved** the family from the burning building.

say (செய்) (v.) utter, சொல்.

•Did you **say** anything?

scale (ஸ்கெய்ல்) (n.) a balance, அளவை.

◆The shopkeeper uses a **scale** to measure the goods.

scare (ஸ்கெஅ(ர்)) (v.) frighten, பயமுறுத்து.

•Usha is **scared** of thunder.

scene (சீன்) (n.) place of happening of actual or imagined events, நகமுமடம்.

•The setting of the sun over the lake was a beautiful scene.

scenery (சீனரி) (n.) natural scenes, இயற்கைக் காட்சி.

•The **scenery** in Thekkady is just breathtaking.



safe (செய்ஃப்) (adj.) not dangerous, பாதுகாப்பான.

◆The jewels are kept in a **safe** place.

saint (செய்ன்ட்) (n.) holy person, அருள் தொண்டர்; புனிதர்.

•Ramakrishna Paramahamsar was a famous saint.

sale (செய்ல்) (n.) exchange of goods for money, விற்பனை.

•His business is purchase and **sale** of rice.

salute (சல்யூட்) (**n.**) something done to welcome or show respect, வணக்கம்.

•The hero acknowledged the **salutes** of the crowd.

same (செய்ம்) (adj. & pron.) identical; not different, ஒன்றேயான; வேறல்லாத.

•Akash is of the **same** age as that of his wife.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
	on as champios in the next page.

schedule (ஷெட்யூல்) (n.) a time table; a list. கால அட்டவணை.

•Our work is progressing according to **schedule.**

scheme (ஸ்கீம்) (n.) an arrangement; ordered system, செயல்திட்டம்.

•He suggested several **schemes** to improve the quality of education.

science (சையன்ஸ்) (n.) body of knowledge, அறிவியல்; விஞ்ஞானம்.

◆Chemistry is a **science**.

schedule

scientific (சையன்டிஃபிக்) (adj.) of science; guided by the rules of science, அறிவயல் சார்ந்த.

•Do you know the scientific reason for the occurrence of the Tsunami?

scramble (ஸ்க்ரேம்ப்ல்) (v.) climb or crawl with the hands and feet, தட்டித் தடவி வழி கண்டுபிடி.

◆The thief **scrambled** up the wall.

scratch (ஸ்க்ரேட்)ச்) (v.) make lines on a surface with something pointed or sharpened, கீறு; பிராண்டு.

•Don't **scratch** your initials on the bark of trees.

scream (ஸ்க்ரீம்) (v.) give a loud sharp cry of pain or fear, பயம் அல்லது வயினால் கீச்சென ஒசை எழுப்பு.

•She **screamed** on seeing a big spider.

screen (ஸ்க்ரீன்) (n.) a curtain serving as a wall or partition, திரை.

◆The **screen** was new and bright.

screw (ஸ்க்ரு) (**n.**) a cylinder grooved spirally, திருகாணி; மறையாணி.

•I need four strong **screws** to fix the picture to the wall.

script (ஸ்க்ரிப்ட்) (n.) handwriting, கையெழுத்து.

•Mirnalini has a very neat **script**.

seal (சீல்) (n.) a special design used as the official mark of a person or an organization, முத்திரை.

• The **seal** of the university was at the top of his degree certificate.

search (செர்ச்) (v.) examine; look carefully at, தேடு; ஆராய்.

•We carefully **searched** the room for the old family album.

season (சீசன்) (n.) a period of the year, காலம்; பருவம்.

• The four **seasons** are spring, summer, autumn and winter.

seat (சீட்) (n.) something to sit upon, இருக்கை.

◆This **seat** is very comfortable.

secret (சீக்ரட்) (**n.**) something kept from the knowledge of others, இரகசியம்.

•It was supposed to be a **secret**.

section (செக்ஷன்) (n.) subdivision; a separate part, அம்சம்; பாகம்.

•The class is divided into three **sections**.

secure (சக்யுஅ(ர்)) (adj.) free from anxiety; certain; safe, பத்திரமாக; பாதுகாப்பாக.

•She felt **secure** only when both the doors were locked.

security (சிக்யுரிடி) (n.) safety; guarantee, பாதுகாப்பு; உறுதி.

•My family's health and **security** are very important to me.

seed (\mathring{e} ட்) (**n.**) that part of a plant which reproduces another, **എ** ആ.

◆This hybrid fruit has no seeds.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
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select (செலக்ட்) (v.) choose; to prefer and sentiment (சென்டிமென்ட்) (n.) mental feeling, determine, தேர்ந்தெடு; பொறுக்கு.

•I am going to **select** a good birthday present for my friend.

sell (செல்) (v.) give in exchange for money, விற்பனை செய்.

• We **sold** the house for Rs.25.00.000/-

seller (ดิสตัดที่) (n.) person who sells, விற்பனையாளர்.

•How much does the **seller** want for his car?

seminar (செமினா(ர்)) (n.) a formal discussion or meeting, **கருத்தரங்கு.**

• Krupa is attending a **seminar** on Women Empowerment.

send (சென்ட்) (v.) cause to go or carry, அனுப்பு. **Send** this package today itself.

senior (சீனிஅ(ர்)) (adj.) older in years; higher in rank, authority, experience, etc., பதவயில் மேம்பட்ட; முத்த.

*Sarath is ten years **senior** to me.

sensation (சென்செய்ஷன்) (n.) feeling in the body or mind, மனதில் அல்லது உட டில் வரும் உணர்வு.

◆I had a **sensation** of flying in my dream.

sense (சென்ஸ்) (n.) any one of the special powers of perceiving, புலனுணர்வு; உணர்வாற்றல்.

•There are five **senses** namely sight, hearing, smell, taste and feeling.

sentence (சென்டன்ஸ்) (n.) a group of words with complete sense, வாக்கியம்.

•That **sentence** was very difficult to understand.

உள்ளுணர்ச்சிப் பாங்கு.

◆There is no place for **sentiments** in business.

separate (செபரெய்ட்) (adj.) divided; not joined or united, தனியான.

•My sister and I live in **separate** houses.

sequence (சீக்(உ)வன்ஸ்) (n.) a following on; succession; a series of things; events or ideas coming one after another, தொடர்; இடைவிடா.

•Since it was in a **sequence**, it was easy to understand.

serial (சீரியல்) (adj.) of a series; arranged in or forming a series, தொடர்ச்சியான.

◆Those names were written in **serial** order.

serious (சீரியஸ்) (adj.) thoughtful, கருத்தூன்றிய.

◆Latha was very **serious** in her work.

servant (செர்)வன்ட்) (n.) one who serves; an assistant, வேலையாள்; சேவகன்.

•A domestic **servant** has a legal right to minimum wages and working hours.

service (ຄອ(ກ່) ໝໍຄັນ) (n.) the action of serving, சேவை.

•He has been in the company's **service** for three years.

session (செஷன்) (n.) a sitting (of a court or an assembly, etc.), கூட்டத் தொடர்.

◆Today's **session** was very long.

set (செட்) (v.) go down below the horizon, அஸ்தமி.

• It will be cooler when the sun has **set.**

settle (செட்ல்) (v.) come to rest, உட்கார்; அமர்வி.

◆The bird **settled** on a branch.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

settlement (செட்ல்மென்ட்) (n.) decision, தீர்மானம்.

•The strikers have reached a **settlement** with the employers.

several (செவரல்) (adj.) two or more; some,

•I have read this article **several** times.

severe (சிவிஅ(ர்)) (adj.) strict; violent, கடினமான.

•Don't be **severe** on her as it wasn't her fault.

sewage (சூவிஜ்) (n.) dirty water passing through drains, சாக்கடை நீர்.

◆How do they deal with **sewage** in the villages?

shade (வெயம்ட்) (n.) slight darkness, நிழல்; இலேசான இருள்.

•It is cooler in the **shade**.

shake (வெடிய்க்) (v.) to tremble or move with jerks from side to side, up and down, குலுக்கு; நடுங்கு.

Shake the bottle of medicine well.

shall (ஷேல்) (aux. v.) used with verb to indicate future, எதிர்காலம் உருவாக்கப் பயன்படும் துணை வினைச்சொல்.

•I shall be happy if you do it.

shallow (ஷேலௌ) (adj.) of little depth, ஆழம் குறைந்த.

•The water is **shallow** enough for the children to swim.

shape (வெய்ப்) (n.) outward form; condition, உருவம்; வடிவம்; நிலை.

•That cloud has a strange shape.

share (வெய்அர்) (**n.**) part that will go to one of several persons, **பங்கு.**

◆ Tarun's **share** of the inheritance was Rs.5,00,000/-

sharp (ஷா(ர்)ப்) (adj.) not blunt; pointed, கூரிய.

•Give me a **sharp** knife.

shave (வெடிய்வ்) (**v.**) remove hair with razor, சவரம் செய்.

•Do you **shave** yourself or go to the barber shop?

sheet (ஷீட்) (n.) cloth used on the bed; flat thin rectangular piece, விரிப்பு; தான்.

•One **sheet** is used to cover the mattress and the other to cover the person in bed.

shell (வெதல்) (n.) a hard outer covering like in coconut, egg, etc., ஓடு.

•The **shell** of walnut is very hard and difficult to break.

shelter (வெழல்ட(ர்)) (n.) place which gives protection, **பாதுகாப்பளிக்கும் இடம்.**

•Need for **shelter** is one of the basic needs.

shield (ஷீல்ட்) (n.) a board, piece of wood, metal etc. held as protection against attack,

•The knight's **shield** saved him from being killed by his enemy.

shift (ஷிஃப்ட்) (v.) change position or direction, மாற்று.

•Will you help me to **shift** the furniture, please?

shine (ஷைன்) (v.) be bright, ஒளிவிடு.

•His face **shone** with excitement.

shock (ஷாக்) (v.) to effect with horror or surprise, திடுக்கிடச்செய்.

•I was **shocked** at the news of his death.

shore (வெளர்)) (n.) stretch of land bordering the sea or a large body of water, கரை; கட்ணேரம்.

•We sat by the **shore**.

Practise translating the English sentences given	ven as examples in the next page.
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short (ஷா(ர்)ட்) **(adj.)** measuring little from end to end, நீளம் குறைந்த.

•Kamala had short hair.

shortage (ஷார்)டெய்ஜ்) (n.) a deficiency in number, amount or quantity, குறைபாடு; பற்றாக் குறை.

•There is a **shortage** of food in the flooded areas.

shortcoming (ஷா(ர்)ட்கமிங்) (n.) fault, குறை.

•Narrow-mindedness is a serious **short-coming.**

shot (ஷாட்) (n.) the firing of a gun, துப்பாக்கி வெடித்தல்.

◆It was a good **shot.**

shoulder (வெளல்ட(ர்)) (**n.**) the joint that connects the arms with the body, தோள்.

•He carried the load on his **shoulder**.

shout (ஷவ்ட்) (v.) speak or call out loudly, கூச்ச இ; அறை.

◆The drowning man **shouted** for help.

show (வெள) (v.) allow to see, காண்பி.

•Kannan **showed** me his books.

shower (ஷவ்அ(ர்)) (**n.**) brief fall of rain; sudden sprinkle of water, மழைத்தூறல்.

◆It **showered** last evening.

shrine (ஷ்ரைன்) (n.) a place of worship; a sacred place, புண்ணியத்தலம்; கோயில்.

•Many people visited the **shrine** where the saint lay buried.

shut (ஷட்) (**v.**) to close by means of a door, lid, cover etc., முடு.

Shut the doors and windows.

shy (வை) (adj.) self-conscious and uncomfortable in the presence of others, கூச்சமுள்ள; வெட்கப்படுகின்ற.

•Buvanesh was too **shy** to ask her to dance.

sign (சைன்) (n.) mark or object used to represent something, அடையாளம்.

◆The dark clouds can be a **sign** of rain.

signature (சிக்நெய்ச்சர்) (**n.**) a person's name written by himself in signing something, கையொப்பம்.

◆His **signature** is legible.

significant (சிக்னிஃபிகன்ட்) (adj.) having a special or suggestive meaning, விசேஷ அர்த்தமுள்ள.

◆It was a **significant** achievement.

silence (சைலன்ஸ்) (n.) stillness; absence of any sound or noise, ஓசையின்மை.

•Your **silence** on recent events surprises me.

silver (சில்வ(ர்)) (n.) valuable white metal used in making ornaments, coins, etc., வெள்ளி.

◆Padma was wearing a **silver** necklace.

similar (சிமில(ர்)) (adj.) of the same sort, ஒரே போன்ற; ஒரே உருவத்திலான.

•The two men have **similar** political views.

simple (சிம்ப்ல்) (adj.) not difficult; easy, கடினமாக இல்லாத; எளிதான.

•Even a child can solve this **simple** puzzle.

sin (சின்) (n.) offence against divine laws; wrong doing of any kind; crime, பாவம்; பாதகம்.

•It is a **sin** to beat small children.

since (சின்ஸ்) (adv., prep. & conj.) from the time when (that), after, until now, அந்த நேரத்துக்குப் பிறகு.

•I fought with him last week and haven't spoken to him **since.**

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
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sincere (சின்சிஅ(i)) (adj.) not pretended; true; sketch (ஸ்கெட்ட்ச்) (n.) a rough drawing, reliable, மனமார்ந்த.

•He made a **sincere** attempt to help his friend.

sing (சிங்) (v.) make musical sounds with voice, பாடு.

•My music teacher **sings** very well.

single (சிங்க்ல்) (adj.) only one, ஒற்றையான; ஒன்று மட்டுமான.

•The children marched to their classroom in a single line.

singular (சிங்குலர்) (adj.) denoting one person or thing, ஒன்றைக் குறிக்கின்ற.

•Child is the **singular** form of children.

sink (சிங்க்) (n.) a wash basin fixed to the wall, கமுவும் தொட்டி.

•Put the dirty plates into the kitchen sink.

siren (சைரன்) (n.) a device for producing a loud shrill noise as a warning or signal, **வேலைக்கு** அழைக்க அல்லது அபாயத்தை அறிவிக்க ஒலிக்கும் ஒலி.

•Cars pulled to the side of the road on hearing the ambulance's siren.

site (சைட்) (n.) place where something was or is to be, மனை; இடம்.

•A new school occupies the **site** of the old church.

situation (சிட்யுஎய்ஷன்) (n.) position, நிலை.

◆The international **situation** is headed towards peace.

size (சைஸ்) (n.) degree of largeness, உருவ அளவு; பருமன்.

◆The **size** of the room is 30 by 20 feet.

skeleton (ஸ்கெடின்) (n.) bone frame work of human or animal body, எலும்புக்கூடு.

•We saw a **skeleton** in the zoology lab.

மாதிரிப்படம்; விவரம்.

◆Balu drew a **sketch** of the scene.

skid (ஸ்கீட்) (v.) move or slip sideways, ஒரு பக்கமாக சறுக்கிச் செல்.

•The car **skidded** as it took a fast turning.

skill (ஸ்கில்) (n.) ability to do something well, திறன்; திறமை.

•Knowing a foreign language is an additional **skill**.

skin (ஸ்கின்) (n.) outer covering of the body of a person, animal or fruit, தோல்; சருமம்.

◆Vivek's **skin** is very dry.

skip (ஸ்கிப்) (v.) jump over lightly and quickly, குதித்துத்தாண்டு; துள்ளிக்குதி.

•Young children often **skip** rather than walk.

skull (ஸ்கல்) (n.) bony framework of the head, மண்டை ஒடு.

•A child's **skull** is very tender.

sky (ஸ்கை) (n.) space above the earth, வானம்.

◆There isn't a cloud in the **sky** today.

slack (ஸ்லாக்) (adj.) lazy; careless, அக்கறை இல்லாத; சோம்பலான.

Sakthi is slack in his work.

slave (ത്രിഡ്ബ്) (n.) somebody forced to work for another, அடிமை.

◆No one is a **slave** to anyone.

slice (ന്തെസ്) (n.) thin flat piece cut off from something, மெல்ப்ப அகன்ற துண்டு.

•Will you have a **slice** of bread?

slide (ന്തെം (v.) move smoothly over a polished surface, வழுக்கிச் செல்.

•The children **slid** down the grass on the slope.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

slim (ஸ்ம்) (adj.) slender; pleasingly thin, மெடுத்.

◆Santhosh is a **slim** person.

slim

slip (ஸ்பெ) (v.) miss one's footing and fall, வழக்கு; வழக்கிவிழு.

•Raju's foot **slipped** and he fell down the steps.

smart (ஸ்மார்)ட்) (adj.) clever; well-groomed, புத்திசாலித்தனமான; நாகரிகப் பாங்கான.

• Whatever you say to him, he has some **smart** answers.

smash (ஸ்மாஷ்) (v.) break violently into small pieces, நொறுக்கு; தகர்; அழி.

•The strikers **smashed** all the windows of the office.

smooth (ஸ்மூத்) (adj.) not rough, வழவழப்பான.

◆The road is very **smooth** here.

snail (ஸ்னெய்ல்) (n.) a small creature with a shell on its back, நத்தை.

•I saw some **snails** on the river bank.

snap (ஸ்னாப்) (v.) break or sever abruptly, முறி; ஒடி; திடீரென அறுந்துபோ.

•The rope was stretched so tight that it **snapped.**

snow (സ്റ്റിൽൺ) (n.) frozen vapour falling to the earth in flakes, பன; உறைபன.

•Snow falls in winter in the cold regions.

so (சென) (adv. & conj.) in such manner or degree, அவ்வாறு; அதுபோல.

◆Why did he do so?

society (சௌசஇடி) (n.) people living in an organized group, சமுகம்.

•Drug addiction is a major concern of the **society.**

soft (சாஃப்ட்) (adj.) not hard; tender, மிருதுவான; மென்மையான

◆They like **soft** pillows.

soil (சாய்ல்) (n.) the earth in which plants grow, மண்; பூமி.

•Plants grow well in fertile soil.

solar (சௌல(ர்)) **(adj.)** of the sun, e.g. the solar system, சூரியன் சம்பந்தமான.

◆I have bought a **solar** heater.

solution (சலூஷன்) (n.) way of dealing with a difficulty; an answer to a question, வழிகாணல்; பரிகாரம்.

◆Have you found a **solution** for your problem?

some (சம்) (**adj.**) a certain number or quantity; a few, சில; சிறிது.

◆There is **some** water in this bottle.

sometimes (சம்டைம்ஸ்) (adv.) at times, சில நோம்.

•Sometimes I get letters from him.

somewhat (சம்வாட்) (adv.) slightly; rather, சற்றே; ஓரளவு.

•I understand you somewhat.

somewhere (சம்வேர்) (adv.) in or at some place or other, எங்கேயாவது; எங்கேயோ ஓரீடத்தில்.

•He lost his watch **somewhere** between his office and the post office.

son (சன்) (n.) male child of a parent, ஆண் குழந்தை.

•He is the only **son** of his parents.

sorrow (சாரௌ) (n.) grief; regret, துக்கம்; வருத்தம்.

•He was filled with **sorrow** when he heard of his friend's death.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Fractise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.	

sort (சார்)ட்) (n.) group or class of persons or things which are alike in some way, வகுப்பு; ஒத்தப் பண்புடையக் குழு.

•Is this the **sort** of pencil you want?

soul (சௌல்) (n.) the spiritual part in the body, ஆத்மா.

•Almost all religions believe in the immortality of the **soul.**

sound (கவ்ன்ட்) (**n.**) that which is or can be heard; noise, ஒசை; ஒ

•We heard the **sound** of bells.

sow (சௌ) (v.) put (seed) in soil, நிலத்தில் விதையைத் தூவு.

◆They **sowed** the field with paddy.

spade (ஸ்பெய்ட்) (**n.**) tool for digging, மண் வெட்டி.

•The **spade**, fork and trowel are gardening tools.

spare (ஸ்பெஅ(ர்)) (v.) refrain from hurting, இரக்கம் காட்டு.

◆The king **spared** the prisoner.

spark (ஸ்பார்)க்) (**n.**) a particle of fire; a quick flash of light, தீப்பொறி.

• We can see **sparks** when an electric circuit is broken.

speak (ஸ்பீக்) (v.) make use of language in ordinary voice, பேசு; சொல்.

◆The baby is learning to **speak**.

special (ஸ்பெஷல்) (adj.) of a particular sort, தனியான; சிறப்பான.

•Hemanth comes here only on **special** occasions.

specialist (ஸ்பெஷப்ப்) (n.) on who has expert knowledge, தனிப்பயிற்சி பெற்ற நபர்.

•Arvind is a **specialist** in geography.

speciality (ஸ்பெஷியால்டி) (n.) a special characteristic, சிறப்பு; விசேஷம்.

•Malar's **speciality** is cooking exotic dishes.

speed (ஸ்பீட்) (n.) rate of moving, வேகம்.

◆The car is going at a **speed** of sixty kilometers per hour.

spend (ஸ்பென்ட்) (v.) to expend; to consume, செலவு செய்; முற்றிலும் உபயோகி.

•How did you **spend** the vacation?

sphere (ஸ்ஃபிஅ(ர்)) (n.) round object or body, உருண்டையான.

◆The earth is not an exact **sphere**.

spin (ஸ்பின்) (**v.**) make thread from cotton, wool etc., திரி; நூல் நூற்க.

•A **spinning** wheel is used for making hand-spun thread

spiritual (ஸ்பிரிட்சுஅல்) (adj.) pertaining to a spirit or soul, ஆன்ம நிலை சார்ந்த.

◆The saint devoted himself to a **spiritual** life.

splash (ஸ்பலாஷ்) (v.) cause liquid to fly about, தீரவத்தை அடித்து தெறிக்கச் செய்.

•In rainy weather, cars **splash** pedestrians with muddy water.

split (ஸ்ப்ட்) (**v.**) break open into; tear or crack, பிள; கீறு.

•I **split** open the can of juice.

spoil (ஸ்பாய்ல்) (v.) make useless or unsatisfactory, உபயோகமற்றதாக்கு.

◆Too much salt will **spoil** the taste.

spread (ஸ்ப்ரெட்) (**v.**) reach out; extend, விரி; பரப்பு.

•Trees **spread** their branches as they grow.

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sprinkle (ஸ்ப்ரிங்க்ல்) (v.) throw a shower (of start (ஸ்டா(ர்)ட்) (v.) to begin, ஆரம்பி. something) on to, தெளி; தூவு.

•Sumi **sprinkled** water on the flowers.

sprinkle

spy (ஸ்பை) (n.) a person who tries to get secret information from the opposite camp, เองญ பார்க்கிறவன்; உளவாளி.

◆That man was suspected to be a **spy**.

square (ஸ்க்(உ)வய்அ(ர்)) (**n.**) having four equal sides and angles, சதுரம்.

◆The sides of a **square** are of equal length.

stable (ஸ்டெய்ப்ல்) (n.) building for horses, குதீரை இலாயம்.

•We saw the horses in their **stable**.

staff (ஸ்டாஃப்) (n.) strong stick used as support, கோல்; ஊன்றுகோல்.

The old man tried to beat off his attacker with his staff.

stage (ஸ்டெய்ஜ்) (n.) raised platform in a theatre where actors appear, நாடக மேடை; அரங்கம்.

•He has no problem speaking on a stage.

stain (ஸ்டெய்ன்) (v.) make dirty patches or give colour to, அழக்கு உண்டாக்கு; கறைபடுத்து.

◆The tea has **stained** the table cloth.

stair (ஸ்டெய்அ(ர்)) (n.) series of steps from one floor of a building to another, படிக்கட்டு.

•I saw him coming down the **stairs**.

stamp (ஸ்டாம்ப்) (v.) put down with force, பலமாக மிதி.

• The angry man **stamped** his foot down on the ground.

stand (ஸ்டேன்ட்) (v.) take or keep an upright position, நில்.

◆Tilak was too weak to **stand.**

•We must **start** early tomorrow.

state (ஸ்டெய்ட்) (n.) condition, நிலை.

•Water is ice in its solid **state**.

station (ஸ்டெய்ஷன்) (n.) place where something or someone is put; e.g. fire station, ஒரு நபர் அல்லது நிறுவனம் இருக்குமிடம்.

•We will meet tomorrow in the railway **station.**

stationery (ஸ்டெய்ஷனர்) (n.) materials like paper, pen, etc., காகிதம், பேனா முதப்ப பொருட்கள்.

•The pupils need **stationery** such as pencil, rulers and exercise books.

status (ஸ்டெய்டஸ்) (n.) rank or position, பதவி; நிலை.

•Kamal enjoys a high **status** in this community.

stay (ஸ்டெய்) (v.) remain, சிறிது காலம் தங்கியிரு.

◆How long did they **stay** with you?

steal (ஸ்டீல்) (v.) take somebody else's property, களவு செய்; திருடு.

•Some people **steal** because of poverty.

steam (ஸ்டீம்) (n.) water vapour, நீராவி.

◆The pressure of **steam** works a steam engine.

steel (ஸ்டீல்) (n.) hard alloy of iron and carbon or other elements, எ.க.

•Household utensils are made of **steel.**

steep (ஸ்டீப்) (adj.) rising or falling sharply, செங்குத்தான.

•They went up the **steep** side of the hill.

stem (ஸ்டெம்) (n.) part of a plant that comes up from the roots, தண்டு.

•Peas and beans are weak **stemmed** plants.

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step

step (ஸ்டெப்) (n.) moving of one foot after another, காலடி வைத்தல்.

•He was walking with slow **steps**.

stick (sing i) (n.) a rod of wood for walking with; a branch or twig from a tree, கம்பு; தடி.

•He threw a **stick** at the dog.

still (ஸ்டில்) (adj.) quiet; motionless, சந்தடி-யீல்லாத; அசைவற்ற.

•Please keep **still** while I take your photograph.

stop (ஸ்டாப்) (v.) end; put an end to, நீல்; நிறுத்து. •The traveller **stopped** at the hotel for some food.

storm (ஸ்டா(ர்)ம்) (**n.**) violent wind followed by rain and thunder, புமல்காற்று.

◆The islanders were warned that a **storm** was coming.

stout (ஸ்டவ்ட்) (adj.) strong; thick, பலமுள்ள; பருமனான.

◆I was a **stout** kid.

straight (ஸ்ட்ரெய்ட்) (adj.) without a bend or curve, நேரான; வளைவில்லாத.

◆Draw a **straight** line on the board.

strait (ஸ்ட்ரெய்ட்) (n.) narrow passage of water connecting two seas, இரு பெரு நீர்நிலைகளைச் சேர்க்கும் இடைக் கழி; நீர்க்கால்.

•The ship sailed through the **strait**.

strange (ஸ்ட்ரெய்ன்ஜ்) (adj.) not previously known or seen, பழக்கமற்ற; பார்த்திராத.

•I saw a **strange** animal in the zoo.

stream (ஸ்ட்ரீம்) (n.) small river, சிற்றாறு; ஓடை.

◆There are many **streams** in my State.

street (ஸ்ட்ரீட்) (**n.**) a road with houses on either sides, தெரு; வீதி.

•The **streets** are narrow in the old parts of the city.

stretch (ஸ்ட்ரெட்ச்) (**v.**) make wide, longer or tighter by pulling, இழுத்து அகமைரக்கு.

◆The child **stretched** the rubber band as long as it can.

strict (ஸ்ட்ரிக்ட்) (adj.) stern; demanding obedience or exact observance, கடுமையான; கண்டிப்பான.

• Kamala's **strict** father insisted that she should be home before nightfall.

strike (ஸ்ட்ரைக்) (v.) hit; give a blow, அடி; தட்டு; அறை.

•Hari **struck** me on the head with a stick.

strip (ஸ்ட்ரிப்) (n.) to take or pull of, தோல் முதப்பவற்றை உரி.

•The woodcutter **stripped** the bark off the wood.

strong (ஸ்ட்ராங்) (adj.) having great power, தீடமான; பலம் பொருந்திய.

•Is the boy **strong** enough to lift that box?

structure (ஸ்ட்ரக்ச(ர்)) (**n.**) the way in which something is made up, அமைப்பு; உருவம்.

•Examine the **structure** of a leaf.

struggle (ஸ்ட்ரக்ல்) (v.) fight, போராடு.

◆He **struggled** against those who opposed his plan.

studio (ஸ்டுடியோ) (n.) workroom of a painter; sculptor or photographer; building where cinema films are made, நிழற்படம் எடுக்கும் இடம்.

◆The sculptor is busy in his **studio.**

study (siù լգ) (v.) give time and attention for learning, 1/14.

•He's **studying** for the medical profession.

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student (ஸ்டூடன்ட்) (**n.**) a person who studies, மாணவர்.

•Murugan is a medical **student**.

student

stuff (ஸ்ட ஃப்) (v.) to fill with something, நீறை.

•Stuff the cushion with cotton.

style (ஸ்டைல்) (**n.**) manner of speaking; writing or doing things, எழுத்து, செயல் முதப்பவற்றின் தனிப்பாணி.

◆This book is very informative, but the **style** is not good.

subject (ஸப்ஜக்ட்) (n.) topic; theme, விஷயம்.

•What is the **subject** matter of our discussion?

subscribe (ஸப்ஸ்க்ரைப்) (v.) pay one's share along with others, சந்தா செலுத்து.

•Have you **subscribed** to the flood relief fund?

substantial (ஸப்ஸ்டென்ஷியல்) (adj.) large; strong, கண்ணியமான; பலம் வாய்ந்த.

•I like a nice **substantial** writing table.

substitue (ைப்ஸ்டிட்யூட்) (n.) person or thing put in the place of another, ஒன்றுக்கு பதிலாக இருக்கும் நபர் அல்லது பொருள்.

•We have appointed a **substitute** for the clerk.

subtract (ஸப்ட்ராக்ட்) (v.) take away, கழி; குறை.
•If we subtract 7 from 12, we get 5.

succeed (ബക്ൺட்) (v.) gain one's purpose, வெற்றி

•Gopi **succeeded** in passing the examination after several attempts.

such (ஸச்) (adj.) of that sort; of the like, kind or degree, அது போன்ற; இது போன்ற; அப்படியான.

Such behaviour is punishable.

sudden (ஸடன்) (adj.) happening unexpec-tedly and quickly, திடீரென நிகழ்கின்ற.

◆Don't make **sudden** decisions.

suffer (ஸஃப(ர்)) (**v.**) feel or have pain, loss, etc., துன்பம் அனுபவி.

•She is **suffering** from headache.

suggestion (ஸஜஸ்ஷெஅன்) (n.) proposal, யோசனை; குறிப்பு.

• Vanitha's **suggestion** was appreciated by everyone.

suit (ஸ்யூட்) (v.) be convenient for; right for, உசிதமாகு; ஏற்றதாகு.

•Outdoor life **suits** your personality.

suitable (ஸ்யூட்டெய்ப்ல்) (adj.) fitting; agreeable, பொருத்தமான; ஏற்ற; தகுதியான.

•Ooty is a **suitable** place for our summer vacation.

suitcase (ஸ்யூட்டிகம்ஸ்) (n.) a light box used for travelling, பயணத்திற்கு உபயோகிக்கும் சிறு பெட்டி.

•Rohan packed his clothes in his **suitcase**.

sum (ஸம்) (n.) total obtained, மொத்தம்; கூட்டுத்தொகை.

•Find the **sum** of these numbers.

summary (ஸம்மரி) (n.) brief account, சுருக்கம்.

◆Write the **summary** of the story.

summit (ஸமிட்) (n.) highest point, மிக உயர்ந்த இடம்.

•They finally reached the **summit** of the mountain.

summon (சம்மன்) (**v.**) demand the presence of, வரவழை; வர ஆணையிடு.

•The servant was **summoned** to court as a witness in the case.

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support (ஸபோர்)ட்) (v.) hold up, தாங்கு.

•Large pillars **support** the damaged ceiling.

suppose (സിവണ്സ്) (v.) take it as a fact, எண்ணம்

•I **supposed** that it was known to everybody.

suppress (ໜມ່ດງໜ່) (v.) put down by force, அடக்கு.

•The revolt was **suppressed** very quickly.

supreme (சுப்ரீம்) (adj.) highest in rank or authority, மிக உயர்ந்த.

◆The Pope is the **supreme** leader of the Roman Catholic Church.

sure (வ்புஅர்)) (adj.) free from doubt, நிச்சயமான.

•I'm **sure** of his success.

surface (ஸ(ர்)ஃபேஸ்) (n.) the outside of any object, மேற்புறம்; வெளிப்புறமான.

•Glass has a smooth surface.

surgeon (സ(i) ഉത്) (n.) doctor who performs operation, அறுவை சிக்ச்சை நிபுணர்.

•He was the **surgeon** who opereated my father.

surgery (m(i) 21) (n.) the practice or art of treating disease or injuries by operation, அறுவை

•My friend wants to specialise in **surgery**.

surname (ஸ(ர்)நெய்ம்) (n.) name common to all members of a family, குடும்பப் பெயர்.

•Reddy is a very common Telegu **surname**.

surplus (ໜ(i)ບ່ວນໜ່າ) (n.) over supply; what remains after use, கூடுதலான அளவு.

•India had a **surplus** production of rubber last •Wipe the **sweat** off your forehead. year.

surprise (ໜ(i)ບໍ່ລາງຄັນ) (n.) something sudden or unexpected, ஆச்சரியம்; வியப்பு.

•His success did not cause much surprise.

surround (ஸிரளன்ட்) (v.) encircle; shut in on all sides, சூழ்ந்து கொள்; சூழப்படு.

•An island is **surrounded** by water on all sides.

survey (ໜ(i)ຄິນເພັ່) (v.) take a comprehensive view of, நன்கு ஆராய்ந்து பார்.

• The company **surveyed** the employees' performance.

survival (സ(i)ബെഖல்) (n.) existence; surviving, நிலைத்தல்; தொடர்ந்து வாழ்தல்.

The law of **survival** of the fittest applies even in business world.

suspect (ஸஸ்பெக்ட்) (v.) doubt; hard to believe, சந்தேகப்படு; நம்பாதிரு.

◆The police **suspected** him.

suspend (ஸஸ்பெண்ட்) (v.) hang up, தொங்க விடு.

•The pieces of meat were **suspended** from the ceiling on hooks.

suspense (ஸஸ்பென்ஸ்) (n.) uncertainty, நிச்சயமின்மை.

◆Don't keep us in **suspense**.

sustain (சஸ்டெய்ன்) (v.) support or bear a weight, தாங்கு; தாங்கி நிறுத்து.

◆The branch was too thin to **sustain** my weight.

swallow (ஸ்வாலௌ) (v.) eat quickly, வ'ழங்கு.

•Chew your food well before you **swallow** it.

sweat (ബ്ബെല്) (n.) moisture excreted by skin, வியர்வை.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
	on as champios in the next page.	

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sweep (ஸ்வீப்) (v.) clear away with a brush or broom, தூசியை நீக்கு; துடப்பத்தால் பெருக்கு.

◆Let's **sweep** up dead leaves from the garden.

sweet (ஸ்வீட்) (adj.) delicious; tasting like sugar, தீத்தீப்பான.

◆This tea is too **sweet.**

swell (ஸ்வெல்) (v.) increase in volume, வீங்கு; பருத்துப் போ.

•Prem's heart was **swelling** with pride.

swim (ஸ்வீம்) (v.) move through water using arms and legs, நீந்து.

•We swam all afternoon.

swing (ஸ்வீங்) (v.) move freely to and fro or from side to side, முன்னும் பின்னும் ஆடு.

•Children were **swinging** on the garden swing.

switch (ஸ்வி(ட்)ச்) (n.) device for making and breaking a electric connection, மின்னோட்டத்தை ஓடச்செய்யும் அல்லது நிறுத்தும் கருவி.

•There were many **switches** for all the lights.

symbol (சம்பல்) (n.) sign; mark, சன்னம்.

◆White is a **symbol** of purity.

sympathy (சிம்பதி) (n.) sharing the feelings of others, தயை; அனுதாபம்.

•We all felt **sympathy** for the victims of the flood.

system (சிஸ்டம்) (n.) ordered set of ideas and theories, ஒழுங்குமுறை; திட்டம்.

•We have a democratic **system** of Government.

Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Table - புத்தகம் மேஜையின் மேல் உள்ளது.		

table team

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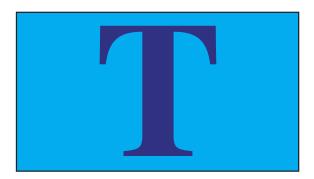


table (டெய்ப்ல்) (n.) a piece of furniture having a smooth flat top on legs, மேஜை.

◆The book is on the table.

tablet (டாப்லெட்) (n.) a small flat piece of medicine; pill, மாத்திரை.

Don't take **tablets** without doctor's advice.

tactic (டாக்டிக்) (n.) way of achieving something, ஒரு விஷயத்தை சமாளிக்கும் வழி.

•Dilip's tactics are always successful.

tag (டேக்) (n.) a card or small piece of paper, leather or other material to be tied or fastened to something as a label, முகவரிச்சீட்டு; விலைச் சீட்டு.

*Each shirt in the shop carries a price tag.

tail (டெய்ல்) (n.) the rear part of an animal's body,

வால்.

•A dog wags its **tail** when it is happy.

talent (டேலன்ட்) (n.) a special natural ability, இயற்கையான திறமை.

•My brother is a man of great **talent.**

talk (டாக்) (v.) say things; converse; speak; communicate, பேசு; பிரசங்கம் செய்.

•We **talked** for a long time.

tank (டேங்க்) (n.) a large container for liquid or gas, பெரிய பாத்திரம்; குளம்; தடாகம்.

•He always has plenty of petrol in the car's tank.

tap (டேப்) (v.) to strike lightly, வெதுவாகத் தட்டு.
•Tap him on the shoulder, he will wake up.

tape (டெய்ப்) (**n.**) narrow strip of material used for tying up bundles or measuring, நாடா; அளவு நாடா.

•He used **tape** to measure the lengths.

target (டார்)கீட்) (n.) object or position aimed at, குறி; இலக்கு.

•The salesman achieved his **target** for the month.

task (டாஸ்க்) (n.) piece of hard work to be done, கடினமான வேலை; பாரம் மிகுந்த பொறுப்பு.

•Each child is responsible for certain household tasks.

taste (டெய்ஸ்ட்) (v.) sense by the touch of the tongue, ருசி பார்.

◆Taste this cake.

teach (டீச்) (v.) give instruction to, பயிற்சி அளி.

•Can you **teach** me how to play chess?

team (டீம்) **(n.)** a number of people working or acting together, சங்கம்; குழு; கூட்டம்.

•Our school **team** won the match.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

tear (டிஅர்) (n.) liquid secreted from the eyes, கண்ணீர்.

Nisha's eyes are filled with **tears.**

tease (டீஸ்) (v.) make fun of, பரிகாசம் செய்.

• You shouldn't **tease** others.

technical (டெக்னிகல்) (adj.) relating to the industrial arts and technology, தொழில் நுட்பம் சம்பந்தமான.

◆The new **technical** institute trains engineers, chemists, and architects.

teem (டீம்) **(v.)** be overflowing with, நீரம்பியிரு; நீரம்பிவழி.

◆The country **teems** with population.

tell (டெல்) (v.) give information regarding, தெரிவி. ◆Will you tell me what happened yesterday?

temper (டெம்ப(ர்)) (**n.**) state of the mind, mood. மனோபாவம்; இயல்பு.

•When we met the principal he was in a bad **temper.**

temporary (டெம்பரரி) (adj.) lasting for a short time only, தற்காகமான; அற்ப கால.

◆Sanjeev's job is no longer **temporary**.

tenant (டெனன்ட்) (n.) person who pays rent for the use of land or a building; occupant, வாடகைக்காரர்.

•The owner of this house has very nice **tenants**.

tender (டென்ட(ர்)) (adj.) delicate; easily hurt, மெல்டுப்; எளிதில் காயப்படுகின்ற.

•A baby's **tender** skin must be protected from the sun.

terrace (டெரஸ்) (n.) a raised platform, மேல் களம்.

•They had a rose garden in their **terrace**.

terrible (டெரிப்ல்) (adj.) causing great fear or terror, பயங்கரமான; கோரமான.

◆The village was hit by a **terrible** storm.

terror (டெர(ர்)) **(n.)** extreme fear, பெரும் பயம்; பீகி.

•At the sound of the lion's roar, the children screamed with **terror**.

test (டெஸ்ட்) (**n.**) examination or trial to find the quality, value, etc., of something, பரிசோதனை.

•God **tests** us to find out our true worth.

thank (தாங்க்) (v.) express gratitude; feel grateful, நன்றி கூறு.

•Don't forget to **thank** those who help you.

theatre (திஅட(ர்)) (n.) building for the performance of plays, films, நாடக அரங்கம்; திரை அரங்கம்.

•Jeeva likes to watch films only in **theatres**.

then (தென்) (adv.) at that time, அப்போது; அந்த காலத்தில்.

•We were living in Chennai **then.**

there (தெய்அர்) (adv.) in or at that place; at that point, அங்கே; அங்கு நோக்கி.

•I've never been to Kolkata but I hope to go **there** next year.

thick (திக்) (adj.) not thin; dense, பருமனான; தடிப்பான.

•The book was wrapped with a **thick** cover.

thief (தீஃப்) (n.) a person who steals, திருடன்; கள்ளன்.

•The **thief** was caught by the police.

thin (தீன்) (adj.) not thick, இலேசான; மெல்பு.

•Janani spread a **thin** layer of jam on the bread.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
	on as champios in the next page.

think (திங்க்) (v.) have the mind occupied on something; consider; regard, சிந்தி; ஆலோசி; நீனை.

◆Think before you act.

thirst (த(ர்)ஸ்ட்) (n.) a feeling of dryness (in the mouth) caused by lack of water or moisture, தரகம்.

The traveller in the desert suffered from **thirst**.

thorn (தார்)ன்) (n.) plant having spine; anything prickly or troublesome, முன்; முட்செடி.

◆These rose bushes have a lot of **thorns**.

thorough (தரௌ) (adj.) complete in every way, முழுமையான; பூரணமான.

•I gave him **thorough** instructions about his job.

though (தௌ) (conj.) even if, இருந்தாலும்; ஆயினும்.

•Smita is nervous **though** she doesn't show it.

thrash (த்ராஷ்) (**v.**) beat soundly with a stick or whip, அடி; சாட்டையால் அடி.

•The man **thrashed** the thief for stealing money.

thread (த்ரெட்) (**n.**) a thin cord or string, நூல்; நூல் இழை.

•Stich it with nylon thread.

threat (த்ரெட்) (n.) statement of an intention to punish, பயமுறுத்தல்.

•The prisoner complained that the police used **threats** to get a confession from him.

thrill (த்ரில்) (n.) excited feeling, சிரிப்பு; கீளர்ச்சி.

The boy had a thrill of joy when he learned that he had won the first rank in the examination.

through (த்ரு) (**prep.**) from end to end or from side to side, வழியாக.

◆The river Thames flows **through** London.

throw (த்ரௌ) (v.) fling or cast in any manner; toss, எறி; வீசு.

◆Don't **throw** stones at the street dogs.

thumb (தம்(ப்)) (**n.**) the short thick finger of the human hand next to the forefinger, கையின் பெருவிரல்.

◆The **thumb** is the most used finger.

thunder (தன்ட(ர்)) (n.) the loud noise that often follows a flash of lightning, இடி முழக்கம்.

•Ragavi is very much afraid of **thunder** and lightning.

thus (தஸ்) (adv.) in this (that) way; accordingly, இவ்வாறு; இப்படி.

•Vincent studied hard, **thus** he got high marks.

tick (டிக்) (**n. & v.**) the quick, light sound made by a watch or clock, கடிகாரத்தின் டிக் டிக் ஒசை.

•The clock **ticks** louder and louder in a quiet room.

tie (டை) (v.) fasten or bind, கட்டு; இணை.

◆Tie a knot in this string.

tight (டைட்) (adj.) fitting too close to the body; compact, இறுக்கமான; நெருக்கமான.

◆**Tight** shoes will be painful.

till (டில்) (prep. & conj.) to the time of, வரை.

•I shall wait **till** ten o'clock.

tilt (டில்ட்) (v.) to cause to slope or slant, சரி; சரித்துவை.

•You **tilt** your head forward when you bow.

timber (டிம்ப(ர்)) (n.) wood used for building and making things, பெரிய மரத்துண்டு.

•Robinson collected all the **timber** needed to build a house.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
	on as champios in the next page.

tin (டின்) (n.) silver white metal, வெள்ளீயம்.

◆There are **tin** mines in Malaysia.

tint (டின்ட்) (n.) shade of colour, இலேசான வண்ணம்.

•The picture was painted in several **tints** of red.

tiny (டைனி) (adj.) very small; minute, மிகச்சிறிய. ◆We saw the aeroplane appear as a tiny dot in the sky.

tip (டிப்) (n.) pointed or thin end of something, நுண்; கூரிய முனை.

•Do you have a needle with a sharp **tip?**

tired (டைஎ(ர்)ட்) (adj.) weary in body or mind, தளர்ந்த; சோர்வுற்ற.

•Anu looked very **tired**.

title (டைட்ல்) **(n.)** name of a book, poem, etc., தலைப்புப் பெயர்.

•After writing the story you should give it a suitable **title.**

together (டூகத(ர்)) (adv.) in company; with, ஒன்றாக; கூட.

•We are working **together.**

token (டௌக்ன்) (n.) sign; mark, அடையாளம்; சீன்னம்.

•A white flag is a **token** of surrender.

tolerance (டாலரன்ஸ்) (n.) patience, பொறுமை.

Tolerance is the best virtue.

tool (டூல்) (n.) an implement, கருவி; ஆயுதம்.

•Good communication skills is a necessary **tool** for success in life.

top (டாப்) (**n.**) highest part or point, மேல்பாகம்; மேல் முனை.

•Let's climb to the **top** of that hill.

topic (டாபிக்) (n.) something spoken or written about a subject, பேசப்படும் விஷயம்.

•Newspapers discuss the **topics** of the day.

torch (டார்)ச்) (**n.**) a stick with flaming material tied to the end, தீப்பந்தம்.

•We need a **torch** in the dark.

toss (டாஸ்) (v.) fling up or about, மேல்நோக்கி எறி; உயரே எறி.

•Almost all the matches begin with the **toss** of a coin.

total (டௌடல்) (adj.) whole, மொத்தமான.

•The **total** cost was over a thousand rupees.

touch (டச்) (**v.**) to put the hand, finger, or some other part of the body on or against and feel, தொடு; கையால் தொட்டு உணர்.

•Can you **touch** the top of the black board?

tough (டஃப்) (adj.) firm, எளிதில் உடைக்க முடியாத.

•The table top is made of very **tough** plastic.

tour (டூஅ(ர்)) (**n.**) the act of travelling around from place to place, சுற்றுப்பயணம்.

Our neighbours are taking a three-week **tour** to Kashmir and Nepal.

tow (டௌ) (v.) to pull by a rope or chain, கட்டி இழுத்துச் செல்.

•The bus was **towed** and taken to the shed.

towards (டுவ(ர்)ட்ஸ்) (prep.) the direction of; approaching, (ஒன்றை) நோக்கிச் செல்.

•The children walked **towards** the class room.

tower (டவ(ர்)) (n.) a high structure, கோபுரம்.

◆The city hall has a beautiful clock **tower**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
	on as champios in the next page.

toy (டாய்) (**n.**) something for a child to play with; play-thing, வீளையாட்டுப் பொருள்.

•The child got a lot of **toys** on its birthday.

trace (ட்ரெய்ஸ்) (**v.**) to follow by means of marks, tracks, or signs, அடையாளம் வை; பின் தொடர்.
•The dog **traced** the culprit by his smell.

track (ட்ராக்) (**n.**) mark left by a passing vehicle, person or animal, ஒரு வாகனம், நபர் அல்லது மிருகம் சென்ற அடையாளம்.

◆The police found the **track** of a car in the mud.

trade (ட்ரெய்ட்) (**n.**) buying and selling of goods, வாணிகம்; வியாபாரம்.

•We have a good foreign **trade** in spices.

tradition (ட்ரெடிஷன்) (**n.**) belief, custom, etc. handed down through generations, பரம்பரையாக சுள்ள.

•Celebrating Pongal festival is a **tradition** in Tamil Nadu.

traffic (ட்ராஃபிக்) (n.) people and vehicles moving along in a way of travel, சாலைப் போக்குவரத்து.
•City roads have very little traffic in early

tragedy (ட்ராஜிடி) (**n.**) a play with a sad ending, சோக நாடகம்.

•The sinking of the Titanic was a great **tragedy.**

trail (ட்ரெய்ல்) (**n.**) mark left by something passed, கடந்து சென்ற அடையாளம் அல்லது பாதை.

◆The jet left a vapour **trail** in the sky.

mornings.

train (ட்ரெய்ன்) (v.) give practice to; to practise; to prepare oneself, பயிற்சி அளி; ஒரு வேலையில் திறனடையச் செய்.

•We have to **train** our children to be good citizens.

traitor (ட்டுரய்ட(ர்)) (**n.**) a person who betrays his country or ruler, ராஜத்துரோகி.

•Whatever you may become, never be a **traitor**.

transfer (ட்ரான்ஸ்ஃப(ர்)) (n. & v.) change; change of position or place, மாற்று; இடம் மாற்றம்.

•He **transferred** the ownership of the house to his wife.

transform (ட்ரான்ஸ்ஃபா(ர்)ம்) (v.) change the shape or nature of, உருவ மாற்று.

•The caterpillar is **transformed** into a butterfly.

translate (ட்ரான்ஸ்லெய்ட்) (v.) give the meaning of something from one language to another, மொழி பெயர்த்தெழுது.

•Tagore's Geetanjali has been **translated** to many languages.

transmit (ட்ரான்ஸ்மிட்) (v.) pass on, கைமாற்றம் செய்.

•Some characteristics are **transmitted** from parents to children.

transplant (ட்ரான்ஸ்ப்லான்ட்) (**v.**) to plant again in a different place, பிடுங்கி வேறிடத்தில் நடு; நீக்கி வேறிடத்தில் வை.

•Paddy saplings are often transplanted.

trap (ட்ராப்) (**n.**) device for catching animals or birds, கண்ண; ວບາກ.

•Anish set a **trap** for the mouse.

trash (ட்ராஷ்) (n.) rubbish; worthless material, குப்பைக் கூளம்; பயனற்ற பொருள்.

◆Throw the **trash** into the bin.

travel (ட்ராவல்) (**v.**) make journeys; to go from place to place, பயணம் செய்.

•We **travelled** to Delhi last year.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

tray (ட்ரெய்) (n.) a flat shallow vessel, தட்டு; தாம்பாளம்.

•Jothi is carrying tea in a **tray.**

tray

treasure (ட்டிரஷ(ர்)) (n.) store of gold, silver, jewels, etc., **செல்வம்,** விலையுயர்ந்த பொருள்.

◆There was a big pot of **treasure** buried in the backyard.

treat (ட்ரீட்) (v.) act or behave towards, நடத்து. •Fatima's parents still treat her like a child.

treatment (ட்ரீட்பெண்ட்) (**n.**) the act or manner of treating; way of treating diseases, சிக்ச்சை; கையாளுதல்.

•All visitors should receive respectful **treatment**.

tremble (ட்ரெம்ப்ல்) (**v.**) shake involuntarily with fear, anger, cold, etc., பயம், குளிர் ஆகியவற்றால் ஆடு, நடுங்கு,

•Mala's voice **trembled** with emotion.

tremendous (ட்ரிமன்டஸ்) (adj.) very great; very large, மிகப்பெரிய; மிக அதிகமான.

•It was a **tremendous** achievement.

trend (ட்டென்ட்) (n.) general tendency; general direction, போக்கு; பொதுவாக செல்லும் திசை.

•The youngsters catch up with the latest **trend.**

trial (ட்ரைஅல்) (**n.**) test; inquiry, பரீசோதனை; முயற்சி.

◆The bus is running on **trial.**

tribe (ட்ரைப்) (**n.**) a race of people or a family; class, இனம்; குலம்.

◆There are numerous **tribes** in India.

trick (ட்ரிக்) (n.) something done in order to deceive, கபடச் செயல்; தந்திரம்.

•The magician showed them many **tricks** with a pack of cards.

trim (ட்ரிம்) (v.) set in good order; decorate, சரி செய்; கத்தரித்து அழகுபடுத்து.

◆The gardener **trimmed** the plants.

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trip (ட்ரிப்) (**n.**) journey; voyage; excursion, சிறு பயணம்.

•The **trip** was cancelled because of the storm.

troop (ட்ருப்) (**n.**) a company of persons travelling together, குழுமம்.

•A **troop** of school boys visited the factory.

trouble (ட்ரப்ல்) (v.) cause worry, தொந்தரவு செய். ◆He took care not to trouble his parents.

true (ட்ரு) (adj.) faithful; honest; உண்மையான; தவரில்லாத.

•Is it **true** that you are going to Russia?

turn (ட(ர்)ன்) (**v.**) move round a point, சுற்று; திரும்பு.

•Das **turned** the chair.

turnover (ட(ர்)ன்ஒவர்) (n.) profit, இலாபம்.

•They got a **turnover** of ten lakh rupees.

twice (ட்வைஸ்) (adv.) two times, இரண்டு முறை.

◆I've been to Bangalore twice.

twin (ட்வின்) (n.) either of two children born together, இரட்டைக் குழந்தைகளில் ஒன்று.

Sruti and Smriti are identical twins.

type (டைப்) (**n.**) an example of a class or group, மாதீரி; இனம்.

◆Malini got a new **type** of dress.

typical (டிப்பிகல்) (adj.) having the nature of a type, மாதிரி எடுத்துக்காட்டாக இருக்கிற.

•Jaya's father was a **typical** business man.

Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Ugly - என்ன ஒரு அசிங்கமான ஆடை!		

unable (அன்எய்ப்ல்) (adj.) incapable, இயலாத; முடியாத.

◆The old man was **unable** to walk.

under (அன்ட(ர்)) (prep.) in or to a position lower than or less than, அடியில்; கீழே.

◆The cat is **under** the table.

understand (அன்ட(ர்)ஸ்டான்ட்) (v.) know the meaning or nature of, பொருள் மற்றும் இயல்பு அறிந்துக் கொள்.

◆Sunita didn't **understand** what I said.

undertake (அன்ட(ர்)டெய்க்) (v.) make oneself responsible for, ஏற்றுக்கொள்.

•I cannot **undertake** the responsibility of keeping so much money.

unemployed (அன்எம்ப்லாய்ட்) (adj.) having no work, வேலையில்லாத.

• Many **unemployed** youth are becoming frustrated.

unemployment (அன்எம்ப்லாய்ட்சென்ட்) (n.) lack of employment, வேலையில்லாமை.

• Closing down factories causes serious **unemployment.**

unfair (அன்ஃபெய்அ(ர்)) (adj.) not right or just, அநியாயமான.

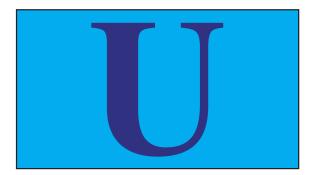
•Paying women less than men for the same work is plainly **unfair.**

unfortunate (அன்ஃபா(ர்)ச்யுனெய்ட்) (adj.) unlucky, துரதீர்ஷ்டமுள்ள.

•The accident was quite **unfortunate.**

union (யூனியன்) (n.) joining or being joined, ஐக்கியம்; கூட்டுறவு.

• The students formed an **union**.



ugly (அக் (adj.) unpleasant to look at, அவலட்சணமான.

•Rumours are always **ugly**.

ultimate (அல்டிமெய்ட்) (adj.) forming the final aim, முடிவான குறிக்கோளாக அமைகின்ற.

◆The **ultimate** goal of life is to be happy.

umbrella (அம்ப்ரெலா) (n.) a portable folding shelter against rain and sun, குடை.

◆Umbrellas have become a necessity of all seasons.

umpire (அம்பைஅ(ர்)) (**n.**) one who acts as judge in a game, **விளையாட்டுப் போட்டியின் நடுவர்.**◆The **umpire** himself looked confused.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences give	en as examples in the next page.
	on as champios in the next page.

unique (யுனீக்) (adj.) being the only one of the upper (அப்ப(ர்)) (adj.) located above, மேலே kind; having no equal, இணையற்ற.

•Every person is **unique** in their own way.

unit (யூனிட்) (n.) a group of things or persons considered as one, தனித்து நிற்கும் பொருள்.

•The family is often taken as the **unit** of society.

universal (யூனிவ(ர்)சல்) (adj.) pertaining to all, எல்லாவற்றையும் சார்ந்த.

◆War causes **universal** misery.

university (யூனிவ(ர்)சிடி) (n.) an institution of learning of the highest grade, பல்கலைக்கழகம்.

•University of Madras is one of the oldest universities in India.

unknown (அன்நௌன்) (adj.) not known, அறியப்படாத.

•The long-term effects of pollution are still unknown.

unlawful (அன்லாஃபுல்) (adj.) illegal, சட்டத்திற்கு புறம்பான.

•Unlawful entry in the restricted areas is punishable by law.

unload (அன்லெளட்) (v.) remove load from, சுமை நீக்கு.

•It will take atleast three days to **unload** a ship.

until (அன்டில்) (prep.) till, வரை.

•Suraj waited **until** five o'clock for her.

untimely (அன்டைம் 🗆 (adj.) happening at the wrong time, சரியற்ற வேளையில் நிகழ்கின்ற.

•Rain in June is **untimely**, yet welcome.

upon (அபான்) (prep.) on, மேலே.

•Michael stood **upon** the table.

அமைந்துள்ள.

•Maya placed it in the **upper** shelf.

upset (அப்சட்) (v.) cause to be disturbed, கலக்கமுண்டாக்கு.

•The rain **upseted** our plans for a picnic.

upstairs (அப்ஸ்டெஅ(ர்)ஸ்) (n.) on a higher floor, மேல் மாடி.

•Isha walked **upstairs** to her bedroom.

upward (அப்வர்)ட்) (adj.) moving up, மேல் நோக்கி செல்கின்ற.

•He climbed **upward** on the tree till he reached the mango.

urban (அர்)பன்) (adj.) of or in a town, நகரம் சம்மந்தமான.

•Urban life has some advantages over life in the village.

urgent (அர்)ஜென்ட்) (adj.) requiring immediate decision or action, அவசரமான.

• It is most **urgent** that the patient should get to hospital.

usage (யூசிஜ்) (n.) usual practice, பழக்க மரபு; பொதுவான வழக்கம்.

•Any custom gets established with **usage**.

use (யூஸ்) (v.) employ for a purpose, பயன்படுத்து; உபயோகி.

•A hammer is **used** for driving in nails.

utility (யுடி 📭) (n.) quality of being useful, பயன்; உபயோகம்.

•Monica buys only things of **utility**.

utmost (அட்மௌஸ்ட்) (adj.) farthest; greatest, மிக அதிகமான; மிகப்பெரிய.

•I have **utmost** confidence in Aarti's ability.

Practise translating the English sentences give	ven as examples in the next page.
Vacancy - எங்களுடைய அலுவலகத்தில்	
கணக்குப் பிரிவில் ஒரு வேலையிடம்	
காலியாக உள்ளது.	

hotel.

valid (வாட்) (adj.) legally sound, சட்டப்படி செல்லத்தக்க.

◆The contract will be **valid** for two years.

valley (வா (n.) low land between hills, பள்ளத்தாக்கு.

◆Very few houses are located in this valley.

value (வேல்யு) (n.) worth, மதிப்பு.

•Society attaches a great deal of **value** to good manners.

van (வேன்) (n.) covered vehicle for carrying goods or people, சரக்குகள் மற்றும் ஆட்களை கொண்டு செல்லும் ஒரு வகை வண்டி.

• A baker's **van** delivered fresh bread.

vapour (வெய்ப(ர்)) (**n.**) steam, ஆவி; நீராவி.

•Water **vapour** when condensed becomes water.

vast (வெய்ஸ்ட்) (adj.) very great in size, அகன்ற; பரந்த.

•Sahara is the **vast** African desert.

vegetarian (வெஜட்டேரியன்) (adj.) person who eats no meat, புலால் உண்ணாதவர்.

•Many of my friends are **vegetarians**.

vehicle (வெஹிக்கல்) (n.) any means of carrying, conveying or transporting, வாகனம்; வண்டி.

•Which **vehicle** causes maximum pollution?

velocity (விலாசிடி) (n.) rate of motion, இயக்க வேகம்.

•An aircraft that flies at a **velocity** higher than that of sound is said to be supersonic.



vacancy (வெய்கன்சி) (n.) the state of being vacant, காயான நிலை.

•There is a **vacancy** in our company in the accounting section.

vacate (விகய்ட்) (v.) give up living in, காடிசம். ◆We have to vacate this building by the end of

vacation (வகெய்ஷன்) (n.) period of holiday, வீடுமுறைக் காலம்.

•We went to Malaysia for this year's vacation.

vacuum (வாக்யுஅம்) (**n.**) a space from which all air or matter has been extracted, வெற்றீடம்.

• A flame cannot burn in a vaccum.

December.

valet (வரட்) (n.) a man servant; worker in a hotel, வேலைக்காரன்.

◆We have many trained **valets** working for our

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள்.	ட்டிருக்கும் ஆங்கில வாக்கியங்களை தமிழில்
Practise translating the English sentences giv	en as examples in the next page.

verify (வெரிஃபை) (v.) test the truth or accuracy of, ஆராய்ந்து சரி என உறுதி செய்.

•The professor **verified** his student's research findings.

vertical (வெர்)டிகல்) (adj.) perpendicular to a level surface, நீமிர்ந்த; செங்குத்தான.

◆Draw a **vertical** line.

verify

very (வெரி) (adv.) in a high degree; extremely, மிக அதிகமாய்; பெரிதளவில்.

•Kenny walked **very** quickly.

vessel (வெசல்) (n.) a hollow holder or container, பரத்திரம்.

◆This **vessel** is made of brass.

vibrate (வைப்ரெய்ட்) (v.) move rapidly backwards and forwards, வேகமாக அங்கு□ மிங்கும் ஊசலாடு.

•A stretched-string **vibrates** when it is struck.

victory (விக்ட(ரி)) (n.) success, வெற்றி.

◆Their **victory** was a great surprise to everyone.

view (வ்யூ) (v.) seeing or looking at something, பார்த்தல்.

•I am not able to **view** the monitor.

violence (வைஅலன்ஸ்) (n.) excessive force in action, வன்முறை.

•Gandhiji never resorted to violence.

visa (விசா) (n.) endorsement upon a passport, ஒரு நாட்டுக்குள் நுழைய உரிமை பெறும் அதிகார ஆணை.

•Gautam's brother sent him a job **visa** from Canada.

visible (விசிப்ல்) (adj.) that can be seen, பார்க்கக்

•The house was **visible** across the valley.

vision (விஷன்) (n.) the power of seeing, பார்வை.

•Aged people wear glasses to have proper **vision**.

visit (விசிட்) (v.) to go to see, பார்க்கச் செல்.

◆The tourists **visited** the city's museum.

vocabulary (வகப்யுலரி) (n.) the stock of words used, ஒரு மொழியின் சொற்றொகுதி.

◆The **vocabulary** in English has grown greatly.

vocation (வெளகெய்ஷன்) (n.) a particular occupation, business, profession or trade, தொழில்.

•Bhavya selected her **vocation** after consulting her parents.

voice (வாய்ஸ்) (n.) sounds made when speaking or singing, குரல்.

•Mr.Sam spoke with a deep rich voice.

volcano (வால்கெய்னென) (**n.**) mountain with an opening through which lava, gas, etc. come up from below the surface of the earth, எரிமலை.

• Vesuvius is the only active **volcano** in Europe.

vomit (வாமிட்) (v.) to throw up what has been eaten, வாந்தி எடு.

•Sanjay **vomited** everything he ate.

vote (வெளட்) (n.) expression of one's choice by casting a ballot, raising hands, etc., வாக்கு.

•Let's take a **vote** by showing of hands.

voyage (வாயிஜ்) (n.) journey by water, கடற்பயணம்.

◆The **voyage** to Andaman from Chennai takes three days.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences giv	ven as examples in the next page.	
Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Wage - அவன் அவனுடைய சம்பளத்தை தினக்கூலியாகப் பெறுவான்.		
ക്കാരത്താ വെ <u>സ്</u> വാവത്ത്.		

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or brick, சுவர்.

◆Hang the picture on that wall.

wallet ((உ)வாப்) (n.) a small bag which a person carries, கைப்பை.

wave

•The secretary carried a wallet to his office.

want ((உ)வான்ட்) (v.) require, தேவைப்படு.

•Sam wants to buy new shirts.

war ((உ)ณา(ก๋)) (n.) a contest between or among nations or states or different parties in the same state, Gunn.

◆The First World **War** was fought from 1914 to 1918.

warm ((உ)வா(ர்)ம்) (adj.) having heat in a moderate degree, வெப்பமான; மிதமான சூடுள்ள.

◆March is a warm, sunny month.

warn ((உ)வா(ர்)ன்) (v) give notice of possible danger; inform in advance, எச்சரி; முன்னறிவிப்பு கொடு.

•Saranya warned us that she might be late.

wash ((உ)வாஷ்) (v.) make clean with water or other liquids, கழுவு.

◆Wash your hands and come for dinner.

waste ((உ)வெய்ஸ்ட்) (adj.) useless; not used, பயனற்ற.

•Anupama had a lot of waste clothes.

watch ((உ)வா(ட்)ச்) (v.) look at, பார்த்துக் கொண்டிரு.

•Watch how I do the experiment.

wave ((உ)வெய்வ்) (v.) move or be moved to and from, அப்படியும் இப்படியும் அசை.

◆The flag waved in the breeze.



wage ((உ)வெய்ஜ்)(n.) payment made or received for work done, சம்பளம்; கூலி.

Manohar will receive his salary as daily wages.

waist ((உ)வெய்ஸ்ட்) (n.) part between hips and ribs of a human body, இடுப்பு.

◆The bride was adorned by a gold chain around her waist.

wait ((உ)வெய்ட்) (v.) stay where one is, காத்திரு.

•You'll have to **wait** until I finish this work.

wake ((உ)வெய்க்) (v.) to be aroused from sleep, தூக்கத்தை நிறுத்தி விழிப்புக் கொள்.

•What time do you usually **wake** up?

walk ((உ)வாக்) (v.) to move on foot, நட; நடத்து.

•Ranjini walked six kilometers.

wall ((உ) ณาญ์) (n.) a continuous structure of stone

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences giv	ven as examples in the next page.
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way ((உ)வெய்) (n.) path; passage, பாதை.

◆There is a way across the fields.

we ((உ)வீ) (pron.) nominative plural of I, நாம்.

•We reached there early in the morning.

weapon (வெபன்) (n.) an instrument of offence and defense, அயுதம்.

◆The army tested the new **weapon**.

weather ((உ)வெத(ர்)) (n.) atmospheric condition, வானிலை.

◆Xavier stays indoors in wet weather.

weave ((உ)வீவ்) (v.) make into cloth, நெய்.

◆The silk sarees **weaved** in Kanchipuram are very famous.

web ((உ)வெப்) (n.) a fine net made by a spider, சிலந்தி வலை.

•The spider makes **web** for catching prey.

week ((உ)வீக்) (n.) a period of seven successive days, வரம்.

•They planned a week-long trip to Darjeeling.

weight ((உ)வெய்ட்) (n.) heaviness, பாரம்.

•The **weight** of this luggage is forty kilograms.

welcome ((உ)வெல்கம்) (n.) happily received, **நல்வரவு.**

◆You are always **welcome** to my house.

welfare ((உ)வெல்ஃபெய்அ(ர்)) (n.) condition of having good health, நலமாக இருக்கும் நிலை.

•Parents are concerned about the **welfare** of their children.

well ((உ)வெல்) (n.) hole drilled into the earth for obtaining water, petroleum, etc., கணறு.

•The farmer pumped water from the **well** with a windmill.

wet ((உ)வெட்) (adj.) covered or soaked with water or other liquid, நனைந்த; ஈரமான.

◆Take off that **wet** shirt.

what ((உ)வாட்) (adv. & pron.) an interrogative pronoun; a word used in asking about people or things, என்ன? ஏது?

◆What is your name?

wheel ((உ)வீல்) (n.) circular frame turning on an axis, சக்கரம்.

• Wheels are used for moving vehicles and transmitting motion or power.

when ((உ)வென்) (adv. & conj.) at what or which time, எப்பொழுது.

◆When does your school reopen?

whether (அவதர்) (conj.) which of two or more alternatives, இரண்டு அல்லது அதற்கு மேற்பட்டவற்றில் எதுவாகிலும்.

•I don't know whether he will come or not.

which ((உ)வீச்) (**pron. & conj.**) what one (of a group mentioned), எது; எந்த நபர்.

◆Which book do you want?

while ((உ)வைல்) (n. & conj.) period of time, சிறது நேரம்.

•Where have you been all this **while?**

whole ((உ)ஹௌல்) (adj.) entire, முழுமையான.

•It rained the **whole** week.

wide ((உ)வைட்) (adj.) broad, அகலமான.

•Roads in India are not very wide.

widow ((മ)ഹ്മിപണ) (n.) a woman whose husband is dead and who has not married again, ഹ്വൂക്കം.

◆My friend has married a widow.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page.		
Tructise translating the English sentences gr	von us camples in the neat page.	

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wild ((உ)வைல்ட்) (adj.) living or growing in the forests, காடுகளில் வளர்ந்து வாழ்கின்ற.

•Some wild horses are still found here.

will ((உ)வில்) (v.) to wish; to desire, விரும்பு.

◆Let him do what he will.

wild

win ((உ)வின்) (v.) to be successful over others, வெற்றியடை.

•The team practised hard in order to **win** the match.

window ((உ)வின்டௌ) (n.) an opening in the wall for air and light, ஜன்னல்.

◆The room has **windows** on three sides.

wing ((உ)விங்) (n.) one of the movable parts of a bird or an insect used in flying, இறகு; சிறகு.

•The right **wing** of that crow was slightly crooked.

wink ((உ)விங்க்) (v.) close and open the eye or eyelids quickly, கண் சிமட்டு.

•Sophia winked at me when the man came in.

wipe ((உ)வைப்) (v.) clean or dry by rubbing with a cloth, துடை.

•Wipe your shoes on the mat.

wire (வைஅ(ர்)) (n.) metal lengthened into a thread used for electrical purposes, மின் கம்பி.

•It is very dangerous to touch a live wire.

with (வித்) (prep.) in the company of, உடன்.

•Sindu is coming with me.

withdraw (வித்ட்ரா) (v.) to take away, **திரும்பப்** பெறு.

•Can you withdraw some money from your account?

without ((உ)விதவ்ட்) (prep.) not having, இல்லாமல்.

◆You can't open the door without the key.

witness ((உ)விட்னஸ்) (n.) attestation, சாட்சி; சாட்சியம்.

• Is there any witness for the accident?

wonder ((உ)வன்ட(ர்)) (n.) surprise combined with admiration, ஆச்சரியம்; வியப்பு.

•We were filled with wonder.

wool (வுல்) (n.) soft hair of sheep or other animals, கம்பளி.

•We wear wool in cold weather.

work ((உ)வா(ர்)க்) (n.) effort in doing or making something, ചേതെ.

•I am ready to **work** hard.

world ((உ)வா(ர்)ல்ட்) (n.) the earth, பூமி; உலகம்.

•China is the largest country in the world.

worry ((உ)வரி) (v.) trouble, கவலை உண்டாக்கு.

•Mother always **worries** when we stay out late.

worst ((உ)வா(ர்)ஸ்ட்) (adj.) bad in the greatest degree, மிக மோசமான.

◆This is the **worst** food I ever had.

wrestle ((வி)ரெஸ்ல்) (v.) to try to throw or force an opponent to the ground, மல்லுக்கட்டு.

•Don't wrestle with the weak.

wrong (ராங்) (adj.) mistake, தவறான.

•Cheating is always **wrong**.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. X-mas - நான் என்னுடைய எல்லா		
அட்டைகளை அனுப்பினேன்.		
ച്ച_ഞ_ഞഞ്ഞ ചയ്യാവാത്തത്.		

x-mas x-ray

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x-mas (ஏக்ஸ்-மஸ்) (n.) an abbreviation for Christmas, கிறிஸ்மஸ் ஏன்பதன் சுருக்கம்.

◆I sent **X-mas** cards to all my friends.

x-ray (எக்ஸ் இரய்) (n.) wave ray that penetrates solids and enables photographs be taken, உள்ளுறுப்புக்களைத் தெளிவாகக் காட்டும் புகைப்படம்.

◆X-rays were discovered by W.K.Roentgen, a German scientist in 1895.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. Yard - எனக்கு ஒரு சட்டையைத் தைக்க		

yet (பெட்) (adv. & conj.) by the time; by this time, இன்னும்; இதுவரையிலும்.

◆They are not here **yet.**

yield (யீல்ட்) (v.) produce a natural product, இயற்கையாக விளைவி.

•This coconut tree **yields** about hundred coconuts a year.

yoga (யோகா) (n.) the Hindu science of the union of the individual soul with the supreme thing, யோக சாஸ்தீரம்.

•Yoga is widely practised by many people, across religions and countries.

young (யங்) (adj.) not much advanced in years, இளைய; இளம் வயதிலுள்ள.

◆You are still **young**.

your (யுஅ(ர்)) (pron.) belonging to you, உன்னுடைய.

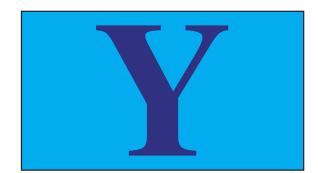
◆Is this **your** pen?

youth (யூத்) (n.) the state or quality of being young, இளமை.

•He visited Spain in his **youth.**

yummy (யமி) (adj.) tasty, ருசியுள்ள.

◆Pizza is costly but **yummy.**



yard (யார்ப்) (n.) a measure of length; 36 inches or 3 feet, கஜம்; 36 அங்குலம் அல்லது 3 அடி கொண்ட ஒரு நீளம்.

•I require two **yards** of cloth to stitch a shirt.

year (யிய்அ(ர்)) (**n.**) the time that the earth takes for one revolution of the sun, வருடம்; ஆண்டு.

•The incident happened two **years** ago.

yeast (யீஸ்ட்) (n.) a substance that causes fermentation, புளிக்க வைப்பதற்கு பயன்படுத்தப் படும் ஓர் பொருள்.

•Yeast is added to flour and water to make bread.

மொழிபெயர்த்து பழகுங்கள். Practise translating the English sentences given as examples in the next page. Zebra - 'Z'-ல் ஆரம்பிக்கும் வார்த்தை ஒன்றைக் கேட்டால், நம் மனதில் முதலில்				
			தோன்றுவது Zebra என்ற வார்த்தையே.	
			கு றான்றுவது உரோக என்ற வாரத்தைவை.	

zone (ஸ்ஒஎன்) (**n.**) area with particular features, மண்டலம்.

•The earth is divided into **zones**.



zebra (ஸீய்ப்ரா) (**n.**) An animal like a horse with black and white stripes, வரிக்குத்ரை.

•When you want a word starting with 'z', **zebra** will be the first word that will come to your mind.

zen (ஸ்என்) (n.) a Japanese Buddhist sect, புத்த மதத்தில் ஒரு பிரிவு.

◆Zen is an anti-rational Buddhist sect developed in India.

zenith (ஸ்எனித்) (n.) the highest or culminating point, மிக உயர்ந்த இடம்.

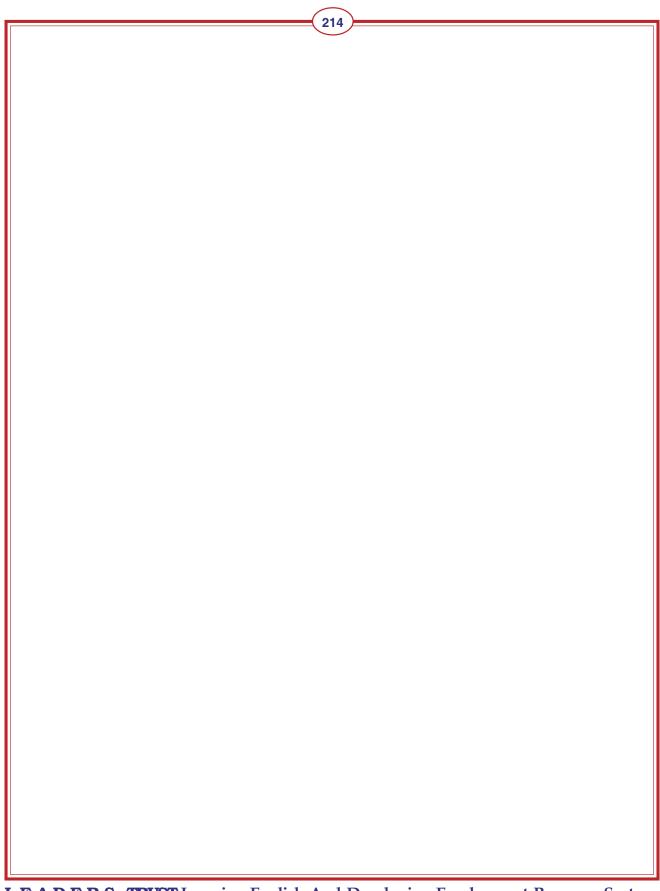
•His mayorship was at the **zenith** of his political career.

zero (ஸ்சுரௌ) (**n.**) cypher, **பூஜ்யம்.**

•Water freezes at **zero** degree centigrade.

zinc (ஸ்இங்க்) (n.) a bluish white metal, துத்தநாகம்.

•Zinc is used as a protective coating for iron.



L.E.A.D.E.R.S. TRUST Learning English And Developing Employment Resource System.

Learn to love the dictionary

Not many students on our campuses seem to be tuned to the possibility of using dictionaries as a powerful learning tool. Here is an introduction to the world of dictionaries.

Words are tools for life and dictionaries make them work for us. We use dictionaries to expand our knowledge of words so that we can communicate effectively in both written and spoke language. A good vocabulary broadens our understanding of what we read or hear and increases our ability to speak and increases our ability to speak and write well. When we look up a word in a dictionary, we look up a word in dictionary, we should be interested in what the word means. We should also ask the question: "What can we do with it?

HANDY RESOURCE

A good dictionary is a handy resource for researching different meanings, collections, examples of use and standard pronunciation. It is an extra teacher for students. it makes them more independent and enables them to study outside the classroom. If students know how to use the dictionaries afflictively, there are hundreds of hours of self guided study to be had with a good dictionaries. It is good news that familiarising with dictionaries has become part of our modern school curriculum. But there has not been any effort to endear our college and university students to the guardians of the English language.

The fall in reading habit among students is the main reason for their disenchantment with lexicons, says Nishi Wilson, head of English department at government college, Thriputhuar. She says studies the undergraduate level have changed in such a way as not to prompt the students to look up dictionaries on their own.

She cites the example of recent trimming of Shakespere from B.A. English Literature syllabus. "But we do push them to refer dictionaries on their own," says Ms.Wilson.

We found most students ignorant of the variants of dictionaries and their size and scope. For them, the idea of an English lexicon begins and ends with Oxford.

THE VARIOUS TYPES

Dictionaries vary in accordance with their content and treatment as well. There are monolingual, bilingual, multilingual, historical, biographical and geographical dictionaries, among others. There are dictionaries in almost every subject.

Some dictionaries list meanings in the historical order in which they appeared and some others in order of popularity and most common use.

Some dictionaries are encyclopedia; and some others are purely linguistic, concentrating on etymology, nuances of meaning, and quotations demonstrating usage.

Some dictionaries cover as many number of words as possible; and some only the most commonly used words. Dictionaries vary based on the vocabulary of the audience they are intimidating. Yet many adult dictionaries are that. Some dictionaries have definitions that requires a lot work to understand. Some lexicons are criticized for defining words with words that they do not define.

But the Learner's dictionaries introduced in recent decades use very simple and limited words in their definitions.

For examples, the Longman Dictionary of contemporary English uses its defining vocabulary of just 2,000 common words to explain its 2,07,000 words and phrases.

The Macmillan English Dictionary for Advanced Learners uses 2,500 ordinary words to define its 1,00,000 - old entries. The Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary also uses simple words to explain its words and phrases.

All of them are good for college students. The widespread use of bilingual (English-Malayalam) dictionaries is said to be a reason for the dwindling standard of English. Students should think in English as much as possible, says Basheer Kotta, an English teacher at Farook College, Feroke.

But there are teachers who advise that students can keep a bilingual dictionary on hand as a supportive tool, but a monolingual dictionary should be the main reference.

Mr.Basheer says a good dictionary like the Oxford Concise, the Chambers or the Collins can stimulate an interest in students for the English language." Constants use of dictionary will be of immense help, he says adding that the habit should from school days.

For most of us, the word Oxford spells authority about language. The 20-volume Oxford English Dictionary (OED)- a colossal, epic work in 21,730 pages- is the accepted authority on the evolution of the English language over the last millennium. It is "the greatest continuing work of scholarship that this (20th) century has produced."

It is the most complete dictionary of the English language, and perhaps the greatest dictionary in any language, OED defines 6,15,100 words using 2,436,600 quotations. Shakespeare alone is quoted 33,300 times in OED, and his play Hamlet is quoted in 1,600 places, making the Prince of Denmark the most quoted single work of an author.

Shorter Oxford English Dictionary, unrivalled resource of two volumes for the study of the development and use of Modern English, is the next largest book from the Oxford stable. The Oxford Dictionary of English (formerly New Oxford Dictionary of English) is the biggest single-volume dictionary from Oxford. Despite the controversies it kicked up for its unorthodox choices, including being permissive on split infinitives, this recent dictionary has been highly rated.

Concise Oxford Dictionary, with its latest edition carrying 2,40,000 words and phrases, is yet another prestigious lexicon from Oxford. The name Webster's has become a synonym for American Dictionary.

Webster's Third New International Dictionary, Unabridged, is an authority on the English language. So is Webster's 11th Collegiate Dictionary.

Random House Webster's Unabridged Dictionary (formerly the Random House Unabridged Dictionary) with 3,15,000 commands high authority in the language. The name Webster's continues to be a powerful and lucartive marketing tool today. So many dictionaries of varied size and quality have been called Webster's that the name no longer has any specific brand meaning.

Random House dictionaries are now called Random House Webster's, and Microsoft's Encarta World English Dictionary is now Encarta Webster's Dictionary. Chambers Dictionary (10th edition) contains many more dialectal, archaic, unconventional and eccentric words than its rival.

Though not as user-friendly as Oxford Dictionary of English or Collins English Dictionary of English Dictionary, Chambers is prized by people with a passion for word games like scrabble and cross words. Like Samuel Johnson's ground breaking Dictionary of 1755, Chambers stands out for its wryly humorous definitions, such as "an ideal woman with none of the short-comings of married men's wives's for "bachelor's wife", and "someone free of responsibility but full of advice" for "back-seat driver"

The criticism against Chambers is that its definitions are less clearly; laid out than in the other dictionaries. Cambridge offers a dictionary for students, at all level.

For Beginners, Cambridge offers Essential English Dictionary; for intermediate level, it has Learner's Dictionary and for higher students. Cambridge suggests its Advanced learner's Dictionary.

The Collins English Dictionary (8th edition) boasts of clutter-free design and attractive typeface in colour. It offers a contemporaneous and historical literary blend that can satisfy most requirements from the common reader to the esoteric academic. In comparison with the Oxford, Chambers or Webster's, Collins is more aesthetically pleasing.

The latest edition of Collins Consise Dictionary includes links to thousands of Websites, and is the only Dictionary in consise format with encylopaedic entries for people, places, regions and ideas. Collins Essential English dictionary is also popular among school students.

The Penguin English Dictionary is good and less expensive, but it contains fewer words than the others.

Collins also offers three dictionaries in its Cobuild series exclusively for leaners of English: The students Dictionary, The Learner's Dictionary (Consise Edition), and the English Dictionary for Advanced Learners.

Cobuild is an acronym for Collins Birmingaham University International Language Databasea corpus containing many British and American newspapers, books, television programmes, real-life conversations and so on.

WHAT ENDEAR COLLINS COBUILD TO OUR STUDENTS ARE ITS DEFINITIONS.

The are full sentences from everyday life, not phrases invented by editors. The definitions do not simply tell you what a word means; they tell you how to use it - in what phrases, in what grammar structures; and in what context.

Providing words we need at our fingertips, all publishers have small dictionaries in different names. Collins, for example, has Pocket Dictionary, Express English Dictionary, and Gem English Dictionary. Oxford has Mini Dictionary, Little Oxford Dictionary, and Pocket Dictionary.

Pocket dictionaries are ideal for students to carry in their bags or pockets.

"I do carry one to college, and keep a desk dictionary at home," says, Marshida C.K., final-year M.A. English student at Farook College.

THE LEADING ONES

Some key dictionaries are listed below:

- The Oxford English Dictionary (20 volumes, 22,000 pages).
- Shorter Oxford English Dictionary (2 volumes, 3,793 pages).
- Oxford Dictionary of English (2,110 pages, 355,000 words).
- Concise Oxford English Dictionary (11th Edition, 240,000 words).
- Websters's Third New Inter National Dictionary (450,000 entries).
- Random house webster's unabridged Dictionary (315,000 entries).
- Webster's New World Dictionary (160,000 entries).
- The World Book Dictionary (2 volumes, 225,000 entries).
- Encarta Webster's Dictionary of the English Language (2nd Edition, 2,208 pages).
- The Penguin English Dictionary (2nd Edition).
- The Chambers Dictionary (10th Edition, 1,825 pages).
- Collins English Dictorary (8th Edition, 1888 pages), and
- Collins Cobuild English Dictorary for Advanced Learners
- The Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictorary (7th Edition, 180,000 words).
- Langman Dictonary of Contemporary English (3rd Edition, 1722 pages).
- Macmillan English Dictionary for Advanced Learners of English (100,000 References).

(Courtesy: 'The Hindu' - Education Plus)